The New-York Times.

VOL. XXIV.......NO. 7207. NEW-YORK, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 22, 1874. PRICE FOUR CENTS.

THE CIVIL WAR IN SPAIN.

A VISIT TO BIARRITZ.

RAINY WEATHER—A PECULIAR CONVEYANCE—THE ROAD TO BIARRITZ—APPEARANCE OF THE FAMOUS WATERING PLACE.

From Our Special Correspondent.

BAYONNE, Sunday, Oct. 4, 1874.

Exception may possibly be taken to "a visit to Biarritz" having any thing to do with the "Civil War in Spain." I do not mean to argue that it has, but being detained here for a few days waiting for my Carlist passport, &c., before crossing the frontier, I filled up my spare time this morning by paying a visit to the little French watering-place of which we heard so much previous to, and during the Franco-German war, the late Emperor having taken considerable pains and spent large sums of money with a view to render it as attractive a place as possible. In this attempt his Majesty has lamentably failed, for whatever there is about Biarritz of an attractive character—and that is little enough—is due to nature and not to art. In short, with the exception of the sea, the whole place is what *Punch* calls "picturesquely ugly."

Since I reached Bayonne it has not ceased raining, to my knowledge, for two hours together, and I did not think it likely, last evening, when I told the *garçon* to book me a place for the following morning in the diligence for Biarritz, that it would be anything but wet weather on the morrow, consequently I took a place in the *banquette*, so as to be under cover, instead of securing the box seat, as I should certainly have done had there been any prospect of fine weather. At 12 o'clock this morning I took my place in the diligence, having reached my seat by climbing a ladder some eight or ten feet high. *En passant*, I may say a word or two about these coaches. They are in shape something like a Broadway street-car, cut in half in the centre, and the halves placed one on top of the other, bearing a resemblance to a two-storied house on wheels. The upper portion, however, is made of leather, so that in case of fine weather—if such a thing is ever met with in Bayonne—the sides and top can be removed. I am assured that it is a rare occurrence for these diligences to be upset, which is a matter of surprise to me, as they appear very rickety constructions, and, owing to the inequalities of the roads, they sway from side to side like a ship in a rolling sea.

Our driver, who is a Basque, wearing a flat cap not unlike a Highlander's bonnet, has mounted his box, arranged his oilskin coat on his shoulders, pulled the hood over his head, and, with grunts and groans which remind one of the noises made by passengers in an Atlantic steamer who are suffering from sea-sickness, he starts his horses and we are off. Turning the corner of the Rue du Government, we dash across the Place d'Armes, our jehu cracking his whip with a sound like the explosion of a pistol, while the bells round the horses' necks jingle merrily. We traverse about 500 yards of the Allée Marine, and then turning the corner so quickly that for a moment the diligence seems as if it were going to capsize, we find ourselves in the Rue de Biarritz, a road well worthy of a few lines by way of describing its appearance. Stretching in a direct line in front of us, the perspective—caused by the vista of tall poplar trees which are planted on both sides of the thoroughfare—is so good that the road appears to end in a sharp point some three miles ahead. At this distance it looks as if it were nearly level, but we soon find we are mistaken in supposing it to be so, for the country through which it passes consists of a series of small hills, the descent of which causes the driver to apply the brake so suddenly that it makes the old diligence creak again in a manner suggestive of its disapproval of the entire proceeding. To the left we see the blue Pyrenees, the lower mountains looking, if possible, more majestic than they do on a fine day, as their outline is clearly defined against the light gray clouds which form the background. Some of the higher mountains are surrounded with a white, hazy mist near their summits, which makes them look as if they were covered with snow. Now the misty curtain is lifted for a moment, and, assuming the most fantastic shapes imaginable, rolls away in the distance. It is but for an instant, though, that the tops of the higher mountains are visible, for the fleecy clouds of moisture return almost immediately, and once more rest upon the mountain tops. The middle distance between the road upon which we are traveling and the Pyrenees is filled in with a range of "baby Pyrenees"—if I may be allowed to use the term—which, by comparison with the grand range behind them, resemble mere mole-hills. In the foreground are highly-cultivated fields of beet, Indian corn, water-melons, and occasionally vines, numerous market gardens, and flower gardens lining the whole route.

At the end of the long avenue through which we have been traveling for the last twenty minutes, the Pyrenees are lost to view, and the chief feature of the landscape is gone, as the road now turns to the right, and winds between two low hills until reaching Biarritz. Upon approaching the little town one is at once struck with the magnificence of some of the houses which have been built there within the last ten or fifteen years. Many of these houses, however, are *à louer*, and are likely to remain so. There is no Emperor at Biarritz now, and its day may well be said to have gone by. Possibly, when Napoleon was stopping here, these houses were all occupied—occupied with the busy crowd of "office-seekers" who, like moths, were ever fluttering round the light of the Imperial Court. Poor moths, poor Emperor, your day, too, has gone by.

Dismounting from the diligence I strolled past the Casino and gambling-houses in the direction of the beach, where the white-crested waves of the Bay of Biscay—that bugbear to outward and homeward bound passengers to India—come rolling in in grand style, forming along the little beach a shining carpet of foam glittering in the sun—which for one moment has broken through the clouds like a sheet of frosted silver. I cross a rustic bridge, pass the aquarium, over the walls of which the white spray of the waves is flying in every direction, and walk out upon the rocks to have a look at the coast of Spain stretching away to the left. One glance is enough; the ugly rock-bound land in sight offers but few attractions. To the right, at the other side of the little bay, is a promontory of land, at the end of which is a light-house; while behind stretches the little town, consisting of small, third-rate shops and dwelling-houses, palatial private residences—most of which are empty—one or two hotels, a *casino*, a few *cafés*, where bad brandy and worse beer can be obtained; and lastly, the worst feature about this little town—which would have been still possibly attractive if man would have allowed it to remain so—the gambling saloons, where, in spite of laws to the contrary, large sums of money may be lost and won.

Most of the French visitors have left Biarritz for the season, and the town is now principally occupied by Russian, English, and Spanish visitors, the former nationality largely predominating. It seems strange that the Russians should come so great a distance from their own country to spend a few weeks at a little place like this. I cannot account for their liking to it, but certain it is that on the little promenade after church this morning I heard *sdrasdovité* (good day) quite as frequently as *bon jour* (good morning,) or *buenos dios*. I wonder it the gambling has anything to do with it.

There is a pretty little church at Biarritz, posted over the portal of which, in a most conspicuous place, were one or two large yellow placards, announcing the sale of a yacht which is to take place in a few days.

Although it is Sunday the billiard tables and cafés are doing a fair trade, for there are numerous excursionists here from Bayonne which gives the little beach some slight resemblance to a miniature Long Branch on a Sunday afternoon in August. Later on, I am told, the gambling-saloons will be opened, but in spite of this I am not tempted to remain longer; so, taking the next diligence back to Bayonne, I reach the hotel in time for *table d'hôte*, taking away with me from Biarritz an impression of by no means a favorable character.

OCT. 5.

Don Carlos has gone to Logrono, about thirty miles to the south of Estella. The head-quarters of the army are still at Puerte del Reina. A special telegram to the *Voix de la Patrie* of to-day states that the Carlists have succeeded in evading the surveillance of the fleet, and have landed six cannon, 4,000 guns, and 500,000 cartridges at Motrico. Although assured by a Carlist gentleman here, who is in a position to obtain reliable information, that there can be no doubt of the truth of their statement, I accept it *cum grano salis*, as the paper containing it is a strong supporter of Don Carlos.

The Republicans have vacated the position they held near Estella, and are being pursued by some of Don Carlos' troops.

THE SWING CASE.

PROCEEDINGS IN THE NORTHERN ILLINOIS SYNOD YESTERDAY.

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 21.—In the Presbyterian Synod of Northern Illinois, to-day, Mr. J. M. Linn asked and obtained leave to enter a protest against the reception of the appeal of Prof. Patton from the decision of the Chicago Presbytery in the Swing case. The protest sets forth the points made by Rev. Mr. Noyes in his speech yesterday, and quotations from from the legal synodical proceedings to show that the appeal is unprecedented and illegal. After reading the protest the Clerk called the names of Swing and Patton, when the latter responded, but the former was not in the house. Rev. Mr. Noyes was appointed to represent him, but declined to serve. Dr. Patterson, E. C. Sickles, C. L. Thompson, Mr. Trowbridge, S. H. Weller, and others were successively appointed, but all refused, most of them on conscientious grounds. Finding that nine of Prof. Swing's friends would defend him in the case, the synod appointed Rev. Reuben Frame, an old gentleman whose eyesight is so much impaired that the testimony will have to be read to him. He has been a stanch supporter of Prof. Patton during the controversy. Prof. Patton commenced his speech this afternoon, and has the floor to-morrow morning. Prof. Swing's friends in the synod have asked to be excused from further attendance in the case, but the request has been refused.

THE ALABAMA MURDERS.

ARRESTS IN SUMTER COUNTY FOR CONSPIRACY TO INJURE A UNITED STATES DETECTIVE.

MOBILE, Ala., Oct. 21.—Thomas B. Wetmore, a lawyer of Livingston, Ala., (a nephew of the late George E. Badger, formerly United States Senator from North Carolina,) Stephen Smith, his client, and John Little, colored, arrived in Mobile this afternoon under guard, charged with conspiracy to injure Detective Hester. They were arrested during the session of the Circuit Court of Sumter County, which is about 200 miles from Mobile. Upon their delivery to the United States Marshal here, they were released on parole to appear before Commissioner Gillette to-morrow. The warrant for their arrest was issued by a Commissioner residing at the place of arrest, and was made returnable in Mobile before a different Commissioner.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Oct. 21.—Thomas Hendon, of Lee County, a farmer, has been arrested by a United States Marshal for intimidating a negro. The offense was discharging the negro from his employ on account of laziness.

A letter to the *Advertiser* from a most prominent citizen of Alabama says: "Martial law prevails in Sumter County. In point of fact, Hester and Beach, United States detectives, command the military and arrest without warrant."

DETECTIVES ARRESTED FOR PROTECTING SWINDLERS.

RICHMOND, Va., Oct. 21.—Detectives W. F. Knox and John Wren, of the Richmond Police, were arrested to-night on a bench-warrant issued by Judge Guigon, of the Hustings Court, charging them with being accessories after the fact in the swindling of James M. Fowlkes, who was mulcted of $510 by the gamblers, who induced him to stake his money in a bogus lottery scheme. Dull, one of the gamblers, applied for bail, under a writ of habeas corpus, to-day, and the evidence elicited showed that the detectives endeavored to screen the gamblers; hence their arrest. Dull was refused bail.

THE LEPINE TRIAL.

FORT GARRY, Manitoba, Oct. 21.—At the Lepine trial yesterday, much of the evidence attempted to be given by Ex-President Bruce was hearsay, and would not be received. Many of the statements in his published letters some time ago, were of this description, and many additions were made by the translator, B. Charrettes. The evidence to-day closed the case for the Crown for the present.

Thomas Bunn, M. P. P., was the first witness for the defense. The evidence had relation to the meetings of the Council of Assiniboine, the formation of the Provincial Government, and the choosing of French and English delegates. Messrs. Bannatyne, Nolan, Page, Marion, and Dumes were also examined to-day.

EXTENSIVE PRAIRIE AND TIMBER FIRE IN INDIANA.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., Oct. 21.—The fire which has been burning five miles west and south-west of this city on the prairie and in the woods now assumes a serious aspect. It is estimated that nearly 10,000 acres of prairie and timber land is burning on the line of the Toledo, Wabash and Western Railway, which causes a dense smoke to settle over the city and surrounding country, making it nearly as dark as night in the middle of the day, and rendering breathing difficult. It is feared that the fire may reach the city if rain do not soon come.

THE FAIR IN ATLANTA.

ATLANTA, Ga., Oct. 21.—It is estimated that more persons attended the fair to-day than have ever attended a fair in Georgia. Fifteen thousand people were on the grounds. The military contest was the affair of the day. Thursday and Friday will be the most important days.

WASHINGTON.

THE SAFE-BURGLARS AND THEIR ALLEGED ACCOMPLICES.

NETTLESHIP STILL AT LARGE—DR. HAYDEN'S EXPEDITION—RETURN OF THE PHOTOGRAPHER—A MOUNTAIN JUST DISCOVERED, HIGHER THAN ANY YET MEASURED.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.—The trial of the safe-burglars proceeds slowly, only seven jurors having been thus far obtained. Nettleship has not yet been arrested, but it is supposed he will be secured in a day or two. He cannot now be tried with the other parties, but must stand alone. A question may possibly be raised as to the character of the crime should the persons, or any of them, who have been indicted be convicted. It has been supposed that the offense would be classed only as a misdemeanor, punishable by fine only, but the attempt may be made to have the crime classed as a felony, under recent statutes, and punished by imprisonment. It seems impossible that there should not now be obtained a full and thorough trial, although the lawyers on both sides have taken pains to pave the way for endless litigation.

EXPLORATION.

Mr. Jackson, the photographer of Dr. Hayden's Exploring Expedition, returned yesterday from the field where he has labored during the Summer. He reports that the season has been fruitful of good results in securing an unusually large and interesting collection of negatives. Mr. Jackson's party traveled eighteen hundred miles with their pack train, averaging about twenty miles per day during the season. They penetrated a tract of country hitherto unknown except to a few bold prospecters, and discovered several unknown ruins of cities similar to those found in various portions of the South-west. He reports the measuring of a nameless peak by one of Dr. Hayden's parties, which the barometrical readings indicate is a few feet higher than any previously-measured mountain of North America. The other parties are yet in the field, and will remain till driven in by the approach of Winter.

Dispatch to the Associated Press.

THE SUPREME COURT—COTTON TAX CASES—THE GRANGER CASES.

The Supreme Court, it is expected, will to-morrow take up several of the cotton tax cases, the question being whether the tax levied on the cotton trade during the war by the Treasury Department, under the authority of the President, is constitutional. The claimants allege that a Federal tax can only be laid by Congress, and that a Treasury regulation is not valid as a means of enforcing a tax. Motions were submitted to advance the Wisconsin Grangers' cases, and it is probable that a day will be fixed for hearing them on Monday next. These questions involve the power of a State to regulate railroad traffic.

ANNUAL REPORT OF JUDGE TABOR, THE FOURTH AUDITOR.

Judge Tabor, Fourth Auditor, has transmitted his annual report for the last fiscal year to the Secretary of the Treasury. Navy accounts are audited in this office. In the division of Paymaster's and marine accounts during the past year 552 accounts were received and 494 settled, involving the disbursement of $21,057,827. The letters received were 1,560, and sent 1,974. The number of cash vouchers examined, exclusive of pay and mechanics' rolls, bills of exchange, &c., were 13,865. The accounts prepared for suit against delinquent paymasters, and sent to the Solicitor of the Treasury were 9. A statement in the New-York *Tribune* of Oct. 20 that leniency has been shown delinquent paymasters is incorrect. Proceedings are instituted as expeditiously as can be done. In the Navy Pension Division, which settles accounts of pension agents, 236 accounts were received, and 314 were settled involving an expenditure of $660,392. The letters received were 491, and 506 were written. In the Record Division the letters received and keyed in were 17,489; letters written and keyed out were 20,452; the letters recorded were 10,219; the letters filed were 11,891; the letters referred were 215; the letters indexed were 16,457; the names indexed and double indexed were 29,459; dead letters registered, 316: letters written in this division, 570. In the Prize-money and Miscellaneous Division, there were 104 prize lists received, and 103 apportioned, involving an amount of $716,610. There were 5,806 letters received, and 7,242 letters written. The claims received were 2,285, and the claims settled were 1,509, involving an amount of $240,023. The dead letters registered were 205, and the checkages against account, 113. In the General Claim Division the claims received were 2,042, and 1,868 were settled, involving the amount of $220,886. The letters written were 5,735. Applications were received for pensions, 446; for bounty lands, 26, and for admission to the Naval Asylum, 17. In the Navy Agents' Division 256 accounts were received, and 249 were settled, involving the amount of $10,693,005. The letters received were 1,997, and 1,775 were written. The allotments registered were 796, and 771 were discontinued. The amount paid on all allotments was $204,397. In the book-keepers' division 1,983 pay requisitions were passed, involving an amount of $38,807,099. The repay requisitions passed were 199, involving the amount of $7,601,801. The letters received were 1,641, and 2,840 were written. The accounts received were 40, and the same number was settled. The summary statements entered were 452.

NEWSPAPER POSTAGE STAMPS.

President Stewart of the Continental Bank Note Company, to-day submitted to the Postmaster General designs for stamps for use in connection with the new law relating to postage on newspapers, periodicals, and other publications.

APPOINTMENTS.

Thomas Savage has been appointed to be United States Attorney for the Southern District of Florida; Edward M. Tesson has been appointed tobacco inspector for the First District of Missouri.

NAVY ORDERS.

Lieut. William H. Everett is ordered to the New York Navy-yard; Ensigns J. L. Hunsicker and H. C. Nye, to the coast survey.

PERSONAL.

Commissioner Smith, of the Indian Bureau, returned this morning from a visit of inspection to the Indians in the State of New York.

THE STAMPED ENVELOPE CONTRACT.

HARTFORD, Conn., Oct. 21.—The Plympton Envelope Company will be able to carry out their contract for stamped envelopes to Postmaster General Jewell's satisfaction. They are constantly adding new machinery and employ two sets of hands, running twenty-four hours a day, including Sunday, to catch up with the orders. They will this afternoon commence the delivery of the first order of 400,000 envelopes of all denominations, colors, and sizes, to be distributed to 150 different post offices. The registration department is in charge of General Agent H. T. Sperry. Gen. Boyd, in temporary charge of the stamp agency, returns to New-York to-morrow. An experienced clerk is detailed from the department in Washington for this department. Special Agent Cheney is now here making arrangements for railway service in transporting the envelopes to their destination.

THE MILFORD BANK ROBBERY.

MILFORD, N. H., Oct. 21.—The accounts of the Souhegan Bank have been thoroughly investigated, and it turns out that the total loss to that institution is $40,000. This amount, with the losses to private individuals, swells the whole amount taken to $120,000. The Directors met this morning, and offered a reward of $5,000 for the apprehension and conviction of the desperadoes. The board also voted to resume business at once. The loss the bank has sustained will not impair its capital of $100,000, but it will effectually use up its surplus. Detectives have discovered no trace of the thieves, who, it is believed, have gone across the country to New-York.

THE SAFE BURGLARY CONSPIRACY.

OPENING OF THE TRIAL OF HARRINGTON, WILLIAMS, AND WHITELY, IN WASHINGTON—SEVEN JURORS OBTAINED.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.—The Criminal Court this morning resumed the consideration of the safe-burglary conspiracy case. Mr. Hinkle, counsel for Whitely, read the first plea in abatement raised by him yesterday, to the effect that the Grand Jury which found the alleged true bill against his client and others was not legally constituted, the jurors not having been selected in accordance with the law. Judge Humphrey said he would treat this plea as naught, because of its duplicity, and because it did not present a single question upon which a direct issue on the demurrer could be had. Other pleas were read questioning the mode of drawing jurors, and asserting that the law required the summoning of twenty-three Grand Jurors, whereas only nineteen were in attendance. The court sustained the demurrer against the plea on the ground that the plea did not set forth that only nineteen persons were summoned. The law did not require that every person serving as a Grand Juror should appear. If this were so the court could never have a full Grand Jury. Several of the points raised were presented for argument, including the question that three of the Grand Jurors were not legally qualified to serve, not being taxpayers, and that the names were not drawn from the box in pursuance of law. Assistant Attorney General Hill said he would stake his professional reputation on the assertion that the law did not require jurors to be taxpayers. He expressed the anxiety of the Government to proceed with the trial of these cases without unnecessary delay. The Judge remarked the law required every accused person to be tried according to the forms of law, and, as far as he was advised, no person should be tried otherwise. The Judge said the issue was joined as to the drawing from a box of the names of persons to serve as jurors. The names were drawn by E. J. Middleton, Assistant Clerk of the court, and this would be shown by the evidence. Mr. Davidge, for Harrington and Williams, with the consent of Hinkle, amended the plea so as to make it appear that the Clerk of the court did not, in the presence of the Commissioners, break the seal of the box publicly and draw therefrom the names of the persons to serve as jurors. The Judge, for the reasons given, sustained the demurrer. Mr. Davidge, in behalf of Messrs. Whitely, Harrington, and Williams, filed exceptions to the ruling of the court. The Judge said the record would show when read that the accused had been arraigned and pleaded not guilty.

The jury were then called. The Judge, in response to a suggestion of Mr. Davidge respecting the selection of jurors, said he would be governed by the course of Judges Crouch, Marshall, and Taney, and would conform himself to the usages in the Federal courts. Seven jurors were selected from the regular panel, when twenty-five talesmen were ordered to be summoned, from whom to select the remainder of the jury. The jurors thus far chosen are: T. P. Johnston, foreman; R. P. Manny, R. A. Griffin, R. P. Thompson, Joseph K. Thompson, Richard S. Smith, and W. H. Craig.

Harrington, Williams, and Whitely are the only parties on trial.

JAPAN.

CHANGES IN THE DIPLOMATIC SERVICE—FRANCE PRESSING THE DEMAND FOR THE OPENING OF THE ENTIRE EMPIRE—THE FORMOSA DIFFICULTY.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 21.—The steamer Japan brings Yokohama dates to Sept. 29.

The arrangements for diplomatic missions have been slightly changed. Nyene Kagrouon goes to London instead of Paris. Sameshima, now in France, will remain as long as his health will allow. Aoki Sinzo, formerly Chargé at Berlin, is promoted to the rank of Envoy. Yosida goes to Washington.

Chili has sent to Japan requesting contributions to the International Exposition to be held there in 1875.

The French Government at present takes the lead in pushing the demand for the opening of the entire Empire. The correspondence shows a vehement disposition to wrest this concession from Japan in spite of all remonstrances.

The Mikado gave a breakfast on the 22d instant to all foreign diplomats at his own residence. This was the first entertainment at which the sovereign has freely mingled with foreign guests and received them at his table.

The largest review of troops yet seen in Yeddo took place on the 19th, in one of the suburbs of Yeddo. About 10,000 infantry, artillery, and cavalry were inspected by the Mikado and his uncle, Fuesirie no Miejo, who has been raised to the rank of General in the army, and in case of hostilities with China, is to be appointed to the chief command.

Minister Avery sailed from Yokohama for Shanghai on the 24th.

Takaki and Tomita, appointed Consuls at San Francisco and New-York, respectively, will start for their posts by the next American mail.

Affairs between Japan and China remain precisely as they were. Yokohama papers contain positive announcements of war, and equally positive announcements of a perfect understanding, all of which are unauthorized. The highest patriotic spirit is exhibited throughout the country. Nobles have offered a large portion of their revenues to the Government. The populace of every province are forming into volunteer regiments, and the mercantile class has expressed its desire to serve both by contributions and in the field, in case war should be declared.

TERRIFIC BOILER EXPLOSION—FIVE MEN INJURED.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 21.—A few minutes past 12 o'clock this morning a large boiler in the rolling mill of George Coats & Brothers, at Locust Point, exploded with terrible effect, demolishing the boiler-house, which was a solid brick structure, and the great brick smoke-stack, over seventy feet high. Five men were seriously injured, two of them probably fatally. The fire communicated to a two-story brick stable near by, which was destroyed. The loss amounts to about $6,000; no insurance. Several hundred men are temporarily thrown out of employment on account of the damage to the mill.

NAVIGATING THE GULF AND RIVER ST. LAWRENCE IN WINTER.

QUEBEC, Oct. 21.—At a special meeting of the Council of the Board of Trade of Levis, the following resolution was unanimously passed:

"That this council, after hearing explanations by William Sewell on the possibility of navigating the Gulf and River St. Lawrence, from Quebec to the sea, during the Winter months, believe that navigation can be accomplished by steam with comparative ease and safety. The council therefore trusts that the Dominion Government will take into serious consideration a question of such paramount importance, in which the whole Confederation is in the greatest degree interested."

PRESBYTERIAN SYNOD IN BALTIMORE.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 21.—The Synod of Baltimore, comprehending the Presbyterian Churches connected with the Church North in Maryland, Virginia, Delaware, and part of West Virginia, met in this City at the First Presbyterian Church last evening. Over 100 delegates were present. Rev. D. C. Marquis was elected Moderator for the ensuing year. The session will continue several days.

SIGMA CHI FRATERNITY.

RICHMOND, Va., Oct. 21.—The biennial session of the Sigma Chi Fraternity of the United States convened here to-day. Delegates are present from nearly all the Southern and Western States.

POLITICAL AFFAIRS.

ADDRESS FROM THE REPUBLICAN STATE COMMITTEE.

To the Republican Electors of the State of New-York:

FELLOW CITIZENS: You are called upon to save New-York from a threatened peril. Unexpected successes elsewhere have encouraged your opponents. They hope that the apathy which gave them Ohio and Indiana will give them New-York. It is for you to demonstrate the fallacy of this hope by the efficiency and zeal with which you enter upon the work before you.

On other memorable occasions, when other States have faltered and fallen, you have plucked victory from defeat, and saved the Republic. As you have done, you can do. You have the numerical strength, and it but requires that that strength should now be concentrated at the ballot-box.

A full vote is the guarantee of Republican victory. With such a vote now New-York will still hold her proud position among the Republican States of the Union. But this vote can only be secured through systematic effort in every county, town, and school district in the State. And we appeal to you, fellow-citizens, to see to it that this effort is made. If it shall be, a victory as signal as any you have ever achieved will be your reward.

Your candidates deserve your suffrages. The record of their official acts demonstrates their patriotism and fidelity. Every pledge has been scrupulously met. Every obligation has been conscientiously regarded, and every duty has been faithfully discharged. Their personal integrity is unimpeached, and their official robes are untarnished. They are recognized, even by their enemies, as honest men, competent for the positions they have honorably filled, faithful to their trusts, and true to the people and to the principles they represent. Let us see to it that the services of such men are not lost to the State by indifference or neglect.

In guarding the present, the history of the past should not be forgotten.

The Democratic Party has been uniformly reckless and prodigal in its State and Municipal administrations, while the Republican Party can point with pride and triumph to its official record of strict accountability, economy, and thrift. When in power, the Democratic Party has squandered the revenues of the State, impaired its credit, diverted funds sacredly pledged, and bankrupted the treasury by sectarian appropriations, wasteful expenditure, and improper extra allowances to its petted partisans.

When, in 1859, a Republican succeeded a Democratic administration in this State, the canal revenues, sacredly appropriated to the payment of the public debt, had, by the incompetency and dishonesty of those in power, fallen to the small sum of $900,000 per annum. During the wise, honest, and economical administration of the canals by Republican officials, this meagre revenue reached $4,000,000 per annum; and this prosperity continued until the canals again sank back into the hands of the Democracy.

When the Democratic administration passed out of power in 1872, it left the State funds deficient in more than $6,000,000. Within two years after a Republican administration had assumed the supervision of the finances of the State this deficiency was made good, the expenses of every department of the Government were reduced, and to-day there are more than $16,000,000 in the Sinking Fund of the State.

Through the treachery and imbecility of the Democratic administration at Washington, the country was involved in a civil war, from which it was only extricated by the wisdom, patriotism, and fidelity of a Republican administration, and the valor and heroism of the brave men who met and conquered the enemy on the field of battle.

During the war, every rebel success was hailed as a Democratic victory; and now every Democratic victory is hailed with ecstasy by the still rampant rebel element of the Southern States. Democratic success in New-York would embolden the Kuklux and White League secret organizations to push to still greater excesses their murderous raids upon the helpless and unprotected freedmen and the patriotic whites of that still distracted section of the Union. The peace of the whole country would be endangered, and all the beneficent fruits of the war would be fatally imperiled.

With these records fresh in our memory, and with contemporary events which justify the most serious apprehensions in regard to the future, shall we again hazard the prosperity of the State and the stability of the Union by restoring to power the men and the party by whose dishonesty, incompetency, and treachery these evils were brought upon us? To do so would prove us false to our country, and unworthy the sacred trust transmitted to us by the fathers, whose memories we revere, and whose virtues we would imitate.

Fellow-citizens, we have now reached the hour for action. Your brethren in other States look to you with confidence and hope. They remember your timely victories in the past, and anticipate an equally cheering victory now. Let them not be disappointed. Give the few days which remain to preparation. Perfect your voting lists. Select your vigilance committees. Provide means to bring out your remote and tardy voters. Where the work of registration is not yet completed, see to it that the name of every Republican is registered, and that all improperly or fraudulently enrolled names are erased. In the rural districts, take care that no illegal vote is cast. Challenge in every case of doubt. Let no vote be lost. Push on the column. Work for success, and victory will reward your patriotic efforts.

E. D. MORGAN,
Chairman Republican State Committee.

DEMOCRATIC CONGRESSIONAL NOMINATIONS DECLINED.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Oct. 21.—Hon. George H. Browne has recalled his acceptance of the Democratic nomination for Congress in the Second District and declines to be considered a candidate.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Oct. 21.—Samuel Rindskoff, the Democratic candidate for Congress in the Fourth District, has withdrawn. The committee has substituted William Pitt Lynde.

THE MISSOURI SUPREME COURT NOMINATIONS.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 21.—W. J. Howell and Louis Houck having withdrawn as candidates for the Supreme Court on the People's State ticket, Samuel Ensworth, of St. Joseph, for the long term, and Peter E. Bland, of St. Louis, to fill vacancy, have been substituted for them by the People's State Committee.

ASSEMBLY NOMINATION IN THE FIRST ORANGE DISTRICT.

NEWBURG, N. Y., Oct. 21.—The temperance men of the First Assembly District of Orange County this afternoon nominated Thomas Caldwell, of Newburg, for the Assembly.

THE COMING ELECTION IN NEVADA.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 21.—The excitement over election matters in Nevada continues high. Parties are so divided and mixed up that it is difficult to predict the result.

RENOMINATION OF MR. BUFFINTON, OF MASSACHUSETTS.

BOSTON, Mass., Oct. 21.—James Buffinton, of Fall River, has been renominated for Congress by the Republicans of the First District.

NOTES.

Judge Kelley is to speak upon the proposed Canadian Reciprocity Treaty in Philadelphia on the 28th inst.

Hon. Franklin Corwin, candidate for Congress in the Seventh District of Illinois, is too ill to take part in the canvass.

The Parkersburg (West Va.) *Times* refuses to concede the election of the Democratic candidate for Congress in the First District of that State.

Eighty-two counties in Iowa give Young, Republican, 24,665 majority, a gain of about 7,000 over Gov. Carpenter's majority last year. The remaining sixteen counties gave Carpenter 7,002 votes; Vale, 2,492, and will make Mr. Young's majority fully 30,000.

Congressman Amos Clark, of the New-Jersey Third District, has explicitly declared himself opposed to a third term for the President.

The Elizabeth, (N. J.) *Journal* expresses the opinion that nothing but supreme necessity would make a third term other than the murder of the country's liberties.

Hon. John Nice has declined, on account of business engagements, the Republican nomination for re-election to the Assembly in the Fourth District of Erie County.

The official canvass shows that L. L. Ainsworth, the Granger candidate, has been elected to Congress, in the Third District of Iowa, by 63 majority over Cyrus T. Granger, Republican, which shows the difference between being a Granger by name and in principle.

A bill introduced in the Assembly of Oregon, reciting that the question of sex was not to interfere with the qualifications of voters, after being allowed to go to a third reading, was lost upon a call of yeas and nays, by 46 to 13. The minority was made up of Republicans and Independents, with one Democrat.

The woman suffrage advocates in California have succeeded in obtaining the passage of acts allowing a married woman to make a contract for her own estate, making women eligible for all appointments under the School law for which they are not disqualified by the constitution, and making it compulsory on school boards to pay female teachers equal salaries with male teachers for similar work. These measures, they now say, are only the forerunners of the real question.

John Cochrane, Master of the State Grange of the Patrons of Wisconsin, has published an address, in which he says that the railroad managers have announced their intention to apply to the next Legislature for the repeal of the Potter law, and that, therefore, the Grangers should require of all candidates voted for by them a pledge that they will resist this demand, and will, moreover, labor to secure such additional detailed legislation as will prevent the land grants, gifts, aids, and earnings of these roads from being diverted, by the various modes which are now well understood, from the treasury of a company to the pockets of those who manage it and their friends, and thus a fictitious showing made of the real cost and earnings.

LOUISIANA.

THE GAIR SHOOTING CASE—A CIRCUMSTANTIAL ACCOUNT OF THE AFFAIR.

NEW-ORLEANS, La., Oct. 21.—The following account of the recent affair at Jackson, La., was received to-day from Mr. Law, an anti-Gair man:

"Bannon, who was in the buggy with Gair, is reported as having accidentally shot him. It is untrue that Gair was to speak in Jackson. The meeting was one of all those opposed to Gair and in the interest of white and colored. Breux and Webber were in Bayou Sara when the shooting was done. It is untrue that Breux and Webber men, armed, were parading the streets of Jackson. Gair asserted that he was going to break up the meeting. Butler and Bannon, Gair men, stopped the band from playing, fled into the assembled masses, and dispersed them early in the evening, and again at night. Six colored unarmed men were wounded by Butler and Bannon. This statement will be substantiated by Parish Judge Kilbourne and Mayor Hazard, of Jackson.

(Signed) JAMES LAW.

EFFECT OF THE FAILURE OF THE CONFERENCE TO AGREE.

NEW-ORLEANS, Oct. 21.—The failure to agree and the final adjournment of the Conference Committees at 11 o'clock last night in no way impairs the agreement heretofore made, except as to the Advisory Board, which can do nothing without an umpire. Col. Packard stated to-day that the Conservatives would be given two members of the Returning Board, as per the original agreement.

CALIFORNIA.

THE CALIFORNIA PACIFIC RAILROAD—A PETITION TO THROW THE COMPANY INTO BANKRUPTCY.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 21.—A large number of German bondholders of the California Pacific Railroad have petitioned to have that company thrown into bankruptcy, and ask the United States District Court to issue an injunction restraining the company from mortgaging or encumbering its property.

IRISH CATHOLIC BENEVOLENT UNION.

BALTIMORE, Md., Oct. 21.—The National Convention of the Irish Catholic Benevolent Union of the United States met in St. Alphonsus' Hall, Saratoga street, in this city, to-day, and organized for business. A large number of delegates were present from every section of the United States. The delegates were escorted to the hall this morning by the Hibernian Benevolent Society, No. 1, of Washington, and Georgetown, D. C., Union, St. Patrick's Society, of York, Penn., and a number of benevolent societies of this city, in full regalia, with bands of music. It is understood the principal subject of consideration before the body will be the advancement of the cause of benevolence through the organization of societies, and also the protection of immigrants arriving in the United States. The delegates this morning attended the Cathedral in a body, where mass was celebrated and an address delivered by Archbishop Bayley.

THE BROTHERHOOD OF LOCOMOTIVE ENGINEERS.

ATLANTA, Ga., Oct. 21.—The Grand International Division of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers met to-day. One hundred and fifty delegates were present. A welcome was tendered to them by the Governor of the State and the Mayor of the city. The reports show that the order is in a flourishing condition.

SEARCH FOR A MURDERED MAN.

POTTSVILLE, Penn., Oct. 21.—Citizens are still searching on the mountain for the body of Lesher, reported murdered near Frackville this morning. No other trace than the hatchet, revolver, and blood near his wagon has been found. Recently he effected an insurance on his life for $50,000, and yesterday paid the premium on the policy in Pottsville.

The last seen of him was at St. Clair, in the evening, where he borrowed a revolver, remarking that he had forgotten his own, and had more money with him than usual.

BY MAIL AND TELEGRAPH.

The internal revenue receipts yesterday were $325,210.

At a game of base-ball played in Philadelphia yesterday, between the Philadelphias and Athletics, the former were victorious, by a score of 11 to 3.

Phelps, the defaulting cashier, was taken to the Penitentiary yesterday. On entering, he remarked that his counsel told him he would have him back to the jail inside of ten days.

William Gould, of Albany, the law-book publisher, who was struck with paralysis while on the witness stand on Tuesday, still lies in a semi-conscious state.

Col. Frederick D. Grant and bride arrived at St. Louis yesterday, and took rooms at the Lindell Hotel. They spent the day at the old homestead, a few miles from the city. They will remain in the city several days.

At a meeting of the Directors of the Evansville and Crawfordsville Railroad, yesterday, Joseph Collett was elected Director, vice George K. Steele, who declined re-election. Otherwise the board is unchanged.

At Philadelphia, yesterday, the jury in the case of Francis Carlton, for the murder of his wife by beating her, brought in a verdict of murder in the second degree, with a recommendation to the mercy of the court.

LATEST NEWS BY CABLE.

SPAIN.

THE SAFETY OF THE CORRESPONDENT OF THE "TIMES" CONFIRMED—HE WAS FIRED AT, BUT ESCAPED.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

PARIS, Oct. 21.—The false report from Sir Gilbert Campbell to Minister Washburne has just been contradicted by Buckland himself. He was chased to the Bidassoa, and shot at, but crossed the river and escaped.

[The Sir Gilbert Campbell referred to above is a retired army officer, he having left the British service with the rank of captain, in 1859. It does not appear that he now holds any official position, but in common with a number of other ex-army officers, is probably near the scene of hostilities as a spectator.]

A HEAVY GALE IN ENGLAND.

GREAT DAMAGE ON THE COAST AND IN THE INTERIOR—A STEAMER ASHORE IN SCOTLAND—FOURTEEN OF THE CREW LOST—PERILOUS SITUATION OF FIFTY OTHERS ON THE WRECK.

LONDON, Oct. 21.—A heavy gale prevailed on the North of England coast last night. Telegraphic communication in that section was interrupted for some time. The gale was very destructive on the coast and in the interior, and extended to Scotland.

The steam-ship Chusan, from Glasgow, for Shanghai, was driven ashore near Ardrossan, and is going to pieces. Fourteen of the crew were washed overboard and drowned. The persons left on board, some fifty in number, took to the rigging, where they yet remain in full sight from shore. Efforts are being made to save them.

Several lives were also lost in England.

Reports from Hartlepool, Shields, Hull, and other ports, and from inland towns, bring intelligence of great damage to shipping, factories, and other property.

ADDITIONAL PARTICULARS OF THE STORM.

LONDON, Oct. 21.—The heavy storm of wind and rain of last night continued to-day throughout the North of England and in Scotland. All the rivers in that section are much swollen, the railway and telegraph lines interrupted, trees uprooted in all directions, and chimneys and walls prostrated. Many persons were injured in Edinburgh by falling bricks and other material. Three houses at Stockton-on-Tees were demolished and one person was killed. At Ayr, Scotland, twenty vessels broke adrift in the harbor, which is shallow and exposed, all of which were more or less damaged and one totally wrecked. Three persons were drowned at Deal and two at Sunderland. The Bessemer saloon steamer, lately launched and lying at Hull, dragged her anchors and ran aground, but floated off and is now adrift in the Humber. Tugs have gone to her assistance.

THE ARGENTINE REPUBLIC.

ADJOURNMENT OF CONGRESS—DEFEAT OF AN INSURGENT FORCE—REWARD FOR THE CAPTURE OF REBEL STEAMERS.

RIO JANEIRO, Oct. 21.—Advices received from Buenos Ayres to-day state that Congress closed its session yesterday. The President subsequently gave a formal reception to the diplomatic corps.

An engagement has taken place between the Government troops commanded by Rivas and the insurgents under Placa, in which the latter were defeated and their commander taken prisoner.

President Avellareda has issued a proclamation offering large rewards for the capture of rebel steamers.

The Bank of Entre Rios has suspended payments.

AN ARGENTINE REBEL STEAMER AT MONTEVIDEO.

MONTEVIDEO, Oct. 21.—A steamer belonging to the Argentine Republic insurrectionists has left here towing a vessel containing arms and ammunition for the rebels.

GREAT BRITAIN.

THE BOLTON COTTON OPERATIVES AND THEIR EMPLOYERS—IRISH RIFLEMEN.

LONDON, Oct. 21.—The arbitrator, to whom was referred the questions in dispute between the striking cotton operatives at Bolton and their employers, has decided in favor of the masters, and the proposed reduction of five per cent. in the operatives' wages goes into effect immediately.

The formation of a corps of Irish rifle volunteers is being agitated, and extensive demonstrations are being made in its favor in Ireland. A strong effort is being made to obtain the consent of the Imperial Government to the plan.

GERMANY AND DENMARK.

THE GERMAN REPLY TO THE DANISH NOTE NEITHER COURTEOUS NOR SATISFACTORY.

LONDON, Oct. 21.—A Hadersleben (Danish) newspaper denies the statement that the attitude of Germany toward Denmark relative to the recent expulsion of Danes from Schleswig has been conciliatory. The same paper declares upon what it claims to be good authority that the reply of the German Government to the representations of the Danish Minister was neither courteous nor satisfactory.

FRANCE.

DEATH OF A PRIVATE CHAPLAIN TO THE LATE NAPOLEON III.

PARIS, Oct. 21.—Monsignor Montour, formerly private chaplain to Napoleon III., is dead. He has bequeathed 150,000 francs to the Prince Imperial and the same amount to the Pope.

TURKISH COMPLICATIONS.

MONTENEGRINS ATTACKED BY TURKS IN ALBANIA.

LONDON, Oct. 21.—A party of Montenegrins were recently attacked by Turks in the province of Albania, and seventeen of them killed. The affair has created great excitement in Montenegro, and a joint commission of the two countries has been appointed to investigate it.

CENTRAL ASIA.

CRITICAL STATE OF AFFAIRS IN TURKISTAN AND KHIVA.

LONDON, Oct. 21.—The *Pall Mall Gazette* of to-day has a dispatch from St. Petersburg announcing that affairs are critical in Turkistan and Khiva. The Turcomans are growing bolder in their attacks and depredations upon the tribes friendly to Russia. The Government of the Czar has ordered the Khan of Khiva to repress the disorders, and the Khan has replied that he will carry out the instructions of the Emperor.

RUSSIA.

A CONSPIRACY DISCOVERED AT ORENBURG.

LONDON, Oct. 21.—A special dispatch to the *Pall Mall Gazette* says a conspiracy has been discovered in Orenburg, and that many arrests have been made.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

THE NOVEMBER MAGAZINES.

—The *Atlantic Monthly* contains the long-promised paper by Robert Dale Owen, in which he narrates how, in the first instance, he was led to examine the proofs, if such could be had, of a state of existence for mankind in another world after removal from this. We have reprinted this article at length, so that extended comment here is unnecessary; but we must commend it to the attention of those who have not already perused it as evidencing what seems to be a candid course of inquiry with some remarkable results. In a paper entitled "Athenian and American Life," Mr. John Fiske offers some well-considered remarks upon a few of the most prominent features of the American social standard. He draws a truthful picture, though his deductions are, we think, open to modification from an absence of allowance for all the causes which are operating to produce existing results. A people that have lived for many centuries in one spot may as certainly be described as indigenous, as can any plant which is found by the earliest traveler in an unknown land. A characteristic memorial outline of the late Prof. Jeffries Wyman, by Oliver Wendell Holmes, is particularly interesting. Dr. Holmes forms a very high estimate of his friend, but he carries his reader with him by the genial nature of his style, the variety of his illustrations, and his own hearty sympathy. If the reader does not accept the full measure of his praises he cannot fail to feel the generous appreciation of the author. In the realm of fiction we have contributions from Mr. Howells, Mr. H. James, Jr., and Miss Guernsey. Mr. Howells gives us also an excellent criticism on Mr. Parkman's histories, and, in another place is one of the most critical notices we have yet seen of the Montpensier collection of pictures, which those who are about to visit Boston for the sake of seeing them may read with advantage. Mark Twain has an amusing "True Story," and Mr. C. W. Stoddard contributes a lively sketch, which he calls "Behind the Scenes." There are also other short pieces of merit, and a continuation of Mr. Eggleston's "Rebel's Recollections." The poetical ingredients are numerous, as is customary in this magazine. They are contributed by Kate Osgood, John G. Whittier, Samuel Ward, Celia Thaxter, Hiram Rich, and Louisa Bushnell, and all are good, but two are of unusual merit. The supplementary notes—literary, artistic, and educational—fully sustain the high character of this magazine.

—The forty-ninth volume of *Harper's Monthly* is concluded with the present number, which contains at least three articles of special interest. Last month we drew attention to a paper by M. D. Conway on decorative art and architecture in England as one of considerable value upon a subject which very much needs to be cultivated among us. We have now a second upon the same subject, fully equal in merit to the former one, and having reference to the internal decorations of houses. After an appreciative notice of the abilities of the late Mr. Owen Jones, the author takes for illustration the houses of Mr. Alfred Morrison, in Carlton House-terrace, London, and Mr. Frederick Leymann, in Berkeley square. The descriptions of both are sufficiently minute, though brief, to indicate the true direction in which the most artistic styles of decoration should be sought, and notice is taken of the opening which is thereby afforded for the exercise of woman's ability. The article should be carefully read. Equal in interest, though very different in character, is a further contribution on astronomy, wherein are described the means by which measurements are made of the distances, weight, &c., of the heavenly bodies, and the manner in which light is utilized for the purpose. There are also some notes upon comets, meteors, and the stellar universe. These "Talks of an Astronomer" are plain as well as practical, and they explain very clearly many of the difficulties which are apt to occur to the mind of the general reader in perusing astronomical memoirs. The third paper which we would specially notice is a description, accompanied by good illustrations, of the Bahamas. To the many who visit Nassau in the Winter months, this will prove of much value. The season seems to have been more than usually productive of works relating to sportsmen, and, in accordance with what is judged to be a want of the time, we are presented here also with an account of some experience among the wild fowl of the West. It is well written, not without a fair element of humor, and, too, it is exceedingly well illustrated. The first of what the publishers promise shall be a series of papers on the "First Century of the Republic" is also given. We shall look for improvement in the subsequent ones. The "Rape of the Gamp" is continued, and a story entitled "Wooed by an Attaché" shows the scarcity, to which we have often before alluded, of good writers of short tales. The best of the poetical contributions is one by Joaquin Miller, entitled "The Plains—a Prophecy," and the remaining contents are of the usual kind, the editorial portion being comprehensive and varied.

—*St. Nicholas* enters upon a second volume with a greater variety and number of topics than we recollect to have seen in any of the preceding issues, although a similar feature has always been a characteristic of this magazine. There are upward of thirty separate subjects, so that we despair of either enumerating them or doing them full justice. The transit of Venus affords material for one of the most advanced articles, and there are a few notes on the "Origin of Rice," by George Lowell Austin, but generally the contributions this month are of the light order. Mr. James C. Beard supplies a very short but useful paper descriptive of the Aard-vark, an ant-eater of South Africa, a specimen of which was to be seen not long ago in the Central Park. These illustrations of the most curious of the animals in our zoological collection are valuable, and we shall like to see them continued. A visit to the Park, and a little attention devoted to the remarks of the visitors who are inspecting the animals will convince any one of the advantage of a little more information than is afforded on the spot. A short history of the Venus of Milo is instructive to young readers; so, too, in a different way is a good story, to be completed in the next number, of Russian Life, by C. A. Stephens. But, as we have hinted, the leading object this time is amusement rather than instruction, an arrangement to which the children will most likely not make objection. The illustrations are, as they always have been, excellent.

—"The Great South," which has long formed a prominent feature in *Scribner's*, is this month continued in a paper entitled "Pictures of Florida," and the title is well justified, both by pen and pencil. Mr. King touches lightly and pleasantly upon the history of this portion of our country, replete as it is with incidents of interest and vicissitude; but his pictures of the scenery, climate, and luxuries of life in the peninsula are the most striking. They appear in glowing colors, full of light, and seductive enough to make us all wish in these Autumnal days for the privilege of a few months' sojourn near Jacksonville. Any idea that may possibly prevail as to Florida being beyond the amenities of civilization is quite cleared away; and, apart from the attractions of the State as a place of residence, the commercial value of orange cultivation and other resources is dwelt upon. Mr. King's account is suggestive of many considerations, and, like his other contributions upon the condition of the South, it is calculated to be beneficial in conveying a correct knowledge of a very attractive part of the country.

—Through the pen of Mr. Thomas Emmette *Lippincott's Magazine* answers a question which we have heard more often asked than answered. He tells us where our brown-stone fronts come from, and writes an interesting description, diversified very appropriately with a little geology of some of the principal quarries in Connecticut. The demand for brown stone is heard now from all parts of the Union, and even from the West Indies, and it has developed an industry far larger than is generally imagined, and which is still greatly increasing. Some investigations, made during a pleasure trip, into the natural treasures of Buzzard's Bay, are given by W. D. Gunning, who also mentions incidentally the local traditions concerning Elizabeth Islands, Martha's Vineyard, and Nantucket, and how they obtained their names. But although there are notes of science in these two papers, the general character of them is anything but dull or heavy. No page in the magazine has this fault, and all can be read with pleasure by the most fastidious seeker after recreation in books. There is a large installment of "Malcolm," another of "The Three Feathers," and yet another of "The New Hyperion;" the least interesting contribution being probably one by the late Lord Lytton, on "The Genius of Conservatism," which, nevertheless, may advantageously be preserved here. The author of "Blindpits" supplies an excellent story with the scene in Edinburgh; and Mr. Adolphus Trollope has another of his Italian sketches, descriptive of Galera. But these, and a well written paper entitled "Euterpe in America," we must pass by. The Monthly Gossip is copious, and contains many things that will reward perusal, but one only we can notice. The letter from William Black, which was first published in the London *Athenæum*, wherein the writer complained of the inquisitiveness of American writers and interviewers, has excited too much attention to be yet forgotten. In it, as will be remembered, Mr. Black alluded to a magazine whose representative had been one of the people who bored him. The conductors of *Lippincott's* now declare that theirs could not have been the magazine referred to, a statement which it may be supposed was considered necessary only from the fact that Mr. Black's two best works have found a place in its pages.

—The largest space in the *Popular Science Monthly*, is devoted to Herbert Spencer, and the doctrine of evolution, but we are not sure that the most important topic will not be found in an extract from Dr. G. H. Clarke's recent work, "The Building of a Brain." Dr. Clarke did good service to the public interests when he published his "Sex in Education," and the volume referred to is a further strengthening of the views therein put forth. The portion of it quoted here is a practical exemplification of it in a case given as narrated by the mother of the victim, where a promising young girl of eighteen fell a sacrifice to a prevalent system of female education. It is a short extract, but weighty, and well worth the careful attention of parents. A paper on "The Natural History of the Oyster," by Rev. Dr. Lockwood, contains many items of information for the general reader, though enveloped in matter not strictly scientific. The subject is, however, to be resumed when omissions will probably be supplied. Some curious phenomena attendant on human locomotion, are given in an article on that subject, and might, with advantage, be supplemented by a similar investigation concerning the movements of the horse, which have recently attracted attention and given rise to controversy. The physiology and functions of plants appear now to be attracting much notice in Europe, and we have here one of the contributions to our knowledge of that subject from the pen of Emile Alglave, translated by Mr. Fitzgerald. It is concerning the respiration of plants, and contains the results of many interesting and valuable observations. Smokers will find something more immediately applicable to themselves in some notes which purport to be the confession of a reformed smoker. It will be remarked that the idiosyncrasy of the author of this is a little remarkable, and perhaps will lessen the value of his observations in the minds of some people; nevertheless, the paper is important. Although the writer is unwilling to declare that he will never smoke again, and while he abjures any definite position on the tobacco question, he regards the effects of the use of the weed as decidedly injurious. Among the reprints we must mention Prof. Huxley's address on Priestley, delivered on occasion of unveiling the statue at Birmingham the other day. It is the most impartial criticism of the character and merits of Priestley that the year has produced. A paper on "Facial Anomalies," by Dr. Karl Müller, is also replete with some curious observations, and much of interest will be found in the editorial notes, which, as usual, complete the contents of this serial.

—In the *Galaxy*, Mrs. Annie Edwards begins a novel—"Leah; A Woman of Fashion"—of the merits of which it would be unfair to speak at present. The first chapter, it must, nevertheless, be stated, contains some rather curious features, the development of which we shall watch with a little interest—if they are to be developed. Mr. Richard Grant White contributes the article which, if we mistake not, will attract the most attention. Under the title, "The Musical Monster," he gives us some very plain, common sense notes on Italian opera. We have already given some extracts from this in THE TIMES, but the whole contribution should be read. A paper on etching by George Lowell Austin is noteworthy and useful; and one on Dean Stanley may be awarded a little attention, if only because it shows its author, Mr. Justin McCarthy, in a place where he is very much out of his depth. Intrinsically, it is of little worth. There are, however, altogether sixteen separate contributions in this number, and they are sufficiently diversified to satisfy the wants of most of its readers. The Scientific Miscellany is compiled with care, but most of the topics have been fully before the public for some time. Some remarks on woman's dress in the "Nebulæ" are, perhaps, the most noticeable—for the ladies especially.

—The *Aldine* comes to us with a new and very much improved title page, one of the results probably of the change in the editorial management. It is far more artistic than the old familiar face. We miss, however, the table of contents which was always useful, and for which, in the future, space can probably be found. As regards both the illustrations and the reading matter, we note also an unusual degree of merit. "Dinner Time" after Knaus; "The Rescue." "The Woodside Brook," and two pieces of woodland and water scenery by Bunner, are among the best pictures that have appeared, but in all there is a marked superiority of execution and finish. The plumage of the geese in the picture on the first page is excellently rendered, and those who are interested in the progress of this kind of art in our country will compare the difference of effect exhibited in the marine piece and in the two views on the Delaware. The foliage in the latter, delicately true to nature, and the wild sea surrounding the White Star steamer Baltic as she is depicted in the act of rescuing the crew of the ship Assyria in November, 1872, are good contrasting studies, and should be examined closely in their details to be well appreciated. The literary portion of the contents evinces an increased vigor of style, and in the critical parts especially a much better tone than the *Aldine* has displayed for a long time past is very observable. The work seems, in fact, to be inspired with new life in every particular, and to have assumed an increased healthiness, which must tend to make it more valuable than heretofore as the highest representative and exponent of American art.

—*Old and New* is very select this month. It contains only six articles, and two of them are continuations—Anthony Trollope's novel, and "Our Sketching Club," by Rev. S. John Tyrwhitt, of which we have made favorable mention on two previous occasions. The late Prof. Wyman is again the subject of notice from the pen of Prof. Wilder, whose estimate of the late geologist may be compared with a more lengthened memoir of him that appears in another magazine. In connection with the late Church Congress, an article appears on the Protestant Episcopal Church, but the views expressed lack perspicacity, especially where allusion is made to the English Church in its relations to the American offshoot. By the way, the Anglican Church, which is older than the British monarchy, is described as a modern institution, which makes one a little curious to learn the author's idea of antiquity. J. Grant Meredith discourses on "Paradise," and J. E. Babson contributes what he calls "Another Dish of Lamb," being some "odds and ends of Elia's genius not included in any collection of his works, but gleaned mostly from the dust and obscurity of old newspapers and periodicals." The first and longest is culled from the *Examiner*, and is given as one of the offerings made to Leigh Hunt when confined in Horsemonger Lane Jail for libeling the Prince Regent. Some of the comments in these "Play-house Memoranda" are well worth attention, and singularly applicable even now.

—In the *Aquatic Monthly* "Tom Cringle" opens a discussion of the subject of "right of way," thus making a digression from the topic which for some time past has occupied most of the attention of the correspondents. He notes the blunders that strangely prevail among many amateur yachtsmen as to the definition that should be placed upon the terms port and starboard tack, and, tracing the origin of these terms, he explains what ought to be the rule of the road of the sea, if all masters would adhere strictly to what is right. He justly complains that coasting vessels and steamers are not sufficiently careful of the rights of small craft, and suggests that much good would result if in the first case of accident arising from a violation of the rules an example could be made of the offender. Less space than usual is devoted to contributions of this kind, and more to reports of the proceedings of the several clubs, yachting and rowing, the period of the year demanding this devotion to practical matters. There is a pleasant account of an excursion on Lake Erie of just the description of which we should like to read more. We made a suggestion of this kind once before, and if yachtsmen have kept notes of their experiences during the Summer, they will no doubt be able to furnish much entertaining and useful reading in this, the only aquatic magazine, for the Winter months. We hope they have. The value of such experiences is great, and the perusal of them recalls all the enjoyments that they furnished at the time, besides affording much additional.

—The *Overland Monthly* comes to us from San Francisco full of a great variety of interesting and well-selected matter, among which are two or three articles of a local character, which are specially acceptable to Eastern readers. The first of these, by Paul Schumacker, has reference to the vestiges of a prehistoric race which are to be found in California. It may be doubted whether the term "Kjökkenmödding," which he uses, is exactly adapted to the shell accumulations of California, which do not seem to bear any analogy to those discoveries of ancient remains in Scandinavia, where the word is certainly applicable; but some of the remains found by the author are interesting, although not apparently indicative of very great antiquity. The subject is one which, in the interest of anthropology, cannot receive too much attention in the West. "Pacific Sea-coast Views," descriptive of the neighborhood of Mendecino, is another good local topic; and so is a description which we find elsewhere of the "First California Aquarium Car." In all respects the *Overland Monthly*, which, as the cover informs us, is "devoted to the development of the country," is entitled to rank with the leading magazines of the East so far as literary merit is concerned. The contents are diversified and rich in much practical information, and seem to be well calculated to serve the purpose held in view. The fact that it has reached the thirteenth volume is evidence, too, that it is appreciated.

THE NEW LADIES' MAN.

From the Rochester Democrat.

We anticipated this company some time since. It was indirectly heralded in various communications to the New-York papers on the difficulties of maiden ladies who had neither papas nor big brothers. It is the "Commissionaire Company," and the name is nearly as pleasant as if it amounted to millionaire or some other expensive luxury. THE NEW-YORK TIMES has had the extreme pleasure of perusing a circular of the Commissionaire Company, and it presents the prominent points of the circular. A commissionaire, for instance, "will call at your rooms and clean your clothing;" which shows that the commissionaire is by no means above any kind of business. Again, the commissionaire "will collect your bills"—a very nice arrangement, indeed; but we do wish the gentleman would find ways and means to "pay your bills," with a fair percentage in his behalf, of course. Furthermore, the commissionaire "will secure you seats for the theatre, and, if desired, he will wait upon the lady to and from such entertainments, appearing in a fine evening dress." Nothing could be pleasanter than this. We presume, for instance, it is a great source of difficulty in many American families that the family have an ardent desire to go to the theatre while the head of the family desires to go to the club or another theatre; and with an escort for the family, "in a fine evening dress," there could be no possible trouble. It is true that the commissionaire mentions "the lady only;" but surely, if he is good enough to clean your clothing, he could not object to an addition to the lady in the persons of the older children, and perhaps the nurse and the baby. Again, as THE TIMES suggests, "few men can afford to buy themselves fine evening dresses nowadays," and fancy the pleasure under that deplorable circumstance of seeing your family taken to the theatre "in fine evening dress" for the exceedingly low price of a few paltry dollars. The duties of the commissionaire have by no means been wholly enumerated, however. That blessed man "will appear at your private parties," which is in itself a great desideratum. He will "carry your child or push the baby-carriage;" he will carry parcels or move furniture; and, to tell the truth, we scarcely know what he won't do, unless it is to vote the Democratic ticket and in other ways to be disreputable. Witness this, which we are assured by THE TIMES is taken bodily from the circular:

> "The commissionaire will attend your lady when making calls, shopping, &c., acting as 'lackey,' delivering visiting cards, protecting her by umbrella from the sun and storm, or falling on a slippery day; on all such occasions he will appear in elegant servant's livery, imported from Paris and Vienna."

Now we take this commissionaire to our heart. He is the embodiment of high life and low life, the useful and the ornamental, the simple and the scientific, the coarse and the æsthetic. In his corporate capacity he answers the requirements of a dozen husbands. He gives a husband the sweet privilege of providing his wife with innocent amusement, so that the lady may have her mind occupied while the man of her heart is attending to his amusements, or rather his legitimate business. There is but one step further for the excellent commissionaire. Would he kindly consent to assume the entire responsibility in case of accident or something? Would he be good enough to do the Saturday-night sparking—but, good heavens! we have followed this logic too far. Let him assume to any such responsibility as that and we shall take extreme pleasure in wringing the commissionaire's nose.

THE GIBSON VITRIOL OUTRAGE.

District Attorney Rollins yesterday entered a *nolle prosequi* in the case of James Kelly and John Halloran, against whom two indictments had been found for having thrown oil of vitriol in the face of Walter Gibson, proprietor of the Harlem *Local*. The outrage, which was committed many months since, has entirely destroyed one of Mr. Gibson's eyes, and otherwise horribly disfigured his face. After carefully examining the case, Mr. Rollins found that he had not a particle of evidence against the accused, and was compelled to abandon the prosecution.

THE ARMY OF THE JAMES.

THE THIRD TRIENNIAL REUNION.

WELCOME ADDRESS BY GEN. BAKER—A REVIEW OF THE DEEDS OF THE ARMY—ELECTION OF OFFICERS OF THE ORGANIZATION.

The Society of the Army of the James held its third triennial reunion yesterday. The reunion took the shape of public exercises, to which ladies were invited, a subsequent business meeting and a banquet in the evening, the entire procedure taking place at the Theatre of the Union League Club, which had been placed at the disposal of the society. The public exercises, which commenced shortly after 1 o'clock, consisted of a very long speech of welcome by Gen. Butler, who was the orator of the occasion, and a poem by Dr. J. G. Holland, of *Scribner's Monthly*. The poem, which was in the style of "In Memoriam," was particularly applicable to the conditions under which the society met, except that the poet made the mistake of representing its members as coming together

> "To breathe in social interchange
> The garnered memories of a year,"

when there was actually a three years' accumulation to be exchanged. Gen. Joseph R. Hawley presided, and among the prominent officers present were the following: Admiral Rowan, Gen. Ingalls, Gen. Morgan, Gen. Terrell, Gen. Graham, Gen. Duncan, Gen. Goff, Gen. Shaw, Gen. Kiddoo, Gen. Alden, Gen. Serrell, Gen. Carleton, Col. Davenport, Major Howell, Col. Kilburn Knox, Major Kisselborg, Major Lockwood, Capt. Freeborn.

The band of Governor's Island furnished the requisite music. Gen. Hawley opened the proceedings by a brief and well-timed reference to the friendships which had been formed during the war, friendships out of which such societies as theirs had grown.

After prayer by Rev. W. H. Thomas, Chaplain to the New-Hampshire Volunteers, Gen. Butler was introduced and delivered his address of welcome. He took as its text the opening sentence of a general order issued ten years ago; "Soldiers of the Army of the James, the time has now come when some word should be said of your deeds." The enunciation, which was received with applause, he followed up with these remarks: What was then a partial and fragmentary address to the army alone, I propose now to enlarge and illustrate, that the services of the Army of the James to the country may in some degree receive that full and just recognition which the patriotic valor of its soldiers deserves. In so doing, I am certain you will pardon me if I use no names of its officers, neither corps commanders, nor Generals of divisions or brigades, lest an omission of mention of some brilliant deed of a portion be taken as an implied censure to the individual. For, whatever may have been the thought of the hour; whatever may have been the ambitions and rivalry arising among its officers, all the more honorable as leading to higher endeavor in the public service; whatever the criticisms made in the hour of combat, the softening influence of a decade of years must have long since obliterated any thought or remembrance of all save patriotic endeavors and glorious deeds. He then gave a sketch of the organization of the Army of the James, and described the condition of the several armies of the United States which were to be precipitated against the enemy in the operations then pending and in progress. Describing the reasons for the decisive movements of the war then about to be made, and the preparation on both sides, he said: The Confederates, doubtless feeling their waning strength and the exhaustion of their resources, must have contemplated as their only hope the holding their capital and governmental organization against the United States until the fate of the rebellion should be decided by the elections in the coming Autumn; while to the Federal authorities, there seemed to be a necessity that substantial victories and successes should be won in the field, to inspirit and hearten the loyal people of the North to continue the war, the vital question of the continuance of which was, in fact, decided by the votes in the then coming Presidential election in November. For this purpose the field chosen was that whereon theretofore so many successes had been won and reverses suffered by the American armies in attempting to reach the rebel capital. For this purpose both parties girded themselves and gathered all their strength. The more distant operations were for the time mainly suspended or laid aside. Gen. Grant was brought from the command of the Western troops and made General of all the armies of the United States, but especially to take the field in person in the operations before and around Richmond. The Tenth Corps was ordered from the Department of the South, where it had served ever since its organization, and united with the Eighteenth at Fortress Monroe. The cavalry arm of the service, refitted and reinforced with large numbers, received Sheridan as its head. The Army of the Gulf, with the exception of enough to guard what had been won, was also ordered to form a part of the Army of the James for the same purpose. But the movement up Red River, then in process of being carried out, prevented the order being executed until some months later. The Ninth Corps had rendezvoused at Annapolis apparently with the intent of being dispatched on an expedition to strike some point in the South, but really with the view of being used, as was afterward done, as a reserve to the Army of the Potomac. On the other side, the Confederates had concentrated every man that could be drawn from any source to reinforce and sustain Lee. The army of Beauregard was brought up from the South. Supplies were gathered between Richmond and the Rapidan. Horses were impressed. The conscription was enforced. Every man possible was brought into the field. Both parties lay waiting for the roads to become passable in the early days of May before the grand, and as was foreseen, the final clash of arms should come. He then went on to describe the plan of the campaign of the armies around Richmond, the plan by which the Army of the James was to move itself to City Point in secrecy, the successful surprise march of the army, the advantages thus acquired for an instant attack on Richmond, the cutting of the supplies of the enemy and their being driven into their fortifications, the envelopment of the city and the causes which led to the return of the army to its entrenchments. He subsequently described the capture of the enemy's lines north of Petersburg by the Army of the James, their taking and holding a position on the north bank, the necessity to the operations of the Army of the Dutch Gap Canal, its successful completion, and its apparent failure because of the request of the navy that it should not be opened, the reasons and consequence of that request and the court-martial of the naval officers. The successful assault on the enemy's works on the north side of the James was subsequently referred to, the capture of New-Market Heights by the colored troops, the gallantry of the Eighteenth Corps in capturing Fort Harrison were also mentioned, and the repulse of Lee's attempt to retake his captured fortifications was also described. After taking the Army of the James through all its fields of fight, Gen. Butler concluded as follows: I have now given, my comrades, not a succinct, but a hurried and imperfect sketch, of the services of the Army of the James. Is it not a record of which we may well be proud? Without detracting anything from the gallant operations of other armies, is there any better record to be shown in the same space of time by any other equal number of men? Let me add one thing further, and the record is then made up and completed. The Army of the James never had a disaster, and never suffered a defeat, when more than a single brigade was engaged. May we not well be willing that its glorious record shall pass into history? And when all personal rivalry has ceased; when all reasons why justice should not be done to the gallant acts of the Army of the James have faded out, and the just muse of history has given the results of our efforts for our country's unity, safety, and glory, who of us, as we bear these truths read in after life may not turn to those who may be near us and say, with just pride: "I, too, was a soldier of the Army of the James!" At the close of the war Gen. Washington and his brother officers of the armies of the Revolution established, in commemoration of their companionship in arms, the "Order of the Cincinnati," in which only the oldest son could succeed the father, as a means of perpetuating the memory of the friendships formed in the war; and this order, too, was to have among its members, only the officers of the army and their eldest-born forever. But let us, comrades, cherish our friendships in a wider association of comradeship. Let not only officers, but soldiers, be members of our association in that equality which common service, common peril, common wounds, and common glory give to all men alike who serve their country in the hour of need, each and all equal alike as the embodiment of the true principles of a republic—for we know, and none better than we, that in our ranks, carrying the musket, guarding the picket post, or delving in the trenches, were soldiers of the Army of the James, equal in bravery, equal in intelligence, equal in culture to any who wore the insignia of rank. Let us, then, welcome to meet with us all who served in whatever capacity in the Army of the James; and not only their oldest sons, but all their sons and their sons' sons, to the latest generations, perpetuating the glowing friendship each comrade feels for the other, growing stronger and stronger as time goes on and whitening frosts of years clears the head of every thought but of that true comradeship which always distinguished the soldiers of the Army of the James.

At the conclusion of Gen. Butler's address the Governor's Island Band furnished some more music. Dr. Holland then read his poem, and the public exercises were brought to a conclusion.

THE BUSINESS MEETING.

A business meeting was next organized, when officers for the ensuing three years were elected, as follows: President, Gen. A. H. Terry; First Vice President, Major Gen. Godfrey Weitzel; Second Vice President, Gen. E. W. Serrell; Third Vice President, Gen. Curtis; Treasurer, Gen. C. A. Carleton; Corresponding Secretary, Major J. H. Howell; Recording Secretary, Major W. E. Kisselberg; Chaplain, Rev. W. H. Thomas. Gen. Hawley was selected as the next orator of the society.

The following resolution, offered by Col. Howell, was, on the motion of Gen. Kiddoo, directed to be laid on the table, the society not deeming it desirable to take any action on the subject:

Whereas, It is claimed that great injustice was done by the trial by court martial and conviction of Gen. Fitz-John Porter, and that evidence elicited since the war discloses that his conviction was an error which ought to be corrected by a rehearing to the end that justice may be done a gallant officer; therefore

Resolved, That the Society of the Army of the James cordially approve and indorse the resolutions at the meeting of the Society of the Army of the Potomac, asking for a reopening of the case of Gen. Fitz-John Porter.

Resolved, That a copy of this resolution be forwarded by the Secretary of the Society to the President of the United States, the Secretary of War, the Commanding General of the Army, the President of the United States Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

An announcement was made that letters which had been received from Gen. Grant, Gen. Dix, Gen. Sherman, Gen. Shaler, Gen. Sheridan, Gen. Belknap, and others, would be read at the banquet in the evening.

It was resolved that the next reunion should be held in Philadelphia in 1876, and, after the discharge of some routine business, the meeting adjourned.

There was a dinner in the evening, at which most of those who took part in the meeting and public exercises were present. The list of toasts numbered thirteen, and consequently the presumption is that there was the usual amount of speech-making.

THE EPISCOPAL CONVENTION.

DR. SEYMOUR STILL UNCONFIRMED—RUMORED DISSATISFACTION WITH THE SECRET SESSION—MESSAGES FROM THE HOUSE OF BISHOPS.

The usual preliminary religious exercises of the Episcopalian Convention were celebrated yesterday by Right Rev. Dr. Welmer, Bishop of Louisiana, assisted by Rev. Dr. S. G. McMaster, of Minnesota, Rev. Dr. J. G. Hubbard, of New Hampshire, and Rev. Henry S. Getz, of Pittsburg. Immediately thereafter the House of Deputies went into secret session and so remained until 4 o'clock, when the house adjourned. It was decided on Tuesday that the final vote on the subject of the confirmation of Dr. Seymour should be taken at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon, but when that hour was reached a postponement was effected, according to which the house will sit with closed doors all day to-day until 3 o'clock in the afternoon, when it is thought the vote can be taken. The prolongation of this secret discussion is very much deprecated on all sides, and a large number are in favor of doing away with the injunction of secrecy entirely. It is certain that the longer it continues the worse it is for Dr. Seymour and for the already very much crowded business of the house.

Late in the afternoon the three following messages were received from the House of Bishops:

MESSAGE NO. 30.

The House of Bishops informs the House of Deputies that it has adopted the following resolution:

Resolved, the House of Deputies concurring—

1. That Section 1 of Canon 4 of Title 2 be amended by substituting in place of the words "make application to the Bishop of the Diocese, who shall," these words following: "Refer the matter to the Bishop of the Diocese who made."

2. That Section 3 of the canon be amended by inserting after the words, "until he shall retract his refusal," these words following: "And if he persist in his refusal, it shall be the duty of the Bishop to dissolve the connection between the said Rector and Vestry or the congregation."

3. That Section 8 of the said canon be amended to read:

SECTION 8. This canon shall not be obligatory upon any diocese which has made, or shall hereafter make, provision by canon upon this subject, or with whose laws or charters it may interfere.

4. That section 5 of the said canon be, and is hereby repealed, and that the remaining sections be numbered accordingly.

MESSAGE NO. 31.

The House of Bishops informs the House of Deputies that it has adopted the following preamble and resolutions:

Whereas, The Council of the Diocese of Nebraska, at the motion and with the consent of the Bishop of Nebraska, has, by the necessary constitutional action, consented to the detachment of the Santee Reservation, situated in the Diocese of Nebraska, for the purpose of transferring the same to the missionary jurisdiction of Niobrara; and

Whereas, It may be questioned whether such detachment be complete or lawful without the approval of the General Convention; therefore,

Resolved, The House of Deputies concurring, That the consent of the General Convention is hereby given to the detachment of the Santee Indian Reservation from the Diocese of Nebraska for its transfer to the missionary jurisdiction of Niobrara.

MESSAGE NO. 32.

Resolved, the House of Deputies concurring, That future editions of the Hymnal shall be printed so as to conform to the revised edition presented by the Joint Committee on the Hymnal; and that no other hymns be allowed in the public worship of the Church except the Hymnal, as thus revised, and such hymns and psalms as are now ordinarily bound up with the Book of Common Prayer; provided, that any congregation may continue to use the editions of the Hymnal heretofore published until further action by the convention.

Resolved, the House of Deputies concurring, That the Joint Committee on the Hymnal, in pursuance of their own request, be discharged.

The House of Bishops informs the House of Deputies that it has also adopted the following resolution:

Resolved, That the House of Bishops desire here to place on record their sense of the singular zeal and assiduity of the Joint Committee in the laborious task confided to them, of the sound discretion which they have exhibited, and of their patience and kindness in considering objections, and in endeavoring to meet the wishes of the Church; and that a copy of this resolution be communicated to the House of Deputies.

This was all the public business of the day. At 5 o'clock the house adjourned.

ANNUAL CLERICAL REUNION.

The tenth annual clerical reunion of the Protestant Episcopal Church was held yesterday morning under the auspices of the Alumni Association of the General Theological Seminary. The holy communion was celebrated at Grace Church at 7 o'clock, and the assembled laity and clergy then adjourned to the Grand Central Hotel, where breakfast was prepared. Right Rev. Horatio Potter, Bishop of New-York, presided, and there were present about 120 delegates to the Protestant Episcopal Convention. The President delivered a brief address in congratulation of the unity that prevailed among graduates of the General Theological Seminary. Short addresses were also delivered by the Bishops of Mississippi, Missouri, Maine, North Carolina, Montana, Oregon, and the Lord Bishop of Kingston.

THE CARRIAGE-BUILDERS' ASSOCIATION.

The third annual convention of the Carriage-builders' National Association was opened at 10:30 A. M. yesterday, at the St. Nicholas Hotel, the President, Hon. C. P. Kimball, of Portland, Me., in the chair. One hundred and thirty-five members were present. The minutes of the last annual meeting having been read and approved, the convention proceeded to elect officers for the ensuing year, with the following result: President, Hon. C. P. Kimball, of Portland, Me.; Vice President, Clement Studebaker, of South Bend, Ind.; Secretary and Treasurer, Wilder H. Pray, of this City. The Executive Committee for the present year was re-elected. The Treasurer's report was read and adopted. Mr. John W. Britton next addressed the convention upon the feasibility of preparing a memorial to Congress proposing a reduction of the present tariff on carriage-builders' materials. Ex-Gov. Hawley, of Connecticut, was then introduced, and addressed the association on the necessity for its liberal support of the centennial celebration at Philadelphia in 1876. Foreign carriage manufacturers, he said, had already petitioned the committee for space to exhibit their wares, and he hoped the manufacturers of the United States would not be behindhand in that branch of the exhibition. Addresses bearing upon the same subject, were delivered by Ex-Gov. Bigler, of Pennsylvania, and Mr. Alfred T. Gosborn. A vote of thanks having been accorded to the speakers, the convention proceeded to the discussion of a projected fire insurance company for the mutual protection of carriage manufacturers. At 10 o'clock a recess was taken until 3 P. M. On reassembling a committee consisting of the following gentlemen was appointed to attend to the interests of the association at the approaching centennial celebration: C. P. Kimball, W. H. Pray, William D. Rogers, John W. Britton, D. C. Shaw, G. C. Ainslee, and Henry Killam. A resolution was next passed pledging each member of the association to provide a schedule showing the cost of the various materials used in the manufacture of a carriage, to be presented at the next annual convention. The discussion on fire insurance was again resumed, and the following resolution adopted:

Resolved, That the Executive Committee of the Carriage Builders' Association be instructed to present to the National Board of Underwriters the facts and arrangements necessary to a better understanding of the actual risk attending the insurance of carriage-makers' stock and buildings.

A committee consisting of Messrs. Gregg, Sargent, and Johnson was appointed to collect statistical information in regard to the carriage manufacturing trade for the use of the convention at the centennial, in 1876. Votes of thanks were then accorded to the President and Secretary for the performance of their duties, and after a general expression of good feeling on the part of the delegates, the convention adjourned to meet in New-Haven next year.

THE BOARD OF APPORTIONMENT.

The Board of Apportionment held an adjourned meeting yesterday for the purpose of taking some action upon the estimates of the departments for 1875. Mayor Havemeyer was called to the chair. After some unimportant business had been disposed of Mr. Vance said that he had diligently examined the estimates, printed copies of which had been given to the members of the board, and had obtained some information from them, but not all that he desired. He wished to get an accurate idea of what the necessities of the City are, and that could be best done by having a budget prepared based upon the department estimates. He would therefore offer the following:

Resolved, That the Controller be requested to make up a budget for the year 1875 on the basis of the departmental estimates now before the board, and including therein the State tax and the sums payable under special statutes. The budget so to be made as to show in each instance the amount of the departmental estimates for each purpose or object included therein.

Resolved, That the Secretary be instructed to have the budget as amended in accordance with the above resolution, printed in convenient form for the use of the members.

The resolution was adopted.

A communication was received from Warden Dunham, of the County Jail, requesting the Board to take some action on his bills. No other business of importance was transacted.

THE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

REPORT OF THE CITY SUPERINTENDENT—THE COMPULSORY EDUCATION LAW.

The Board of Education met yesterday afternoon, Commissioner Beardslee, in the absence of the President, in the chair. Several communications were received from School Trustees, nominating teachers for evening schools. They were all referred to the Committee on Teachers. The Trustees of the Fourth Ward nominated Miss H. Connolly as Vice Principal of Female Grammar School No. 1. Referred to the Committee on Teachers.

The City Superintendent reported that he had visited the several corporate schools, such as the New-York Orphan Asylum, Protestant Half-orphan Asylum, Colored Orphan Asylum, Children's Aid Society, and the schools connected with the Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum. There were forty-two schools inspected. The number of pupils on the register was 8,478, and the average attendance, 6,866. The instruction given in these schools was reported as satisfactory. The evening schools were also inspected. The number of pupils registered previous to the opening was 11,553, exclusive of the attendance at the Evening High School, which numbers 1,581. The average attendance at the evening schools last week was 11,926. The monthly returns from the several primary and grammar schools show a register number of pupils on the 1st October of 108,821, and an average attendance of 95,962. The report was placed upon the minutes.

A communication was received from Mr. Oswald Ottendorfer making a second donation of $500 to the Normal College for the purpose of providing two medals annually for the two pupils showing the greatest proficiency in German. Mr. Ottendorfer had previously given $1,000 for this object, but the interest on this sum was not found sufficient to provide the requisite medals, and Mr. Ottendorfer therefore now makes the additional donation. The board passed a resolution thanking Mr. Ottendorfer for his liberal gift.

The Committee on By-laws made a report in reference to the Compulsory Education law. They had given the subject much consideration, and they believed the thing most needed now as a basis of further action was an accurate census of all children in the different wards. Such a census, placed in the hands of the teachers, will enable them to ascertain who is absent, and by this means an intelligent conclusion can be arrived at on the subject. The Police Commissioners were willing to co-operate in making a census, but they suggested that in the first instance the Trustees should cause a complete census of the children attending school to be taken, and furnish the same to the Police. On receipt of such census the Commissioners of the latter department will cause a complete census of the children in each ward to be made. The committee, therefore recommended that the Ward Trustees, with the assistance of the teachers, carry out the suggestions of the Police Commissioners. It was so ordered.

On the recommendation of the Trustees, Mary C. Hackett was appointed Principal of Grammar School No. 8, in the Eighth Ward, and Henry C. Litchfield and William C. Hess, Principal and Vice Principal, respectively, of Grammar School No. 3 in the Seventeenth Ward. Prof. E. H. Day was appointed Professor of Natural Science in the Normal College, at a salary of $3,500 per annum. The question of not permitting pupils to be sent on errands from the school premises, was postponed, to give the Committee on By-laws a further opportunity of investigating and reporting on the matter. There was a large amount of routine business transacted, after which the board adjourned.

THE CASE OF PHELPS.

REMARKS OF JUDGE WESTBROOK IN SENTENCING HIM TO PRISON.

Hon. Theodoric R. Westbrook, in sentencing Charles H. Phelps, the defaulting State Cashier, in Albany, on Tuesday, said:

The duty, Charles H. Phelps, which the court is called upon to discharge this morning is almost as sad and painful to them as it possibly can be to you. Whatever doubts exist as to the legal character of your acts, there are none as to their moral character. Your conscience must accord with that of the public, which pronounces you guilty of a violation of that Divine command which declares "Thou shalt not steal." To every right-minded man the act of a trusted employe who unlawfully appropriates his employer's money to his own use, evinces a heart equally depraved with that of the thief who stealthily puts his hand into another's pocket and fetches therefrom its contents. Nay, in the former case there is added to the enormity of the crime the betrayal of trust, and the breaking of an implied promise, at least, which every hiring to serve involves—of a willful disregard of a plighted word therefore, and a confidence reposed in another's honor, which many a thief would respect. We know it is claimed that you took intending to return; but the enforced borrowing of another's money by an unlawful taking against the owner's will, hoping, by subjecting it to the hazard of gambling speculation, to return its equivalent, is just as reprehensible in wholesome morals and sound public policy as the taking with no such intent. But we are not certain that the thought of restitution was with you a controlling one. Your acts seem to have been committed with deliberation, and after you had taken the advice of counsel as to their legal quality. In Jersey City, while confessing to the State Treasurer, Mr. Thomas Raines, that you had a considerable part of the money under your control, you refused to tell where it was or to restore it to the custody of the State, unless you were promised immunity from punishment and allowed to use it in following up speculations, alleging that counsel had advised you that the law could not punish you, and that a simple breach of trust was the limit of your legal accountability. As we have not the whole of that interview between you and your counsel—we do not mean any of the three honorable men who have endeavored to shield you during these recent trials—we pass no judgment upon the morality of that advice, but we do say that it is unfortunate for you that you heard and heeded it. The restoration of a considerable sum then instead of a refusal, would have great weight in determining the extent of the punishment. This advice, however, unfortunate as it was to you, has had at least to you one unexpected good result. It has brought you face to face with the violated laws of the State, and enabled this court, by making an example of you, to say to all who hold similar positions of trust, and who need the terror of present punishment to keep them in the paths of rectitude, that this same idea of a "breach of trust," which has ruined many a trusted clerk and bankrupted many a confiding employer, is unsound in law when applied to persons situated as you were, and to transactions such as those in which you were an actor.

All has been done for you by learned counsel which could have been done. We have listened to their arguments patiently, and weighed them with unbiased minds, but though skillfully made and ably presented, they have failed to satisfy us that the human laws, by whose authority we speak, do not, as the laws of God surely do, pronounce you a criminal and amenable for their violation. That they do so regard you we fully believe, and earnest thought and further examination have only deepened and made clear our original conviction expressed in your hearing early in the progress of the trials.

Nothing now remains but to pronounce judgment upon you for the crimes of which you stand convicted. In that punishment which we have the right to inflict, the law has invested us with considerable discretion. In fixing its limits, remembering the large amount of money taken—over $300,000—the deliberation with which you perpetrated the crimes, the fact that several other indictments remain untried, and above all the importance of an example to repress a kind of crime very frequent of late, we have determined, not, as we hope, tyrannically or vindictively, but with a conscious sense of our own responsibility to the Great Tribunal, to inflict upon you the maximum of punishment.

The judgment of the court is that you, Charles H. Phelps, for the felony and grand larceny in stealing the draft of $7,500, drawn by the Farmers' and Mechanics' Savings Bank of the City of Lockport, by S. Curtis Lewis, its Secretary, upon the Central National Bank of New-York, to be confined and imprisoned at hard labor in the Penitentiary of the County of Albany for the period of five years.

That for the forgery and felony in making a false entry upon one of the books of account in the office of the State Treasurer, of which you stand convicted, you be confined and imprisoned at hard labor in the Penitentiary of the County of Albany for the period of five years, to commence at the termination of the imprisonment to which you have been adjudged for the crime of grand larceny in stealing the draft or bill of exchange of $7,500.

That for the felony of grand larceny, in stealing the draft or bill of exchange for $400 drawn by the First National Bank of Utica, by P. V. Rogers, its Cashier, upon the Metropolitan National Bank of New-York, of which you stand convicted, you be imprisoned at hard labor in the Penitentiary of the County of Albany for the period of five years, such imprisonment to commence at the termination of the second term of imprisonment to which you have been adjudged for the crime of forgery in the third degree, for willfully and feloniously making a false entry in one of the books of account kept in the office of the Treasurer of the State of New-York.

We are well aware that this is a severe sentence. May it be to your profit, and to the profit of all who contemplate similar transactions.

THE GLENDENNING TRIAL.

In the Glendenning trial, yesterday, Mrs. Miller was cross-examined, and told the same story as in her direct testimony, fully corroborating the statements of her husband. The statement was reaffirmed that the Matron of the Lying-in Hospital, in Chacon street, New-York, identified Glendenning as the man who had applied for accommodation for a woman about to be confined.

THE COURTS.

OUR MODEL CITY MARSHALS.

A GROSS CASE OF OUTRAGE—CHARGES MADE IN THE MAYOR'S OFFICE—THEY BEAT CITIZENS AND INSULT WORK-GIRLS.

Charges of assault and improper conduct have been filed in the Mayor's Office against Louis Leubuscher, a Marine Court Marshal, and his assistants, Thomas Cuba and Richard C. Walsh. The actions complained of were committed during the execution of what is technically known as a "snap judgment," at 6 o'clock in the evening. Cuba was formerly a Police officer in the Fifth Precinct, but was dismissed the department for similar misconduct. The gross character of the charges now made against these men may be gathered from the following affidavits. Messrs. Luddeck & Kappmeier, the principal parties complaining, are large manufacturers of paper-boxes at No. 138 Centre street. Mr. Kappmeier makes the following affidavit:

Theodore Kappmeier says that he is a member of the firm of Luddeck & Kappmeier, doing business at No. 138 Centre street; that on the evening of Oct. 12, 1874, Louis Leubuscher, Thomas Cuba, and Richard C. Walsh came to his place of business and made a levy, by virtue of an execution then held by Leubuscher as City Marshal; that said Walsh began to interfere with the girls employed by said deponent, driving them from their work and taking improper liberties with them; that said Walsh demanded a match from deponent, and, on being refused, struck deponent in the breast; that Charles C. Lewis remonstrated with said Marshal and his assistants, whereon they turned on Lewis and violently assaulted him; that no objection was made to said Marshal in the performance of his duty, and deponent believes that their drunken condition was the principal cause of their improper conduct.

Charles C. Lewis, of No. 138 Centre street, being duly sworn, says that he is a salesman at that place; that on the evening of the 12th October, 1874, his attention was drawn to the presence of Louis Leubuscher and others, who claimed to have an execution against Luddeck & Kappmeier, a firm doing business up stairs over where deponent is employed; that deponent had some household furniture stored with said firm, and went to see after it, when he was met by said Leubuscher, Thomas Cuba, and Richard C. Walsh, who had been drinking, and were very violent in their language and actions; that deponent spoke to Walsh, and requested him to desist from his abuse of the persons employed by said firm of Luddeck & Kappmeier, when Leubuscher caught him by the throat and attempted to choke him; that said parties then threw him down, kicked him about the head and body, and shoved him out of the place; that deponent saw said parties strike several persons in the employ of said Luddeck & Kappmeier while deponent was there. There was no occasion whatever for the violence complained of. That deponent called at the Fifth Precinct and complained against said parties, which complaint was entertained and they were locked up; that when deponent was called to appear against said parties on the following morning, before Justice Morgan, he made his statement, which was denied by said parties, and, although deponent had ten witnesses present, none were called, and said parties were discharged.

Lizzie Ortner, aged fourteen years, of No. 186 Rivington street, being sworn, says that on the day mentioned above she was in the employ of Luddeck & Kappmeier, and was present when Leubuscher, Cuba, and Walsh came in. She was working in the back part of the store, with five other girls, when said Walsh chased them from their work, and caught deponent in his arms and kissed her, and tried to throw her down; that said parties had been drinking; that she broke away from Walsh, and saw him strike Mr. Kappmeier, when, becoming frightened, she ran into the street. When she returned she found the other girls crying, and several complained they had been assaulted by Leubuscher and his assistants.

Martin Blumbein, of No. 334 Fifth street, employed by Luddeck & Kappmeier, being sworn, says that on the evening of the day already mentioned, on his return from delivering a message, he was met at the door by Richard C. Walsh, who caught him by the throat and threw him down, assisted by Leubuscher and Cuba, and that while prostrate said parties beat and kicked him about the face and body. That deponent gave them no provocation whatever.

Capt. Kennedy, of the Sixth Precinct, who considers the case one of unparalleled outrage, has made the following affidavit:

Thomas J. Kennedy, being sworn, says that he is Captain of the Sixth Precinct of the Municipal Police of the City and County of New-York; that on the evening in question, while on duty in his station-house, Officer O'Hara, of his command, brought in Louis Leubuscher, Thomas Cuba, George Luddecke, and Charles C. Lewis; that said Lewis stated to deponent he had been assaulted by Lebuscher, Cuba, and Walsh; that Lewis bore marks of violence on his person, finger-marks on his throat, and bruises on his face; that upon a thorough examination of the case deponent believed the matter to be such as would warrant an investigation by the Police Magistrate, and ordered the parties to be locked up. During his examination of the case deponent learned Leubuscher was a City Marshal and Walsh was his clerk, and that Cuba made indecent proposals to several of the girls employed in the premises, and after trying to throw one girl down on the floor, kissed her. That said Marshal and his assistants had been drinking, and deponent thoroughly believed they had committed the assault complained of, which was his sole reason for locking them up.

A civil suit has been begun against Leubuscher, and additional witnesses will appear before the Mayor and give their testimony.

UNPRECEDENTED DISPATCH OF CRIMINAL BUSINESS.

Judges Andrews and Adams, of the Court of Appeals, visited Recorder Hackett and District Attorney Rollins, in the Court of General Sessions, yesterday, and expressed their satisfaction at the rapid dispatch of business. The Judges witnessed the rather novel sight of seeing the court wait the coming in of the Grand Jury to commence business—the calendar for the day being made up from the cases before the grand inquest on the previous day, the old cases having all been disposed of. This satisfactory state of affairs has never before been experienced in the history of the Court of General Sessions. From the commencement of the present month up to the adjournment of court yesterday, some 212 cases have been disposed of.

BURGLARY OF AN UNOCCUPIED HOUSE.

Detective Reid, of the Twenty-ninth Precinct, while passing down Twenty-eighth street, about 3 o'clock yesterday morning, saw a man with a heavy bag on his shoulder walking down Twenty-eighth street. He arrested him, and the bag was found to contain $400 worth of chandeliers and gas fixtures stolen from the house of John Russell, No. 106 West Twenty-eighth street. The prisoner, whose name is William Johnson, was committed without bail by Justice Flammer, at Jefferson Market Police Court.

A PAINSTAKING BURGLAR.

William Bosey, of No. 72 Grand street, was yesterday held in $3,000 bail by Justice Flammer, at the Jefferson Market Police Court, on a charge of burglary. The prisoner was arrested at 1 o'clock on yesterday morning, by Officer Miskell, of the Eighth Precinct, in the act of leaving the cigar-store No. 482 Broome street. In his possession was found an auger, which had been used to bore holes through the flooring from the basement, by which means he had effected an entrance.

POLICE TRIALS.

Eighty-four complaints against members of the Police force were heard by Commissioner Voorhis at the Central Office yesterday. Roundsman O'Halloran, of the Fifth Precinct, was accused of clubbing a female child ten years of age. The evidence proved the charge to be utterly trivial, and to all appearances trumped up against the officer by the Captain of the Precinct. The complaint was dismissed. Patrolman Doran, of the Fifth Precinct, was tried for not properly patrolling his post. The evidence failed to bear out the charge, and the complaint was dismissed. Patrolman Pembroke was charged with being intoxicated on the 13th inst. As the accused failed to appear for trial, he will probably be dismissed. Patrolman Patrick F. Waters, of the Twentieth Precinct, was charged with intoxication on the 13th inst., and was marked for dismissal. Sergt. John F. Wright, of the Twenty-first Precinct, was fined one day's pay for neglecting to enter the name of a prisoner on the blotter.

FIRST EXCURSION OF THE CITY OF TOKIO.

The first excursion trial trip of the City of Tokio will take place from Pier No. 42 North River at 9 o'clock this morning. The Pacific Mail steamship City of Panama, (1,800 tons burden,) Capt. J. F. Lewis, will attend the City of Tokio, (5,500 tons burden,) and take off, for return to New-York, all guests who may not desire to remain on the ocean all night. The City of Tokio will not return before 6 o'clock to-morrow evening. About 600 guests, many of them members of the first commercial houses, and representatives of the highest business and social circles of the Metropolis, have accepted invitations to this excursion.

THE DIVIDEND OF A BANKRUPT.

A New-Haven paper says that there are some in that city who may remember the brief but glorious career of John H. Phelps as proprietor and manager of the Union Olympic Theatre. Among these is landlord Bradley, of the Florence House, to whom Phelps owed $53, and who has received the following cheering epistle:

LAW OFFICE OF SHERMAN W. ADAMS,
HARTFORD, Conn., Oct. 17, 1874.

Mr. C. W. Bradley:

SIR: Please receive herewith twenty-eight cents the amount of dividend due you on account of claim against the assigned estate of John H. Phelps, insolvent debtor. The estate pays fifty-five cents on the hundred dollars. Yours, &c.,

S. W. ADAMS, Trustee.

LOADED WOOD IN KENTUCKY.

The Bowling Green (Ky.) *Democrat* relates this: "John Miller's wood pile was alongside his yard fence, on the public street, in the eastern part of this city. He suspected some one of stealing his wood, so he found a stick with a wood-pecker hole in it, filled it up with gunpowder, closed the hole with clay, and awaited developments. A colored friend, Jim Watson, 'in the gloaming,' appropriated that and other sticks, and Miller followed along to see what would happen. It did happen, blowing the end of Jim's shanty out, and with it a chunk of stone that struck Ed. Jones, who was passing along the street, and cut him severely. Miller, who was standing by, went to Jones' aid and explained the joke to the wounded man, and now Jones sues Miller for his injury, alleging that he had no right to put a loaded chunk in the highway to be picked up and used against unsuspecting travelers. Can he recover?"

FINANCIAL AFFAIRS.

SALES AT THE STOCK EXCHANGE—OCT. 21.

SALES BEFORE THE CALL—10 A. M.

100	West. Union	79½	100	North-western	37½
500	do.	79⅝	2000	do.	37½
5000	do.....s60.	79	600	do.	37½
100	do.	79½	1500	do.	37⅜
300	do.....s3.	79⅝	200	do.	37⅜
100	do.	79⅝	100	do.	37¼
300	do.	79¼	300	do.	37⅛
200	do.	79⅜	100	do.....s3.	37
300	N. Y. C. & Hud.	100⅞	100	do.	37⅛
100	do.	100⅞	200	do.	36⅞
100	Rock Island	97⅞	200	do.	36¾
300	do.....s3.	98	200	do.	36⅝
100	do.	98	500	do.....s3.	36½
1200	Union Pac...s3.	34	100	do.....c.	36⅝
500	do.	34⅛	400	do.	36¾
1000	do.	34⅛	100	do.	36⅞
100	do.....b3.	34⅜	1300	Erie Railway	29
300	do.	34¼	1100	do.	29⅛
500	do.	34⅛	1400	do.	29¼
100	do.....s3.	34	300	do.	29⅛
800	do.	34	200	do.....s3.	29
800	do.....s3.	33⅞	800	do.	29
500	do.	33⅞	600	do.	28⅞
1600	do.....s3.	33⅞	1400	do.....b3.	29
200	Del., L. & W.	107¼	1000	Tol. & Wabash	29⅞
100	Bos., H. & Erie	¾	300	do.	29⅝
500	Lake Shore	79⅝	800	do.	29½
100	do.....s3.	79½	300	do.	29⅝
500	do.	79⅝	500	do.	29¾
400	do.	79¾	200	do.....c.	29⅝
200	do.	79¾	100	do.	29¾
300	do.....s3.	79¾	700	do.	29⅞
1000	do.....s3.	79⅝	200	do.	30
500	do.	79⅝	200	do.....c.	29⅞
500	do.....s60.	79⅛	1000	do.	30
200	do.....c.	79½	200	do.	29⅞
1000	do.	79½	500	do.	29¾
1400	do.	79⅜	800	do.	29⅝
100	do.	79⅛	100	do.....s30.	29⅝
400	do.....s3.	79⅜	600	do.	29⅝
400	do.	79½	300	do.	29½
500	do.....s60.	79	1400	do.	29⅝
800	do.	79½	400	do.	29⅜
500	do.....s3.	79⅜	100	do.....b10.	29¾
100	Pacific Mail...s3.	46⅛	100	St. Paul	32⅝
700	do.	46⅛	100	do.	32⅞
1400	do.	46⅛	300	do.	32⅝
100	do.	46⅜	100	do.	32½
200	do.....s3.	46¼	200	do.	32⅜
500	do.....s3.	46⅜	200	do.	32¼
100	do.	46¼	100	do.....s3.	32⅜
550	Ohio & Miss.	28¼	100	St. Paul Pref.	50
300	do.	28⅜	100	C., C. & I. C.	9½
100	do.	28¼	300	do.....b3.	9⅝
500	do.	28	100	do.....c.	9¾

GOVERNMENT STOCKS—10:15 AND 11:30 A. M.

$7,000	U.S. 6s,'81, C.118½	$5,000	U. S. 5-20 R., '67......12.117¼
1,000	U. S. 6s,'81, R.118	1,000	U. S. 5-20 C., '67......12.117⅞
5,000	do....b. c.117¾	1,500	do......117⅞
2,000	U. S. 5-20 C., '64......12.116¼	1,100	do...small.117¼
2,000	do....b. c.116⅜	3,400	U. S. 6s, '81, C......112½
10,000	U. S. 5-20 C., '65, N....12.116⅜		
10,000	do....b. c.116½		

FIRST BOARD—10:30 A. M.

$1,000	Mo. 6s, '78	95¾	120	Del. & H.Can.b. c.	116
10,000	Va. 6s, Con.	53	100	N.Y.C. & H.b.c.s3.	100⅝
10,000	Va. 6s, Def.	9	100	do.	101
5,000	do.	9¼	25	American Ex.	61
2,000	Brook. 6s,W.L.	96½	100	U. S. Ex......b. c.	66
1,000	Alb. & S. 2d	101	400	Pac. M.S.S.Co.b.c.	46⅛
1,000	B.,C.R.& M.1st.	59	100	do.....s3.	46¼
5,000	La. & Mo. 1st.	83	100	do.	46⅜
3,000	Chic. & N. W.		1900	do.	46½
	gen. c. gold b.	81	200	do.....s3.	46⅜
2,000	Mor. & Es.1st.	109	500	do.....b3.	46½
5,000	C. & R.I.&P.7s.	106¼	200	do.	46⅝
2,000	L. S. 1st, C. R.	98	200	Panama	113
5,000	C.& Tol. new b.	98	100	do..b. c.b3.	112⅞
1,000	N.Y.& N. H. 6s.	100½	200	do.	113
1,000	Tol.& Wab.2d.	70¼	200	Ill. Cen......b. c.	91
10,000	do.	70	1200	Un. Pac......b. c.	34
1,000	N.Y. C. 6s, '87.	98	100	do.....b3.	34⅛
10,000	N.Y.Cen.1st,C.	109⅝	100	do.	34⅛
1,000	West. Pac. bs.	84	600	do.	34
1,000	Un. Pac. 1st.	88⅝	200	do.....b3.	34
5,000	U. P. 7s, L.Gt.	86¼	800	do.	34⅛
2,000	U. Pac. S. F.	74	200	do.....b3.	34¼
10,000	P.,F.W.&C.1st.	109	100	do.....s3.	34⅛
4,000	P.,F.W & C.2d.	105	120	Cl. & Pitts. Guar.	87
10,000	Ohio & M. con.	92¼	100	Ch. & Rk. I.,b. c.	97⅞
13,000	Gt. W. 1st, '88.	87	100	do.	98
5,000	Gt. W. 2d	71¼	400	do.....b3.	98
2,000	do.	71	500	C., M. & St. P.b.c.	32½
1,000	do......b. c.	70½	800	C. & N. W.....u. r.	36⅞
35	Cen. Nat. Bank	100	100	do.....b. c.	36¾
5	Bank of N. Amer.	92½	300	do.....s3.	36⅝
10	Bank of Republic	104½	100	do.	36½
40	Bank of Com.	116½	500	do.	36⅝
100	Consol. Coal..b. c.	45	300	do.	36¾
100	Md. Coal......b. c.	19	400	do.	36⅞
500	W. Un. Tel.....b. c.	79⅝	900	do.	37
10	do.	79⅜	200	do.	37⅛
200	do.	79¾	500	do.	37¼
1100	do......b3.	79½	200	do.....s3.	37¼
300	do......s3.	79⅜	100	do.	37⅛
300	do.	79½	300	do.	37
200	do......b3.	79⅝	200	do.....u. r. c.	36⅞
100	do......s3.	79½	100	do.	37⅛
300	do.	79½	200	do.	37¼
300	do......c.	79½	100	do.....s3.	37
300	do......b3.	79⅝	100	do.	37¼
900	do.	79⅝	600	do.	37⅜
100	do......c.	79⅝	500	do.	37¼
100	do......b3.	79¾	100	C. & N. W. Pf.b. c.	54
100	do.	79⅝	100	C.,M. & St.P.Pf.b.c.	50
1000	Erie.......b. c.	29	60	P.,Ft.W.& C.Guar.	92
500	do.	29¼	100	do...b. c. s3.	92¼
100	do......s3.	29⅛	100	do.	92
100	do.	29⅛	100	H. & St. Jo. Pref.	29
700	do.	29	300	T., Wab. & W.b.c.	29⅞
900	do......b3.	29	100	do.....s3.	29⅞
300	do.	29¼	400	do.....b3.	30
300	do.	29½	800	do.....s3.	30
500	L. S. & M. So.b. c.	79½	100	do.	29⅞
800	do.	79½	1000	do.	29¾
700	do.	79⅝	800	do.	30
1000	do......b3.	79¾	200	do.	30⅛
300	do......s3.	79⅜	100	do.....b3.	30¼
100	do.	79⅝	20	Mor. & Es...b. c.	97¼
700	do.	79½	20	do.	97½
100	do......s3.	79⅜	300	B.,H. & E.b. c.s3.	¾
100	do......b3.	79½	200	do.	⅞
100	do.	79½	100	St. L., I. M. & So.	15⅝
200	do......s3.	79½	100	do.	15½
100	do......b3.	79⅝	600	Ohio & Miss.b. c.	28⅛
200	do.	79⅝	100	do.....s3.	28¼
500	do.	79¾	1900	do.	28¼
2600	do.	79⅞	100	C., C. & I. C..b. c.	9⅜
8000	do.	80	100	do.	9⅞
800	do......b3.	80	100	do.	9⅝
1500	do.	80⅛	100	do.....s30.	9½
1200	do......b3.	80⅛	100	do.....s30.	9⅜
300	do.	80	100	do.	9¾
100	do......s3.	79⅞	100	do.	9½

SALES BEFORE THE CALL—12:30 P. M.

100	W. U. Tel.......c.	79⅝	300	Lake Shore...b3.	80
500	do......s3.	79⅝	700	do.	80
100	do......b3.	79¾	2400	do.	80⅛
100	Pacific Mail	46½	100	do.....b3.	80⅛
100	do......b3.	46⅝	3900	do.	80¼
500	Un. Pacific.....s3.	34	5500	do.	80⅜
200	do......s3.	34⅛	3500	do.	80⅛
800	Erie Railway..b3.	29⅛	500	do.	80⅜
200	do.	29⅛	100	do.....b3.	80½
100	do......s3.	29	100	North-west Pf.	54¼
200	do......s4.	29	200	Tol. & Wabash	30⅛
100	North-western	37⅛	100	do.....s3.	30
200	do.	37⅜	100	do.....b3.	30
100	do.	37¼	200	do.	30
200	Ohio & Miss.	28¼	400	do.	30⅛
200	C., C. & I. C.	9½	100	do.....b3.	30⅛

GOVERNMENT STOCKS—2 P. M.

$3,000 U.S. 6s, R.,'81......117¾

SECOND BOARD—1 P. M.

$10,000	Tenn. 6s,N.S.	53	400	L.S. & M.S.b.c.s3.	80¼
6,000	Tenn. 6s, Old.,		500	do.....b3.	80⅜
	ex. c.....b. c.	52	200	do.....s5.	80¼
3,000	Tenn. 6s, new,		2100	do.....s3.	80¼
	ex. coup..b. c.	52	400	do.....s3.	80¼
4,000	Brookl'n6s,W.		600	do.	80⅛
	L.......b. c.	96½	500	do.....s3.	80
7,000	N.Y.C. 6s,'87.	98½	2100	do.	80
1,000	Har. 1st.7s,C.	109¾	100	do.....s3.	79⅞
5,000	Buff.& S.L.1st.	101	300	do.....b3.	80
1,000	Mich. S. 2d	102	100	do.	80⅛
4,000	C., C.,C.&I.1st.	105½	1200	do.	80
5,000	Mich. Cen. 7s.	102	800	Union Pac....b. c.	34⅛
5,000	C. & N. W. C.	84½	1700	do.....s3.	34
2,000	P., F. W.&C3d.	94	300	do.	34
1,000	Del. & H. Reg.,		200	do.	33⅞
	'91......b. c.	106	400	do.	33⅞
5,000	Erie 1stM.b. c.	104½	300	do.	33⅝
700	W. U. Tel.b.c..b3.	79⅜	1200	do.	33¾
100	do......s3.	79⅝	200	Panama R....b. c.	113½
500	do.	79¾	200	C. & N. W..b. c. c.	37¼
1500	do......s3.	79¾	200	do.	37¼
300	do......b3.	79⅞	200	do.	37⅛
1300	do.	79¾	200	do.....s3.	37
600	do.	79⅝	100	do.	37
450	do.	79½	100	do.....s6.	36⅞
1500	do.	79—	100	do.	36⅞
100	Mar. L. & M.	5	1600	do.	36⅝
100	Pa. Mail..b. c. b3.	45⅝	100	do.	36⅞
300	do.	46⅛	100	C. & N. W. Pf.b. c.	54
300	do.	46⅜	21	C., C., C. & I.	67
400	do......s3.	46⅛	50	N. J. Cen......b. c.	104
100	do.	46⅜	100	C. & R. I...b. c.b3.	98
300	do.	46½	100	do.	98⅛
200	N. Y. C.& H.b.c.s3.	100¾	200	C.,M. & St. P...b. c.	32½
200	do.	100⅞	100	T., W. & W..b. c.	30⅛
400	Erie R.......b. c.	29¼	100	do.	30¼
100	do.	29⅜	100	do.	30⅛
700	do......b3.	28⅞	200	do.	30
20	do.	29⅛	300	do.	29⅞
800	do.	29⅜	200	do.	29¾
200	do......s3.	29¼	500	do.	29¾
500	do.	29¼	200	do.	29¾
300	do......b3.	29⅜	300	do.....s30.	29⅝
300	C., C. & I. C..b.c.	9½	10	P., Ft.W. & C.G'd.	92⅜
10	do.	9⅜	100	D., L. & W.	107¼
100	do.	9⅛	50	do......b. c.	107⅜
100	do.	9⅛	100	Bos., H. &E.b. c. c.	¾
400	do.	9	300	St. L. & I.Mt. S.	15½
100	do.	9⅛	100	Ohio & M......b. c.	28⅛
100	do.	9⅛	100	do.	28
100	At. & P. Pf...b. c.	12½	200	H. & St. Jo.....b. c.	24¾

SALES FROM 2:30 TO 3 P. M.

$25,000	Reg. 6s,'81	118	100	Union Pacific...s3.	33¾
4,000	N. West. I. bs.	97½	400	do.....b3.	33⅞
100	Pacific Mail	46½	200	do.	33⅞
500	do.	46⅜	100	do.....s5.	33¾
800	do......b3.	46½	100	do.	33⅞
400	do.	46½	1300	do.	34
800	West. Union..b3.	79¾	100	North-western	37⅛
1000	Erie Railway	29¼	100	do.....b3.	37¼
1000	do......s3.	29¼	400	do.	37¼
300	do......b3.	29¼	100	Tol. & Wab.....s3.	29¾
200	do.	29¼	50	do.	30
1900	Lake Shore	80	300	do.	29⅞
100	do......b5.	80	300	do.....b3.	30
500	do.	80⅛	300	do.	30
100	do......s3.	80⅛	100	B., H. & E.....b3.	⅞
200	do......b3.	80⅛	500	do.....s3.	
2000	do.	80¼	200	C., B. & Quincy	101
1000	do......s3.	80⅜	100	C., C. & I. C.	9⅜
1500	do......b3.	80⅜	100	do.....s10.	9⅛
300	do.	80⅜	300	Ohio & Miss.	28⅛
200	N. West. Pref.	53⅞	300	do.	28
100	C., C., C. & I.	67	100	do.....s3.	28⅛
300	Rock Island...s3.	97⅞	300	At. & Pacific Pf.	12½
200	do.	97⅞	100	do.	12¼

WEDNESDAY, Oct. 21—P. M.

Affairs in financial circles have been generally dull to-day, and in the Wall street markets there has been a singularly irregular alternation of weakness and firmness, with light transactions in all classes of speculation and investment. Money and Foreign Exchange were active and higher, Gold firm, Government Bonds dull but well sustained, and Stocks barely steady throughout the day's dealings. The sales of all the leading shares fell much below the average volume, excepting in the single instance of Lake Shore, which is being pretty thoroughly "washed" on the strength of the "put" for 50,000 shares recently sold by Commodore Vanderbilt. This transaction may give rise to an interesting episode in the market before many weeks have passed. The general market was devoid of miscellaneous news to-day, but shortly after the close there were rumors of a very heavy failure, in which a large manufacturing concern having extensive European contracts was involved. No definite information concerning it could be obtained up to the close of business, though an inquiry made in the proper quarter failed to elicit any contradiction of the story.

The Foreign Exchanges were firm all day, Sterling sixty day bills at prime bankers' counters being quoted at $4 85@$4 85¼, for actual business, and $4 88@$4 88½ for demand. At the close Short Sight Bills advanced stiffly to $4 88½@$4 89, actual selling rates, on the strength of advices from London reporting a better demand for money, with an advance in the market rate of discount on 90 day bills, to 3⅞ ₩ cent. This is only ⅛ ₩ cent below the Bank of England rate, and as there has been a steady loss of bullion on balance for each day of the week a further advance of the Bank rate at the weekly meeting of Managers to-morrow is considered by no means improbable. The monetary situation here was easy during the morning and the earlier part of the afternoon at the rate of 2½ to 3 ₩ cent. per annum on Call, but shortly before the close the market became quite active, and Loans were done at 4@5 ₩ cent., the closing rate being 4. Gold was firm throughout at 110⅛@110¼, the only prices of the day, the opening and closing rates being at the lower figures. On Gold Loans borrowers paid 1-64 of 1 ₩ cent. ₩ diem, and at the rate of 1 to 7 ₩ cent. ₩ annum; at the close 1 to 2 ₩ cent was paid to have balances carried. Government Bonds were firm, but the sales at the Exchange Boards were extremely light, amounting but $52,000. Of this sum only $3,000 were sold at the second board. Shortly before the close $25,000 United States registered 6s of 1881 changed hands at 118, a lot of $7,000 of the same issue at the morning Board having brought 118½. Coupon 5-20s of 1867 sold at 117⅝@117¾, and a lot of small bonds at 117¼; registered '67s at 117¾; coupons of '65, new, at 116⅜@116½, and new 5s, coupon, at 112½.

As compared with the closing quotations of yesterday, the Stock Market opened as follows: New-York Central, Union Pacific, and Wabash steady, Erie ⅜ ₩ cent. lower, Pacific Mail ⅛ ₩ cent., and Boston, Hartford and Erie ¼ ₩ cent.; Lake Shore, Rock Island, Western Union, and C., C. and I. C. were ⅛ ₩ cent. higher, and North-west and St. Paul Common and Ohio and Mississippi ¼ ₩ cent. Before the first call the most important changes were in North-west Common and Wabash, the former declining 1 ₩ cent., to 36½, and the latter advancing ¾ ₩ cent., to 30. Lake Shore ranged from 79¾ to 79⅜, Western Union from 79⅛ to 79¼, St. Paul from 32⅞ to 32¼, and Erie from 29¼ to 28⅞. Pacific Mail rose from 46⅛ to 46⅜, and then reacted. Union Pacific sold at 34@34⅛@34. Rock Island rose from 97⅞ to 98, and C. C. and I. C. from 9⅜ to 9¾. At the first call, Union Pacific declined to 33¾, but this stock rallied ⅜ ₩ cent. before 1 o'clock. The whole market, in fact, became firmer in tone, and improved chiefly under the influence of a show of strength in Lake Shore, which rose from 79⅜ to 80⅜. North-west recovered from 37⅜, and Wabash, after receding to 29½, rose to 30¼. Western Union advanced to 79⅞, and Pacific Mail to 46⅝, the improvement in the remainder of the list having been ⅛ to ⅜ ₩ cent. Shortly after 1 o'clock Lake Shore sold at 80½; Western Union, 79⅞; Erie, 29⅜; Rock Island, 98⅛; Wabash, 30¼; and Pacific Mail, 46⅝—the highest prices of the day. C., C. and I. C. here fell off to 9⅛, a decline of ⅞ ₩ cent. from early sales; Lake Shore, later, reacted to 79⅞, North-west Common to 36¾, Western Union to 79¼, Rock Island to 97⅞, Wabash to 29⅞, Union Pacific to 33⅝, and Pacific Mail to 46¼. During the last fifteen minutes an advance on these prices of ¼ to ½ ₩ cent. took place, the market closing steady. Panama advanced to 113½, Fort Wayne sold at 92@92⅜, Morris and Essex at 97¼@97½, Pittsburg at 87, Delaware, Lackawanna and Western at 107¼@107⅜, New-Jersey Central at 104, Illinois Central at 91, and Chicago, Burlington and Quincy at 101. The Railway Mortgages were generally firm on moderate inquiry, the sales being distributed in small lots over all the leading issues. Chicago and North-westerns were more active than usual, Gold coupons selling at 81; Interest Bonds, 97½, and Consolidated Mortgage, 84½. Great Westerns were weak, selling down from 71¼ to 70½ for second, and 87 for first. New-York Central, coupon first, brought 109⅝; Morris and Essex first, 109; New-York and New-Haven sixes, 100½; Fort Wayne, third, 94; Wabash, second, 70@70¼; Buffalo and State Line, first, 101; C., C., C. and Indianapolis, first, 105½; Union Pacific, first, 88⅝; Land Grants, 86¼; Sinking Funds, 74. State Bonds were dull and steady, and Bank Shares firm on light dealings.

The Assistant Treasurer paid out on Government account $22,000 for interest on the Public Debt, and $5,000 in redemption of called bonds. The receipts for Customs were $213,900.

The closing prices of to-day compare as follows with those of Tuesday's final sales:

Closing Quotations—OCT. 21.

	Tuesday.	Wednesday.
U. S. New 5s, coup., 1881	112½	112½
U. S. 5-20s, coup., 1862	113¼	113
U. S. 5-20s, coup., 1867	117¾	117¾
American Gold	110⅛	110⅛
Bills on London, 60 days	$4 85@$4 85¼	$4 85@$4 85¼
N. Y. Central and Hudson	100¾	100⅞
Chicago and Rock Island	97⅞	97⅞
Pacific Mail	46¼	46½
St. Paul Common	32⅝	32½
St. Paul Preferred	50	50
Western Union	79⅜	79⅝
Union Pacific	34	34
Lake Shore	79½	80⅜
Toledo and Wabash	29¼	30
North-western Common	37⅛	37⅛
North-western Preferred	53	54
Delaware and Lackawanna	107¼	107¼
New-Jersey Central	104	104
Panama	112⅝	113
Erie	29⅜	29¼
Ohio and Mississippi	28	28⅛
C., C. and Indiana Central	9½	9⅛
Harlem	128½	128½

The extreme range of prices in Stocks and the number of shares sold are as follows:

	Highest.	Lowest.	No. of Shares.
New-York Central	101	100¾	1,900
Erie	29⅜	28⅞	17,120
Morris & Essex	97½	97¼	40
Lake Shore	80½	79⅜	58,900
Wabash	30¼	29¼	17,950
North-western	37½	36½	17,300
North-western Preferred	54¼	54	500
Rock Island	98⅛	97⅞	1,800
Fort Wayne	92⅜	92	260
Milwaukee & St. Paul	32⅞	32¼	1,800
Milwaukee & St. Paul, Pref.	50	50	200
Pittsburg	87	87	120
Del., Lac. & Western	107¼	107¼	350
New-Jersey Central	104	104	50
Chicago, Bur. & Quincy	101	101	200
Illinois Central	91	91	200
Union Pacific	34⅜	33⅝	18,600
C., C., C. & Indianapolis	67	67	121
C., C. & Indiana Central	9⅞	9	3,310
Hannibal & St. Joseph	24¾	24¾	200
Hannibal & St. Joseph Pref.	29	29	200
Ohio & Mississippi	28⅜	28	5,050
Boston, Hartford & Erie	⅞	¾	1,300
Panama	113	112⅞	700
Western Union	79⅞	79¼	17,860
Atlantic & Pacific Pref.	12½	12¼	400
Pacific Mail	79⅞	79¼	10,100
Consolidation Coal	45	45	400
Maryland Coal	19	19	100
Mariposa	5	5	100
Delaware & Hud. Canal	116	116	100
United States Express	66	66	100
Iron Mountain	15⅝	15½	400
Total sales			177,751

The latest quotations of prices for Government Bonds are the following:

	Bid.	Asked.
U. S. Currency, 6s	118	118¼
U. S. 6s, 1881, Registered	117¾	118
U. S. 6s, 1881, Coupons	118½	118¾
U. S. 5-20s, 1862, Registered	109½	110
U. S. 5-20s, 1862, Coupons	113	113½
U. S. 5-20s, 1864, Registered	111⅞	112½
U. S. 5-20s, 1864, Coupons	116	116½
U. S. 5-20s, 1865, Registered	113¼	113½
U. S. 5-20s, 1865, Coupons	117⅛	117⅜
U. S. 5-20s, 1865, new, Registered	116⅛	116⅜
U. S. 5-20s, 1865, new, Coupons	116⅜	116½
U. S. 5-20s, 1867, Registered	117⅛	117½
U. S. 5-20s, 1867, Coupons	117⅝	117⅞
U. S. 5-20s, 1868, Registered	117¼	117¾
U. S. 5-20s, 1868, Coupons	117¾	117⅞
U. S. 10-40s, Registered	111⅞	112⅛
U. S. 10-40s, Coupons	112	112½
U. S. 5s, 1881, Registered	111¼	111½
U. S. 5s, 1881, Coupons	112½	112⅞
Central Pacific Gold Bonds	92¼	92½
Western Pacific Gold Bonds	83½	84½

The day's operations at the Gold Exchange Bank resulted as follows:

Gross clearances	$25,163,000
Gold balances	2,277,052
Currency balances	2,718,605

And at the Clearing-house as follows:

Currency exchanges	$73,030,736
Currency balances	3,811,006
Gold exchanges	7,663,762
Gold balances	334,598

The following are the bids for Railway Mortgages:

Alb. & Sus. 1st bs.	104⅝	Buff. & Erie n. bs.	97¾
Alb. & Sus. 2d bs.	101	Buff. & S. Line 7s.	100
Bos.,H. & Erie guar.	30	Kal. & W. P. 1st.	85
B.,C. R. & M.1st 7s,g.	59	L. Shore Div. bs.	97
Chic. & Alt. 1st.	110	L. Shore Con. C. 1st.	100½
Chic. & Alt. Inc.	98½	L. Shore Cons. R.1st.	98¾
Joliet & Chic. 1st.	107	L. Shore C. C. 2d.	92
La. & Mo. 1st guar.	83	Mar. & Cin. 1st.	100
St.L.,Jack.& Chi.1st.	96	Mich. Cen. C.7s,1902.	101¾
Chic.,B.&Q.8 ₩c.1st.	111	Mich.C.1st 8s,'82,S.F.	109
Chic., R. I. & Pac.	106	N. Y. & N. H. 6s.	100½
Cen. R. of N. J.1st,n.	107	N. Y. Cen. 6s, '83.	97¼
Cen. R. of N. J. C. C.	103½	N. Y. Cen. 6s, '87.	98
Am. Dk. & Im. bs.	97	N. Y. Cen. 6s, R. E.	93
Mil.&St.P.1st 8sP.D.	106	N. Y. Cen. 6s, Snb.	93
M.&S.P.1st7 3-10PD.	90	N. Y. Cen. 7s, '76.	101½
M. & St.P.7s, G.R.D.	80	N. Y. C. & H. 1st C.	109⅝
M.& St.P.1st LaC.D.	80	N. Y. C. & H. 1st R.	109¾
M.& St. P.1st C.&M.	75	H. R. 7s, 3d, '75.	103
Chic. & N. W. S. F.	100	Har. 1st 7s, coup.	109
Chic. & N. W. I. bs.	97	Har. 1st 7s, reg.	109¼
Chic. & N. W. C. bs.	82½	North Mo. 1st.	80½
Chic. & N. W. 1st.	94	Ohio & Miss. C. S. F.	94
Chi. & N.W. c. g. bs.	81	Ohio & Miss. Con.	92⅛
Galena & Chic. Ext.	102½	Ohio & M. 2d, Cons.	74½
Chic. & Mil. 1st.	93	Cen. Pac. G. bs.	92¼
C.C.C. & I.1st 7s S.F.	105	West. Pac. bonds.	83½
Del., L. & W. 1st.	100½	Union Pac. 1st bs.	88¼
Del.,Lack.& W.7s C.	107	Union Pac. L. G. 7s.	86
Morris & E. 1st.	108	Union Pac. In. p. d.	89
Morris & E. 2d.	102	Union Pac. S. F.	73¾
Morris & E. con.	94	Pac. R. of Mo. 1st.	80⅜
Erie 3d 7s, '83.	89	P., F. W. & C. 2d.	104¾
Long Dock bonds.	100¼	P., F. W. & C. 3d.	94
B., N. Y. & E. L. bs.	88	Clev. & P. C. S. F.	101
D. & Sioux C. 1st.	97½	Clev. & Pitts. 3d.	102
Ind., B. & W. 1st.	43	Clev. & Pitts. 4th.	91¼
M. So. 7 ₩ ct. 2d.	101¾	Col., C. & I. C. 1st.	70
M.So.N.I.S.F.7 ₩c.	104½	Col., C. & I. C. 2d.	25
Clev. & Tol. S. F.	100	Alton & T. H. 2d In.	72
Clev. & Tol. n. bs.	97½	T., P. & W.1st,E. D.	80
Clev., P. & A. o. bs.	100	T.,P. & W., Cons. 7s.	50
Clev., P. & A. n. bs.	96	Tol. & W. 1st St.L.D.	71½
Det., Mon. & T. bs.	98	Quin. & Tol. 1st, '90.	69

The interest coupons of the Denver & Rio Grande Railway Company's 7 ₩ cent. Gold Mortgage Bonds, due Nov. 1, will be paid on and after that date by Duncan, Sherman & Co.

The Central Colorado Improvement Company's 6 ₩ cent. Gold Mortgage Coupons, due Nov. 1, will also be paid by Duncan, Sherman & Co., on and after that date.

COMMERCIAL AFFAIRS.

NEW-YORK, Wednesday, Oct. 21, 1874.

COFFEE—The arrival of the South America adds 10,066 bags Rio, of a generally good average quality. Samples of this cargo came on the market this afternoon. One invoice of 1,000 bags was placed at a full price. Demand fair. Quotations as in our last. Stock in first hands this evening, 13,566 bags. Other kinds have been quoted strong, as in yesterday's report, with a good demand noted. Sales, 976 bags Maracaibo, at 18c., and 328 bags do., at 17¼c., gold. The Java sale of over 100,000 pks., at Rotterdam, is reported as having passed off quite spiritedly at an improvement of about 3 centimes. Invoices to the amount of 2,007 bags Maracaibo arrived to-day. From Baltimore a sale of 4,800 bags Rio, by the Gotland, was reported on private terms.

COTTON—The business for early delivery has been moderate, mainly for export, though partly for spinning, at a reduction of ⅛c. ₩ lb., closing tamely. Sales have been reported since our last of 2,187 bales, (of which 1,763 bales were placed last evening,) including 1,397 bales to shippers, 722 bales to spinners, and 68 bales to speculators. Of the sales, 400 bales were to arrive. The following are the quotations in New York, as based on the old standard, and on Cotton, in store, running in quality not more than half a grade above or below the grade quoted: Ordinary, 13c.; Good Ordinary, 13⅝c.; Strict Good Ordinary, 14⅝c.; Low Middling, 14⅞c.; Middling, 15¼c.; Good Middling, 16⅛c. ₩ lb....For forward delivery, the business has been quite extensive, at, however, a shade easier prices, influenced, in part, by the free arrivals of stock at the shipping ports and unsatisfactory Liverpool advices, which are of continued dullness, closing rather more steadily. Sales have been reported since our last of 28,300 bales, of which 7,500 bales were on last evening and 20,800 bales to-day, with 2,200 bales more at the calls, on the basis of Low Middling, with October options closing at 14 27-32c.@14⅞c.; November, 14 13-16c.; December, 15 1-32c.@15 1-16c.; January, 15 9-32c.@15 5-16c.; February, 15 21-32c.; March, 15 15-16c.@15 31-32c.; April, 16¼c.@16 9-32c.; May, 16 15-32c.@16½c.; and June, 16 11-16c.@16 23-32c. ₩ lb. The receipts at this port to-day were 10,367 bales, including 930 bales from Norfolk, 1,765 bales from Savannah, 1,097 bales from New-Orleans, 1,297 bales from Galveston, 4,217 bales from Charleston, 143 bales from Wilmington, 321 bales from Port Royal, 236 bales from Fernandina, and 361 bales per railroad. The receipts at the shipping ports to-day were 19,333 bales, and thus far this week 83,708 bales, against 80,564 bales same time last week. The receipts at all the ports since Sept. 1, 1874, have been 455,992 bales, against 340,756 bales same time the previous year. Consolidated (four days') exports to Great Britain, 27,279 bales; to the Continent, 7,533 bales; stock in New-York, 56,833 bales; consolidated stock at the ports, 288,837 bales. The following quotations are based on Cotton according to the new classification:

New-York Quotations, based on American Standard of Classification.

	Uplands.	Ala.	N. O.	Texas.
Ordinary	12⅝	12⅝	12½	12½
Good Ordinary	14⅛	14⅛	14⅜	14⅜
Low Middling	14⅞	14¾	15	15
Middling	15	15⅛	15⅜	15⅜
Good Middling	15¼	15⅜	15⅝	15⅝
Middling Fair	15⅝	15¾	16	16
Fair	16⅛	16¼	16½	16½

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been rather lightly dealt in, as a rule, since our last, at drooping prices. Lines of regular shipping extras have been in some demand, but the bids have been unsatisfactory to holders, who have been claiming previous figures, in view of the very moderate offerings. Winter Wheat extras have been rather more freely purchased for shipment, having been available at reduced quotations, ranging, on round lots, from $5 40@$5 75, including Amber Winter Wheat extras, at $5 60@$5 75 ₩ bbl.; City Mill stock has also been inquired for, chiefly for South America; Trade and family brands dull; Superfine, and No. 2 stock; quiet. The sales since our last have been 16,100 bbls. of all grades including No. 2 Flour at $3 50@$4 25, chiefly $3 75@$4; Sour Flour at $4 25@$5 75; inferior to choice Superfine State and Western at $4 20@$4 75, chiefly at $4 25 for poor, and $4 50@$4 65 for fair to very good; inferior to very good Extra State at $4 95@$5 35, mainly at $5 05@$5 25; very good to fancy do. and City Mills Extra at $5 25@$6 15, mostly at $5 60@$5 75 for choice, and $6 10@$6 15 for very fancy; very poor to very choice shipping Extra Western, $4 90@$5 35, mainly at $5 05@$5 25; poor to choice round-hoop Ohio at $4 90@$5 35, mainly at $5 15@$5 25; poor to choice Minnesota Extra, for shipping, at $5 25@$6 10; and trade and family extras within the former range. Included in the sales have been 4,450 bbls. shipping stock, Spring and Winter Extras, and 5,000 bbls. fancy City Mill Extras, for South America, at our quotations....Southern Flour dull and weak within the previous range; 800 bbls. sold, in job lots....Rye Flour steady; 450 bbls. sold....Corn-meal quoted about as in our last, on sales of 510 bbls., including 100 bbls. Golden Ear at $4 90 ₩ bbl....Buckwheat Flour quoted up to $3 40@$4 25 ₩ 100 lbs., on a better demand.

GRAIN—Spring Wheat has been very dull since our last, and prices have been quoted fully 1c. a bushel lower. Exporters have been operating very sparingly, owing partly to the firmer range of ocean freights. The offerings have been more urgent, particularly of low grade stock. Winter Wheat has been in moderate request, mostly for shipment, and the better qualities have been quoted about steady on restricted offerings. Sales have been reported since our last of 101,000 bushels at $1 22@$1 36 for poor to extra choice White Western, mostly at $1 30 for No. 1 Michigan, afloat; $1 12@$1 21 for poor to choice Red Western, chiefly at $1 16@$1 20 for fair to prime; $1 20@$1 25 for fair ordinary to very choice Amber Western, chiefly at $1 22@$1 23 for good, afloat; $1 06½@$1 07 for new No. 2 North-west Spring, chiefly at $1 07 for prime, afloat; $1 05@$1 07 for ordinary to choice new No. 2 Chicago do., $1 02@$1 03, in part, for No. 3 Spring; $1 10@$1 11 for new No. 2 Milwaukee Spring, car stock, with prime to choice boat stock held much above these figures, which about represent the views of buyers for full lots; $1 11@$1 18 for old No. 2 Spring, poor to choice; $1 16@$1 24 for new and old No. 1 Spring, including prime new No. 1 Milwaukee at $1 22, afloat, and $1 01@$1 21 for ungraded Spring, car lots....Corn has been depressed and quoted 1c.@1½c. a bushel lower, closing heavily. There has been a moderately active export inquiry noted at the reduced figures. Sales have been reported of 179,000 bushels at 88c.@90c. for sound Mixed Western in store and afloat, chiefly at 89c.@90c. for fair to strictly prime, afloat, and 88c. for prime, in store; 90c.@91c. for Yellow Western; $1 01 for White Western, car lots, and 80c., in part, for new Mixed Western. The increasing offerings of new Mixed Western, especially for forward delivery, operate against values....Rye dull; nominally unchanged. Canada, in bond, quoted at $1 ₩ bushel....Barley has been more active, but at rather easier prices; sales, 19,000 bushels Canada West at $1 26c.; 12,000 bushels Four-rowed State at $1 27; a car load of do., at $1 26; and another of Two-rowed do. at $1 15 ₩ bushel....Barley Malt, very quiet and weak in price. Sales, 750 bushels No. 3 Western, at $1 15, cash....Canada Peas again lower; 7,500 bushels, to arrive, sold at $1 07 ₩ 60lbs., in bond....Oats have been more actively sought after at advanced prices, especially for prime Mixed Chicago, which has been offered less freely. Sales have been reported, since our last, of 91,000 bushels, at 59c.@63c. for very superior to strictly prime Mixed Western, chiefly at 63c. for prime Chicago, afloat, and 62¼c. for do. in store; 61c.@64c. for White Western; 62c.@63c. for White State; and 61c.@62½c. for Mixed State, car lots....Feed, selling in lots, within the range of $22@$35 ₩ ton.

MOLASSES—Firm as last quoted, with a fairly active demand noted for grades suited to the requirements of the local jobbing trade and the Canada market. An invoice of 173 hhds. Arecibo was purchased for jobbing purposes on private terms, and 70 hhds. Barbados (a resale) reported for Canada at 45½c. ₩ gallon. Jobbing business fair to-day within the previous range. From New-Orleans advices by telegraph report desirable samples of new crop in that market as offering rather more freely and quoted at 75c.@76c. ₩ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—Resin, quiet, on the basis of $2 30@$2 40 for common to good Strained; sales, 400 bbls. common at $2 30, 300 bbls. Strained, small pks., at $2 40 ₩ 280 lbs....Tar, in rather more demand; 50 bbls. Washington reported sold at $2 60 ₩ bbl....City Pitch, dull at $2 62½ ₩ bbl....Spirits Turpentine, lower and in slack request; sales, 100 bbls. merchantable at 36½c., closing at 36½c.@37c. ₩ gallon.

PETROLEUM—Crude, dull and weak; quoted, in bulk, at 5½c.@5⅝c., and in shipping order at 9c....Refined, quiet and depressed; sales, 2,500 bbls. early deliveries, at 12c.@12⅛c., closing at 12c. At Philadelphia, quoted at 11⅝c....Refined, in cases, quiet at 17½c....Naphtha, 9½c.@16½c. for Western and City.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been moderately sought after, at weak and irregular prices. Sales for early delivery were reported of 175 bbls. Western Mess at $19@$19 25; 300 bbls., in small lots, including old Mess, at $20; extra prime at $18; prime Mess at $21, and ice-cured stock at $21. And for forward delivery, of Western Mess, 1,000 bbls., October option, at $19@$19 12½ ₩ bbl....Dressed Hogs, quiet and quoted a shade lower; City, 8½c.@8⅝c....Cut Meats, heavy and a shade cheaper, with sales reported of 65 bxs. Clear Bellies at 12⅞c.; 5,000 lbs. Pickled Bellies, in bulk, at 10¾c.@11c.; small lots of Pickled Shoulders at 9c.@9¼c., and Pickled Hams at 11c.@11¼c.; 750 Smoked Shoulders at 10½c., and 1,000 Smoked Hams at 13½c....Bacon, lower and slow of sale; 175 bxs. City Long Clear were placed at 10½c. Long and Short Clear, December options, available at 9¾c., but not in demand....Lard quoted 1-16c.@⅛c. ₩ lb. lower on restricted dealings, especially for early delivery, for which sales were reported of only 100 tcs. Western Steam at 13⅞c.; 250 tcs. new do., to arrive, at 13¾c.; 65 tcs. City Steam at 13⅝c.; small lots of No. 1 City within the range of 13c.@13¾c., and of Refined on the basis of 14½c. for West India and Continental lots. And for forward delivery, of Western Steam, 500 tcs., December options, at 11¾c.@11 13-16c., closing with 11¾c. bid, with November quoted nominally at 12¼c.@12⅜c.; 1,750 tcs., seller the remainder of the year, at 11¾c.@11 13-16c., closing with 11¾c. bid; and 1250 tcs., seller six months, at 11¾c.@11 13-16c....Beef quiet at unchanged quotations....Beef Hams in limited demand, with Summer-cured quoted at $21 50@$22 ₩ bbl.; sales, 50 bbls. on private terms....Butter has been moderately sought after at steady rates for prime to choice stock, but at easier figures for the less desirable qualities. We quote the range on firkins, tubs, and pails from 25c.@40c. for fair ordinary to very choice State and near-by products; 40c.@45c. for very choice to fancy; 20c.@31c. for fair ordinary to strictly prime Western, and 32c.@36c. for choice to fancy....Cheese has been in request, mainly on home trade account, at unaltered rates. Holders are not offering supplies with much urgency. We quote: State Factory at 12½c.@16½c. for fair to fancy, chiefly at 14c.@16c. for good to fancy; State Dairy, 7c.@15c.; Western, 6c.@15c. ₩ lb.

SUGARS—A moderate inquiry prevails for Raw at steady prices, chiefly for refining stock on the previous basis of 8½c.@8¾c. for fair to good. Sales have been made, to-day, of 1,348 hhds. and 396 boxes, including 890 hhds. about strict good refining Cuba at 8 13-16c.; 388 hhds. good do. do. at 8¾c.; 396 boxes Centrifugal at 9 7-16c.; and 70 hhds. grocery Porto Rico at 8⅞c.@9c. ₩ lb. Other sales of considerable magnitude were rumored, but without reliable particulars. Last evening, 2,100 bags Egyptian, recently received from Liverpool, were sold at 8c. ₩ lb. Refined Sugars quiet at previous quotations.

SALTPETRE—Has been inactive and somewhat nominal; quoted at 5½c., gold, free.

SKINS—Trade has been quite dull in nearly all descriptions, and values have been more or less nominal, within the previous range.

STARCH—Has been moderately inquired for with Western Corn quoted at 5c.@6c.; Potato quoted at 6½c. for new, and 7c.@7½c. for old.

SUMAC—Has been in limited request since our last, with Virginia quoted at $55@$62 50.

TALLOW—Sold to the extent of equal to 185,000 lbs. good to strictly prime stock at 8⅝c.@8⅞c., with best City held confidently at 8 15-16c. Market strong....Stearine wanted, with prime to strictly choice City quoted at 15c.@15½c., and best Western at 15c. Sales, 50 tcs. City at 15c. ₩ lb.

WHISKY—Steady at $1 03½ ₩ gallon. Sales, 350 bbls., in lots.

FREIGHTS—The movements in the line of berth freights have been fair, but less active. Rates have been well maintained, and in the instance of Grain, by sail, for Liverpool, a further slight advance has been established, on a much reduced offering of room, for prompt use. The chartering business has been moderately active, with tonnage for Grain, Petroleum, and Cotton in most request, but rates have been ruling low....For Liverpool the engagements reported since our last have been, by sail, 8,000 bushels Wheat, in bags, at 5½d. ₩ bushel, and 150 tons Sewing-machines at 12s. 6d. ₩ ton, and, by steam, 1,600 bales Cotton, in sundry lots, within the range of ¼d.@11-32d., mainly at ¼d.@5-16d., but including 600 bales at 9-32d.@11-32d. ₩ lb.; 200 bbls. Apples and 200 bales Hops on private terms; 725 bxs. Bacon, chiefly at 25s.; 1,300 pks. Provisions, in lots, at 25s.@30s., (yesterday's engagements should have been printed 2,100 pks.,) and, by steam, from Savannah direct, 850 bales Cotton, reported at about [illegible] ₩ lb. Also an Italian bark, 699 tons, hence with 4,500 quarters grain, in bulk, at 3s. 6d. ₩ quarter; an American bark, 557 tons, hence with about 3,800 bbls. Petroleum and products at 3s. 7½d. ₩ bbl.; a British ship, 1,050 tons, with Cotton, from Norfolk, at [illegible] ₩ lb.; a British bark, with Cotton, from a Gulf port, reported at 9-16d., with option of the Continent at ⅝d.; and an American bark, with Cotton, from Galveston, reported at 9-16d. ₩ lb., with option of Havre....For London, by sail, 8,000 bushels Wheat, in bags, at 6d.; 8,000 bushels Peas, in bags, at 6d. ₩ bushel....For Glasgow, by steam, 700 pks. Heavy Goods, within the range of 20s.@27s. 6d. ₩ ton. Also, an Italian bark, 594 tons, hence with about 3,600 quarters Grain, at 3s. 9d. in bulk or 3s. 10½d. ₩ quarter, with one-third of cargo, in bags....For Cardiff, by steam, 8,000 bushels Wheat, in bags, at 6½d. ₩ bushel; 65 bbls. Pork at 6d. ₩ bbl.; 400 tcs. Beef at 5s. 6d. ₩ tierce....For Belfast, by steam, 50 tons Provisions, reported at 25s. ₩ ton....For Dublin, a Russian bark, 560 tons, with about 3,300 quarters Grain, from Philadelphia, at 4s. 6d. ₩ quarter....For Cork and orders, a British bark, 699 tons, hence, with about 4,800 quarters Grain, in bags, at 3s. 9d.; and (rumored) a bark, with about 3,800 quarters do. at 4s. ₩ quarter, and a German bark, 400 tons, with about 2,600 bbls. Petroleum, from Philadelphia, at 4s. 6d. ₩ bbl....For Havre, a Swedish bark, 525 tons, with about 3,900 bbls. Residuum or Naphtha, from Philadelphia, at 4s. 3d. ₩ bbl., with option of Antwerp....For the Continent, a bark, with about 4,800 bbls. Petroleum, from Philadelphia, reported on private terms....For Antwerp, by steam, 400 tcs. Lard, December shipments, on private terms; also, a Norwegian bark, 564 tons, with about 3,800 bbls. Petroleum, from Philadelphia, at 4s., with option of Bremen, at 3s. 9d. ₩ bbl....For the United Kingdom, direct, a bark, with Timber, from Savannah, reported at about 35s....For Bremen, by steam, 7,500 bushels Rye, 50 bales Cotton, and 375 pks. Tobacco on private terms....For Santander, a Norwegian brig, about 300 tons, with about 1,800 bbls. Petroleum, from Philadelphia, at 4s. 9d. ₩ bbl....For Genoa, a British bark, with Coal, from Pictou, reported at 20s. ₩ ton....For Civita Vecchia, or Leghorn, an Italian bark, 531 tons, hence, with about 16,500 cases Petroleum at 16c.; and another, 404 tons, hence, with about 2,500 bbls. Petroleum at 3s. 6d., with option of Case Oil at 16½c....For Trieste, the Austrian bark mentioned in our last is said to have chartered at 3s. 6d. ₩ bbl....For Yokohama, by sail, equal to about 10,000 cases Petroleum on private terms; also a new American bark, 781 tons, placed on the berth for general cargo....For Buenos Ayres, by steam, 5,000 bbls. Flour at 90c. ₩ bbl....For Buenos Ayres, Rio Janeiro and Montevideo, the Italian steam-ship Isabel, 1,047 tons, (which recently arrived here with a cargo of Coffee from Rio and Santos,) has been placed on the berth for general cargo....For Bermuda, a schooner, with coal, from Pictou, reported at $4, gold, ₩ ton....For Cardenas, an American schooner, 395 tons, hence, with box Shooks at 15c., and empty Hogsheads at $1@$1 25 each, and a schooner, with Lumber, from Savannah, at $9. ....For Mantanzas, a bark and schooner, with Coal, from Pictou, reported at $3 50 and $3, gold, respectively....For Cienfuegos, by sail, part of a cargo of Shooks, at 40c., and Hoops at $10, gold, by a British bark, 422 tons, placed on the berth for general cargo....For Havana, a British brig, with Coal, from Cow Bay, reported at $4, gold....For Pernambuco, a British brig, 154 tons, and an American brig, 172 tons, hence, with Flour, reported at $1 20 ₩ bbl....For New-York, a schooner, with Lumber, from Savannah reported at $7.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Wednesday, Oct. 21, 1874.

On this forenoon at One Hundredth Street Yards there was an unusually slow trade in Beeves; prices 8c.@13c. ₩ lb., weights 6¼ cwt. to 11 cwt. Milch Cows were held on sale from $75@$100 ₩ head, and sold from $30@$50 ₩ head, Calves included. Smooth quality Veals sold from 8c.@10½c. ₩ lb.; Grass Calves from $7@$10 50 ₩ head. Sheep and Lambs were very slow of sale, even in small lots; Sheep sold from 5c.@6¼c. ₩ lb.; Lambs from 7½c.@8c. ₩ lb. Live Hogs were not quoted; City Dressed opened at yesterday's quotation of 8½c. ₩ lb.

SALES.

At One Hundredth Street Yards—T. Swift sold for self 18 State Steers and Oxen, mixed, from 8½c.@11c. ₩ lb., weights from 5½ cwt.@11 cwt. T. Gillis cleared off his 95 head of choice Illinois Steers, held on Sunday last from 12¾c.@13¼c. ₩ lb., weight 9¼ cwt. Ulery & Cary sold for J. T. Goff 101 fair Kentucky Steers, from 11c.@11¾c. ₩ lb., weights from 6¾ cwt. to 7 cwt.; 140 choice Kentucky Steers, from 12c.@13c. ₩ lb., weight 8¼ cwt.; Siegel & Meyer sold for selves 161 common Illinois Steers at 10c. ₩ lb., weight 6¼ cwt.; 51 fair Illinois Steers, at 11c. ₩ lb., weight 6¾ cwt.; 80 fair Illinois Steers, at 11c. ₩ lb., weight 7 cwt.; 95 generally good Illinois Steers, at 11¾c. ₩ lb., weight 7¾ cwt. T. C. Eastman sold for self 145 Illinois Steers, from common to fair, from 10½c.@11½c. ₩ lb., weight 7¼ cwt.; 132 poor Illinois Steers, at 9½c. ₩ lb., weight 6½ cwt. M. Goldschmidt held on sale 137 Illinois Steers. T. Wheeler sold for self 50 common State Steers, from 10c.@10¾c. ₩ lb., weight from 6½ to 7 cwt.; one pair of State Oxen for $242. The herds shipped by Morris, Waixels & Co., were disposed of as follows: F. Samuels partly sold 103 Cherokee Steers at 8½c. ₩ lb., weight 5 cwt.; held on sale 33 Illinois Steers. M. Lauterback held on sale 83 Illinois Steers. D. Waixel, 57 corn-fed Texan Steers at 10c. ₩ lb., weight 3¾ cwt.; 76 fair Illinois Steers at 11¼c. ₩ lb., weight 7 cwt.; 33 generally good Illinois Steers at 11¾c. ₩ lb., weight 7 cwt. W. Thompson has due for to-morrow 13 cars of Texan Steers, 6 cars of good quality Native Steers, and 9 cars of fair quality Native Steers. There were sold at same yards 1 Cow for $30, 1 Cow for $45, 3 Cows at $42 50 ₩ head, 1 Cow for $50.

At Forty-eighth Street Sheep Market—J. Kirby sold 6 Bulls, weight 4,270 lbs., at 3½c. ₩ lb.; 2 Bulls, weight 1,560 lbs., at 3¼c. ₩ lb.; 1 Veal, weight 130 lbs., at 8c. ₩ lb.; 1 Veal, weight 190 lbs., at 10½c. ₩ lb.; 63 Sheep, weight 5,660 lbs., at 5c. ₩ lb.; 36 Sheep, weight 3,590 lbs., at 5¾c. ₩ lb.; 12 Sheep, weight 1,290 lbs., at 6c. ₩ lb.; 7 Sheep, weight 910 lbs., at 6¼c. ₩ lb.; 88 Lambs, weight 5,530 lbs., at 7¼c. ₩ lb.; 88 Lambs, weight 5,780 lbs., at 7¾c. ₩ lb.; 85 Lambs, weight 6,280 lbs., at 7½c. ₩ lb.; 238 Lambs, weight 16,660 lbs., at 7¾c. ₩ lb.; 168 Lambs, weight 11,520 lbs., at 8c. ₩ lb. S. McGraw sold 17 Sheep, weight 1,930 lbs., at 5½c. ₩ lb.; 177 Lambs, weight 12,830 lbs., at 7½c. ₩ lb. Hume & Elliott sold 85 Sheep, weight 8,190 lbs., at 5c. ₩ lb.; 45 Sheep, weight 3,540 lbs., at 5¼c. ₩ lb.; 528 Sheep, weight 48,940 lbs., at 5½c. ₩ lb.; 76 Sheep, weight 7,750 lbs., at 6c. ₩ lb.; 177 Lambs, weight 11,880 lbs., at 7½c. ₩ lb.; 250 Lambs, weight 16,258 lbs., at 7¼c. ₩ lb.; 118 Lambs, weight 7,920 lbs., at 7½c. ₩ lb.; 184 Lambs, weight 12,730 lbs., at 8c. ₩ lb.

At Fortieth Street Sheep Market—Judd & Buckingham sold 25 Lambs, weight 1,590 lbs., at 7¼c. ₩ lb.; 47 Grass Calves at $7 50 ₩ head; 26 Grass Calves at $8 75 ₩ head.

RECEIPTS.

Gross arrivals at Weehawken Yards for week ending Oct. 19, 1874: 263 head of Horned Cattle, 9,775 Sheep and Lambs, 532 Veals and Calves, 7,737 Hogs, 15 Horses; all, save the Horned Cattle, on transit to New-York City.

Fresh arrivals for yesterday and to-day at One Hundredth Street Yards: 1,481 head of Horned Cattle, 13 Cows, 313 Veals and Calves, 168 Sheep and Lambs.

Fresh arrivals for yesterday and to-day at Forty-eighth Street Sheep Market: 4,717 Sheep and Lambs, 16 Cows, 222 Veals and Calves.

Fresh arrivals at Fortieth Street Hog Yards for yesterday and to-day: 10,625 Hogs, 108 Veals and Calves, 505 Sheep and Lambs.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Oct. 21.—Cattle—The receipts to-day were 1,819 head, making the total supply for the week thus far 10,574 head, or 622 cars, against 537 cars for the same time last week. The market was the dullest of the year, but little good stock offering. Common stock is off ¼c.@½c., and was neglected. The attendance of buyers was good, but there was no disposition to operate outside of immediate wants. About 1,300 head were disposed of. Sales of 350 head Iowa Steers, ranging from 975 lbs. to 1,374 lbs., at $4 37½@$5 62½; 850 head Illinois Steers, ranging from 1,134 lbs. to 1,499 lbs., at $5 25@$6 20; 300 head Texas Steers, ranging from 601 lbs. to 1,062 lbs., at $3@$4 50; 100 head Iowa Steers, ranging from 1,073 lbs. to 1,151 lbs., at $4 85@$4 90; 160 head Cherokee Steers, ranging from 756 lbs. to 857 lbs., at $3@$3 60. Sheep and Lambs—The receipts to-day were 6,000 head, making the total supply for the week thus far 18,400 head, against 18,300 head for the same time last week; the market was dull and slow for Western Sheep, owners holding stock above buyers' views; Canada stock were scarce and were quickly gobbled up. We quote Canada Lambs at $6 50@$7; Canada Sheep, $5@$5 50; Western Sheep, $4@$5. Hogs—Receipts to-day, 3,400 head, making the total supply for the week thus far 13,400 head, against 13,400 head for the same time last week; market dull and weak, very few heavy Hogs selling; Yorkers, $5 25@$5 75; heavy Hogs, $6@$6 25.

THE STATE OF TRADE.

CHICAGO, Oct. 21.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat dull and lower; No. 1 Spring, 91c.@92c.; No. 2 do., 86½c., spot; 86¼c., October; 86⅜c., November; 86¼c., seller all the year; No. 3 Spring, 82c.; Rejected, 80½c.@81c. Corn dull and lower; No. 2 Mixed, 73c., spot; 72¾c. bid October; 68¾c. bid November; 67½c., seller all the year. Oats opened firm but closed dull; No. 2 at 49¼c., spot; 49c. bid October; 46¼c. bid November; 45½c., seller all the year; Rejected, 44c.@44¼c. Rye firm and in fair demand at 82c.@82½c. Barley in good demand; No. 2 Spring, $1 10@$1 12½c., spot; $1 14 bid October, $1 07@$1 07½ November. Pork in fair demand and lower at $16 55, seller all the year; $17 10 February. Lard quiet and weak at 13c., spot, $11 20 seller all the year. Whisky lower at 97½c.@98c. Freights unchanged. On the call of the Board this afternoon Wheat closed unchanged. Corn, 73⅜c., cash and October; 69½c., November. Oats, 49½c., cash and October. Receipts—9,000 bbls. Flour, 235,000 bushels Wheat, 44,000 bushels Corn, 28,000 bushels Oats, 1,000 bushels Rye, 14,000 bushels Barley. Shipments—6,000 bbls. Flour, 44,000 bushels Wheat, 61,000 bushels Corn, 16,000 bushels Oats, 1,000 bushels Rye, 25,000 bushels Barley.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 21.—Clover-seed—Better supply; quotations barely maintained; sales at $9 75@$10. Timothy firmer at $2 80. Flax-seed commands $1 95@$1 98. Flour dull; Superfine, $3 25@$3 75; Extras, $4@$4 50; North-west Extra Family, $5 62½@$6; State, Indiana, and Ohio do., $5 87½@$6 25; high grades, $7@$8. Wheat dull. Red, $1 20@$1 21; Amber, $1 25@$1 27; White, $1 25@$1 35. Rye steady at $1 07@$1 08. Corn dull; Yellow, 88c.@89c.; Old, 75c.@80c.; New Mixed Western, 88c.@89c. Oats dull; White, 60c.@61c; Dark Mixed, 57c. Provisions weak; Mess Pork, $23@$23 50. Beef Hams, $20@$22; Smoked Hams, 14¼c.@15c.; do. Sides, 12½c.@14c.; do. Shoulders, 8¾c.@9c. Hams in pickle, 12¾c.@13c.; do. Sides, 11½c.@12½. Lard, 13¾c.@14½c. Petroleum—Refined easy at 11⅝c.; Crude unchanged. Whisky offered at $1 03½. Butter steady; New-York State and Bradford County choice, 38c.@42c.; Western prime, 32c.@34c.; choice Western rolls, 35c.@38c. Cheese firm; New-York State fancy, 16c.@16½c.; Western fine grades, 16c.@16½c.; New-York prime, 14¾c.@15¾c.; Western do., 14½c.@15½c. Eggs steady; State, New-Jersey, and Delaware, 29c.@30c.; Western, 27c.@28c.

ST. LOUIS, Mo. Oct. 21.—Flour—Increased supplies have depressed the market, and all grades have declined about 25c., although there is still a good demand for the lowest grades; Superfine Winter sold at $3 75@$4; Extra do., $4 25@$4 50; Treble Extra, $4 75@$5 15; Family, $5 25@$5 75; Fancy, $5 75@$6 50. Wheat firmer; business small; No. 3 Red Fall, 98½c.; No. 2 Red Winter, $1 10. Corn steady; sales, No. 2 Mixed at 78c. Oats—Demand light; holders firm; No. 2, 51½c.@52c. Barley lower, with fair business at the decline; No. 2 Spring, $1 05@$1 12; Strictly Prime, $1 15@$1 20; Choice to Extra, $1 22@$1 27. Rye declining; sales at 83c.@84c. Whisky firmer at 99c. Pork lower at $20@$20 50. Bacon dull, with only a limited jobbing demand. Lard steady; prime steam, 11¼c., November; 11c. December. Hogs lower; Yorkers, $4 75@$5 10; Bacon, $5 10@$5 30; Butchers', $5 50@$6. Cattle in good demand for shipping grades; other grades dull; good to extra native Steers nominally $4 50@$6; native Cows and Heifers, $1 75@$3 25; Butchers', $2 25@$2 75; Wintered Texans, $2@$4; through do., $1 75@$3 50. Receipts—9,000 bbls. Flour, 13,000 bushels Wheat, 8,000 bushels Corn, 14,000 bushels Oats, 12,000 bushels Barley, 3,000 Hogs, 2,400 Cattle.

BOSTON, Oct. 21.—There is a steady demand for nearly all kinds of Wool. Medium Unwashed Fleeces and Combing and Delaines selections are still in demand, and parties who hold this description can find a ready sale at full prices. Large buyers are still in the market, and more active movements are looked for at an early day. Now that prices have settled down from the extreme figures of a week ago, it would not be surprising if large manufacturers made a sweeping movement, as they have now a larger and better stock to select from than will be found later in the season. The sales of Ohio and Pennsylvania Fleeces have been from 52c.@55c.; Wisconsin and Michigan Fleeces from 49c.@52c.; Combing and delaine selections at 56c.@62c.; medium Unwashed Fleeces at 36c.@40c., and superfine and extra pulled, 40c.@55c., the latter price for choice Eastern, with an occasional lot of very choice Maine at a higher figure. Fall California is arriving more freely, but meets with slow sale. As usual, the condition of this Wool varies very materially, and from 20c. to 28c. ₩ lb. is a fair range of prices.

BUFFALO, Oct. 21.—Lake and Rail Receipts for the last twenty-four hours—Flour, 10,776 bbls.; Wheat, 201,989 bushels; Corn, 173,589 bushels; Oats, 60,945 bushels; Barley, 31,500 bushels. Canal Shipments—Wheat, 185,035 bushels; Corn, 45,888 bushels; Oats, 25,600 bushels. Rail Exports—Flour, 2,100 bbls.; Wheat, 188,784 bushels; Corn, 40,709 bushels; Oats, 25,600 bushels. Canal Freights dull—Wheat, 9½c.; Corn, 8½c.; Oats, 6c. Flour quiet; Western Spring, $5 75@$6; Bakers', $6 75@$7; Amber, $6@$6 25; White, $6 50@$7. Wheat dull and almost nominal; No. 1 White Winter, $1 24; Milwaukee No. 1 Spring held at $1 10@$1 12; No. 2 do., $1@$1 02½; No. 2 Chicago Spring, 96c.@97c. Corn slow; buyers holding off; sales, 5,000 bushels No. 2 Western at 83c.; small lots do., 84c. Oats neglected; No. 2 Western held at 55c.@56c. Rye nominal at 96c. Barley irregular; Canada, $1 25@$1 35; State, $1 20; No Western in the market. Barley-malt firm; Canada, $1 60@$1 75; Western, $1 50@$1 60. Other articles unchanged.

NEW-ORLEANS, Oct. 21.—Flour dull; Double Extra, $4 75; Treble Extra, $5 25; Choice, $6 25@$6 50. Corn dull at $1 05. Bran dull at $1 20. Hay quiet; Eastern, $24; Choice Western, $27@$28. Pork—No demand; offering at $20. Dry Salted Meats—Shoulders scarce at 8c. Bacon—No demand; Shoulders at 7½c.; Sides, 13¾c.@14c. Hams—Old dull, 12½c.@13c.; New in demand at 14½c.@15½c. Lard—Supply light; Tierce, 15½c.; Keg, 16¼c. Sugar—Receipts, 70 hhds. New; sales of Fair, 8½c.; Good Fair, 8¾c. Molasses—Receipts, 300 bbls. New; sales of Common, 50c.@60c.; Fair, 70c.@71c.; Prime, 72c.; strictly Prime to Choice, 76c.@77c. Whisky quiet; Louisiana, $1 01; Western, $1 01@$1 05. Coffee in good demand; Common to Prime, 16c.@20c. Corn-meal dull and lower; held at $4. Exchange—New York Sight, par; Sterling, 532; Gold 109⅝.

OSWEGO, N. Y., Oct. 21.—Flour steady and unchanged; sales, 1,800 bbls. Wheat quiet; No. 1 Milwaukee Club, $1 14; No. 1 White Michigan at $1 25; Extra do., $1 30. Corn unchanged at 90c.@91c. Barley steady and unchanged; sales, 33,500 bushels Canada at $1 30. Corn-meal—$39 for Bolted, and $38 for Unbolted, ₩ ton. Mill-feed unchanged; Shorts, $22; Shipstuffs, $25; Middlings, $32 ₩ ton. Canal Freights—Wheat, 7¼c.; Corn and Rye, 6½c.; Barley, 6¼c. to New-York; Barley, 5¼c. to Albany; Lumber, $2 75 to the Hudson; $3 50 to New-York. Lake Receipts—37,800 bushels Wheat, 19,000 bushels Corn, 78,000 bushels Barley, 607,000 feet of Lumber. Canal Shipments—3,300 bushels Wheat, 2,000 bushels Corn, 66,400 bushels Barley, 581,000 feet Lumber.

TOLEDO, Ohio, Oct. 21.—Flour steady. Wheat dull and lower; No. 1 White Wabash, $1 17; No. 1 White Michigan, $1 13½; Amber Michigan, $1 06, cash and October; $1 08 December; No. 1 Red, $1 10; No. 2 Red, $1 04. Corn dull and lower; High-mixed, 79½c.; new, 75c.; October, 73½c.; November, 66¼c.; December, 65¼c.; Low-mixed, 77½c.; new, 71c.@71½c.; Michigan new, 67c.; no grade, 77c.; new, 75c. Oats a shade better; No. 2 at 51½c., cash and November; Michigan, 51½c.; White, 52½c. Freights dull and unchanged. Receipts—20,000 bushels Wheat, 40,000 bushels Oats. Shipments—43,000 bushels Wheat, 4,000 bushels Oats.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 21.—Flour dull and heavy. Wheat quiet and steady for Southern; dull for Western; No. 2 Western Red, $1 18@$1 19. Corn dull; White Southern, 92c.@95c.; Yellow do., 85c.; Mixed Western, 85c.@86c.; White do., 89c.@93c. Oats dull; Southern, 58c.@63c.; Western Mixed, 58c.@59c.; do. White, 60c. Rye firm. Hay quiet and unchanged. Provisions weak; Pork, $22@$22 50. Bulk Meats—Shoulders, 7¼c.; Sides, 11¾c.@12c. Bacon—Shoulders, 8½c.@8¾c.; Clear Rib Sides, 13¼c. Hams unchanged. Lard, 15c. Butter unchanged. Coffee strong. Petroleum unchanged. Whisky dull; small sales at $1 03.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Oct. 21.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat weak and unsettled; No. 1 at 97c.; No. 2 at 88¼c., cash and October; 86½c. November. Oats lower and less active; No. 2 sold at 48c. Corn lower with light demand; No. 2 Mixed at 74c. Rye quiet but firm; No. 1 at 85c. Barley quiet but firm; No. 2 Spring, $1 08, cash, October and November; No. 3 Spring, 94½c. Freights—Wheat to Buffalo, 4½c.; to Oswego, 8c. Receipts—5,500 bbls. Flour, 116,000 bushels Wheat. Shipments—1,700 bbls. Flour, 85,000 bushels Wheat.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 21.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat dull and nominal; Red, $1@$1 05; White, $1 10@$1 15. Corn in fair demand and higher; Old, 78c.@80c.; New, 60c. Oats steady at 56c. Rye quiet and steady at 95c. Barley dull and unchanged. Butter dull and unchanged. Lard steady; Summer, 12⅞c. bid. Bulk Meats—Shoulders firm at 6⅜c.@6¾c. Bacon firmer; Shoulders, 7⅜c.@7½c.; Clear Rib Sides, 12¾c.@13c.; Clear Sides, 14c. Whisky steady, 1c. higher; sales at 98c.

LOUISVILLE, Oct. 21.—Flour and Wheat unchanged. Corn firm at 70c. Oats quiet and unchanged at 56c.@58c. Rye quiet at 95c. Pork nominal. Bacon quiet and unchanged; Shoulders, 7¾c.; Clear Rib Sides, 13¼c.; Clear Sides, 14c. Sugar-cured Hams, 12c.@14c. Bulk Meats nominal. Lard nominal. Whisky firm at 98c.

DETROIT, Oct. 21.—Flour quiet. Wheat dull and lower; Extra, $1 18¼; No. 1 White, $1 14¼@$1 14½; Amber Michigan, $1 06½. Corn dull and lower at 82c. Receipts—4,000 bbls. Flour, 22,000 bushels Wheat, 3,000 bushels Corn. Shipments—1,000 bbls. Flour, 19,000 bushels Wheat.

CLEVELAND, Oct. 21.—Wheat dull; No. 1 Red, $1 13; No. 2 do., $1 03. Corn steady and unchanged. Oats quiet; better prices; No. 1 Red, held at 54c.; No. 2, at 52c.; White, 55c. Petroleum steady; Standard White, in car-lots, sold at 9½c.; State Test, at 11½c.; small lots, 1c.@2c. higher.

INDIANAPOLIS, Oct. 21.—Flour steady at $3@$6 25. Wheat steady at 95c.@$1 10. Corn steady; new, in ear, 50c.; shelled, 72c.@73c., in elevator. Oats steady, at 50c.@51c. in elevator. Barley steady, at $1 04@$1 06.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Oct. 21.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Corn quiet but firm and unchanged. Oats quiet at 64c. Lard quiet at 14¾c.@15¼. Bacon quiet; Shoulders, 7¾c.@8c.; Sides, 14½c.@14¾c.

ALBANY, N. Y., Oct. 21.—Wheat very quiet. Corn quiet; sales, 1,800 bushels Western Mixed at 94c.; 1 car No. 2 White Western, 90c., and small lots of old Western at 93c.@94c. Oats dull. Barley dull. Malt steady.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Oct. 21.—Spirits of Turpentine quiet at 35c. Resin steady at $2 10 for Strained. Crude Turpentine steady at $1 60 for Hard; $2 60 for Yellow Dip, and $2 60 for Virgin. Tar steady at $2.

THE COTTON MARKETS.

MOBILE, Oct. 21.—Cotton—Demand good at lower prices; Middling, 14c.; Low Middling, 13¾c.; Good Ordinary, 13¼c.; net receipts, 459 bales; gross, 469 bales; exports, coastwise, 335 bales; sales, 1,700 bales; stock, 16,058 bales.

CHARLESTON, Oct. 21.—Cotton dull and easier; Middling, 14¼c.; Low Middling, 14c.; Good Ordinary, 13½c.; net receipts, [illegible] bales; exports, to the Continent, 456 bales; coastwise, 1,914 bales; sales, 800 bales; stock, 41,970 bales.

SAVANNAH, Oct. 21.—Cotton dull; Middling, 14¼c.; Low Middling, 14c.; Good Ordinary, 13¼c.; net receipts, 5,420 bales; gross, 5,785 bales; exports, to Great Britain, 3,396 bales; coastwise, 1,268 bales; sales, 1,372 bales; stock, 67,914 bales.

GALVESTON, Oct. 21.—Cotton quiet and irregular; Middling, 14¼c.; net receipts, 3,300 bales; gross, 3,300 bales; exports, coastwise, 111 bales; sales, 1,168 bales; stock, 30,214 bales.

NEW-ORLEANS, Oct. 21.—Cotton, demand good; Middling, 14¾c.; net receipts, 1,164 bales; gross, 1,506 bales; sales, 2,500 bales; last evening, 4,000 bales; stock, 52,577 bales.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

LONDON, Oct. 21—12:30 P. M.—Erie Railway Shares, 26½; do., Preferred, 44½.

3 P. M.—The rate of discount on the market for three months' bills is 3⅞ ₩ cent., which is ⅛ ₩ cent. below the Bank of England rate.

4 P. M.—The amount of bullion withdrawn from the Bank of England on balance to-day is £14,000. Erie Railway Shares, 26¼.

5:30 P. M.—Paris dispatches quote Rentes at 62f. 5c.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 21—12:30 P. M.—Cotton—The market is dull and easier; Middling Uplands, 7⅞d.@8d.; Middling Orleans, 8⅛d. Sales, 12,000 bales, including 2,000 for speculation and export. Sales on the basis of Middling Orleans, nothing below Good Ordinary, shipped October and November, at 8d.

4 P. M.—Cotton—Of the sales to-day, 5,400 bales were American.

JACMEL, Hayti, Sept. 25.—Coffee has declined, and quiet at 10c.@11½c., according to quality.

LONDON, Oct. 21—Evening.—Linseed Oil, 26s. 9d.@27s. ₩ cwt.

LAW REPORTS.

COURT CALENDARS—THIS DAY.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Held by Lawrence, J.

Nos.
49—Matter of Turner.
50—Smith vs. Long Island Railroad Company.
64—Averill vs. Webster.
68—Whitney vs. Danforth.
77—Stiles vs. Carman.
80—Brigham vs. Kingston & Sy. Railroad Company.
85—Cornell vs. Litchfield.
87—Phelan vs. Collender.
88—Caril vs. Fulton Bank, of Brooklyn.
91—Black River L. M. Company vs. Thompson.
97—Townshend vs. Cady.
102—Tillinghast vs. Tillinghast, Jr.
131—Smith vs. New-York, Housatonic and N. Railroad Company.

Nos.
147—Ross vs. Carr.
153—Continental Insurance Company vs. Woodworth.
154—Same vs. Same.
167—Matter of Bernheimer.
168—Matter of Owens.
169—Matter of Murphy.
170—Matter of Buderman.
171—Matter of Bohn.
175—Odell vs. Cotton.
189—Matter of Muller.
196—Matter of Furniss.
206—Stamford Savings Bank vs. Sprague.
221—Groff et al. vs. Swinerton.
239—— vs. —.
246—— vs. —.
249—— vs. —.
251—— vs. —.
254—— vs. —.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM.

Held by Davis, P. J., Barrett and Daniels, JJ.

Nos.
136—The People ex rel. Tenth Nat. Bank vs. Green, &c.
159—The People ex rel. Tenth Nat. Bank vs. Board of Apportionment.
58—White, Trustee, &c., vs. Livingston.
51—Mowe et al. vs. Johnson, impleaded.
52—Mowe et al. vs. Seabury, impleaded.
50—Same vs. Same.
203—Stevens vs. Corn Exchange Bank.
204—Moffatt vs. Cauldwell et al.
205—Hall vs. Madden.
164—Miller vs. The Mayor, &c.
206—Osborn vs. Keech.
207—Satterthwaite vs. Vreeland et al.
92—Bartlett vs. McNiel.
149—Excelsior Petroleum Company vs. Lacey, Executrix.
150—Same vs. Same.
151—Platt et al., Executors, vs. Platt.
156—The People ex rel. Alexander vs. Alexander.

Nos.
7—Board of Commissioners of Pilots vs. Spofford.
8—Same vs. Same.
74—Panama Railroad Co. vs. Robinson.
96—Bray et al. vs. Poillon et al.
163—Burns et al. vs. The Mayor, &c.
80—Roberts vs. Hill.
132—The People ex rel. Schneider vs. Hartman.
147—Rollwagen vs. Rollwagen, Jr.
193—Saltenstall vs. Lord.
196—Clark vs. Donaldson.
87—Romain et al. vs. Garth, Executor, &c.
88—Same vs. Same.
72—Penfield vs. James et al.
73—Same vs. Same.
141—Gilman vs. Redington.
143—McClellan vs. Redington.
145—Gilman vs. Gilman et al.
154—Same vs. Same.

SUPREME COURT CIRCUIT—PART I.

Adjourned for the term.

SUPREME COURT CIRCUIT—PART II.

Held by Van Brunt, J.

Nos.
956½—Tompkins et al. vs. Marshall.
3654—McCabe vs. The Mayor.
2612—Cheever, Adm'x, vs. Dollner et al.
2616—Stewart et al. vs. Brennan, Sheriff.
2140—Mills vs. Hildreth et al.
669—Benjamin vs. Miller.
2126—Field et al. vs. Pollock et al.
3054—Dannatt vs. The Mayor.
2622—Syfer vs. Jacobson et al.
2624—Libby vs. Libby.
2636—Wallace et al. vs. Amer. Linen Tread Co.
2184—Hadden vs. Shapter.
2210—Rhinelander, Ex'r, &c., vs. Gross.
2228—Paton et al. vs. Cary et al.

Nos.
2230—Beard et al. vs. Hill.
1704—Brink et al. vs. The Republic Ins. Co.
161—Brink et al. vs. Hanover Ins. Co.
160—Brink et al. vs. Germania Ins. Co.
1388—Brink et al. vs. Niagara Ins. Co.
2652—Brown vs. Peters et al.
2654—Lackawanna Iron and Coal Co. vs. Northern Pacific R. R. Co.
2658—National Shoe and Leather Bank vs. The Milwaukee & St. Paul R. R. Co.
2660—Dallmore vs. Williams et al.
2662—Erenst et al. vs. Derr et al.
2664—Rankin et al. vs. Fuller et al.

SUPREME COURT CIRCUIT—PART III.

Held by Donohue, J.

Nos.
99½—Alker P. Adm'r. vs. Salomon et al.
1861—Smith vs. Sonnekalt et al.
2921—Smith vs. The Mayor.
1475—McGibbon vs. Davison.
599½—Seaver et al. vs. Moore.
1751—Ganong vs. *Tribune* Association.
2481—Nelson et al. vs. Odiorne.
3639—Geipcke vs. Quintell.
1951—Walsh vs. Mead.
3435—Hejer vs. The Mayor.
457—Bronson vs. Frothingham.
1931—McGlynn vs. McCabe.
2001—Baldwin vs Smidt.
2033—Muller vs. Perrin.

Nos.
1889—Corrigan vs. Sheffield et al.
1679—Steinrich vs. Busing et al.
2217—Urbahn vs. Brasch et al.
1499—O'Donnell vs. The Mayor, &c., N. Y.
1955—Platt, Receiver, &c., vs. Gleason et al.
1213—Lowenthal vs. The Mayor, &c.
1971—Kimball vs. Buffalo German Insurance Company.
1893—Place et al vs. Crawford et al.
1465—Bates et al. vs Barber et al.
2053—Juch vs. Stenbinge.
2055—Powers vs. Heath.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART I.

Held by Monell, C. J.

Nos.
699—Willis vs. O'Brien, Sheriff.
1247—Schreyer vs. The Mayor, &c.
787—Valentine vs. Bean et al.
287—Hale vs. Durling.
661—Keogh vs. Levenson.
555½—Wright vs. Huggins.
1133—Brown vs. Fisk, Jr., et al.
737—Brewster et al. vs. Taylor.
739—Carrington et al. vs. Ward.

Nos.
741—Charlick vs. Bryant et al.
749—Redmond vs. Begg et al. executors.
759—Furman vs. Titus.
781—Fellows vs. Jaehne et al.
627—Boch vs. Miller, treasurer, &c.
695—Clark vs. Flanagan et al.
771—Silber et al. vs. Hunter et al.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART II.

Held by Sedgwick, J.

Case on.

COMMON PLEAS—EQUITY TERM.

Held by Larremore, J.

Case on.

COMMON PLEAS—TRIAL TERM—PART I.

Held by Loew, J.

Case on, No. 1773—Shea vs. Larkin.

COMMON PLEAS—TRIAL TERM—PART II.

Held by Daly, J.

Nos.
1918—Gross vs. Bouton et al.
1176—Towle vs. Little et al.
712—Condit vs. Warren.
1192—Gardner vs. O'Reilly.
1171—Weed, Admr., vs. Great Western Insurance Company.
1173—Koehneke vs. Ross.
1253—Beamount vs. Kempton.
2188—Holt et al. vs. Schmitt.
1068—Moller et al. vs. Luska.

Nos.
1069—Same vs. Same.
1207—Lawrence vs. Marsh.
2182—Reilly vs. The Mayor, &c.
770—Jobes vs. New-York & Harlem Railroad.
1111—Donolly vs. Hall.
1214—Cagewoll vs. Walsh.
1170—Porschki vs. Kracht.
1206—Espenschiedt vs. Prince.
1104—Weber vs. The Turnverein of New-York City.
1991—McGowan vs. The Mayor.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART I.

Held by Alker, J.

Nos.
1319—Schimpf vs. Rader.
449—Porteus vs. Murray et al.
1437—Lanahan vs. McKinley.
625—Ward vs. Stratton et al.
1384—Woodruff et al. vs. Bretherton.
1065—Hervy et al. vs. Sexton.
3954—Reed vs. Ringle.

Nos.
455—Sexton vs. Daly et al.
456—Same vs. Same.
457—Sperling vs. Shaw.
458—Carmondy vs. McGinn.
460—The Powelton Coal and Iron Co. vs. Mason M'f'g Co.
461—Wilms vs. Reimer.
462—Stike vs. McCaffrey.
463—Burke vs. Hengell.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART II.

Held by Joachimsen, J.

No. 46—Carr et al. vs. The T. S. F. M. Co.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART III.

Held by Spaulding, J.

Nos.
1406—Mehl vs. Marwig.
205—Hart vs. Gallagher.
1315—Sheridan vs. West.
1373—Duryee vs. Brennan.
1383—Williams vs. Kneeland.
337—Laverty vs. Strethen.
301—Junker vs. Freeman.
1294—Cohn vs. Moses et al.
1327—Metcalf vs. Griffith.

Nos.
1339—Bettman, Jr., vs. Kassmire.
1344—Frohbesen vs. Mauer.
66—Giltman vs. Gaynor.
59—Stevens vs. Sherrard, Jr.
442—McNamara vs. Tallman.
386—Cameron vs. Aughiltree.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS.

Held by Hackett, Recorder.

Charles Williams, manslaughter.
Patrick Mallon, felonious assault and battery.
Charles Pactri, grand larceny.
James Farrell and John Jones, grand larceny.
Julia Morris and Elmira West, grand larceny.
Robert Gay and Charles West, grand larceny.
Susan Douglas, larceny from the person.

COURT OF OYER AND TERMINER.

Held by Brady, J.

William Hughes, violation of the law regulating sailors' boarding-houses.
Harwood Cherry, felonious assault and battery.

DECISIONS.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

By Judge Donohue.

Perone Plaster Company vs. Seabury et al.; memorandum.

By Judge Lawrence.

Blancard vs. Thorp; Receiver appointed.

Keyser vs. Bernstein; Lange vs. Altenbrand; motions denied; memoranda.

Heath vs. McGraw; motion denied, with $10 costs.

Heath vs. Austin; motion denied, with costs.

Taitoute et al. vs. Taitoute; In the matter of Moore; Lynch vs. Keech; Clark vs. Willis; Davenport vs. Willis; In the matter of Thebaud; In the matter of Flanagan et al.; granted.

Thurber vs. Healy; motion granted.

Sheridan vs. Guilfoyle; allowance granted.

Lanigan vs. Smith; motion granted, $10 costs to abide the event.

Hutchins vs. Hutchins; decree of divorce granted to the plaintiff.

Remington vs. Samana Bay Company; motion granted; memorandum.

Sheridan vs. Guilfoyle; Lange vs. Attenbrand; Maltby vs. Martin; Anderson vs. Russell; orders granted.

Goldstein vs. Griffen; Volkening vs. Quinn; Disbrow vs. Dunkin; memorandums.

Flanagan vs. Burchill; Bullwinkle vs. Wolff; Rosenstein vs. Clifford; motions granted.

West B. and C. Manufacturing Company vs. Manhattan Manufacturing Company; order granted.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

By Judge Curtis.

Hovey vs. The Rubber Tip Pencil Company; motion granted as to stipulation and Exhibit "A;" abstracts of Exhibits "B," "C" and "D" to be also served, with leave to either party to produce from the files and refer to the originals on the argument of the appeal.

Rose vs. Porter; motion to set aside granted.

Hart vs. White; motion granted for second Friday of November Term.

COMMON PLEAS—SPECIAL TERM.

By Judge Loew.

Krekeler vs. Thanle et al.; let counsel for the respective parties appear before me on Friday, 23d inst., at 3 P. M.

By Judge Robinson.

Maggie Deming vs. John R. Deming; judgment of divorce granted to the plaintiff.

By Judge Daly.

Coleman vs. Cary; case settled.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM.

IMPORTANT TO PURCHASERS AT FORCED SALES.

Before Justices Davis, Daniels and Barrett.

Hirch vs. Livingston.—Appeal from an order denying a motion of Jeremiah Pangburn for an order directing the Referee in this action to repay him the amount paid by him on the sale in the action. The action was to foreclose a mortgage upon premises held under long leases. Under the decree the leases were sold at the Merchants' Exchange, and Mr. Pangburn, the appellant, became the purchaser of certain of the premises described in one of the leases. On investigation it was discovered that the leases contained several covenants which forbid the carrying on on the premises of a number of trades and occupations, and required the tenants to keep the premises in good repair, and prevented them from making any erections on the rear of the lots. No notice was given at the sale of the existence of the covenants, and the appellant bid in the premises in ignorance of them. He refused to complete his purchase, and the Referee again sold the premises to another purchaser for a less sum than the appellant bid for them. The appellant contended that he was justified in refusing to complete his purchase; that the concealment of the covenants was an act of unfairness; that they impaired the use and enjoyment of the premises, and rendered them less valuable, and that he was not bound before bidding to inquire if any covenants were in the leases; and further, that by selling the premises again the Referee elected to disregard the sale to him. It was argued in opposition that the first sale was valid, and the appellant liable for the deficiency; that the leases were on record, and it was the appellant's duty to inspect the record before bidding, and that he must have known that some covenants were in the leases. Decision reserved.

Aug. R. McMahon for appellant; M. S. Thompson for respondents.

COMMON PLEAS—EQUITY TERM.

Before Judge Larremore.

THE RIGHTS OF MORTGAGORS.

Louis F. Vandeville vs. Lawrence J. Callanan.—Defendant held a second mortgage to the extent of $850 on property belonging to plaintiff valued at $16,000, and sold under a first mortgage for $8,000. It is now claimed by plaintiff that at the sale of the property by the Referee, defendant agreed, through an agent of plaintiff, to buy it in and hold it for him for thirty days for a consideration of $1,000. Defendant bought the property, but took the deed in his own name, and refused to make a conveyance to plaintiff, and this suit was brought to compel such conveyance. Defendant denied that such a contract was made, and claimed that even if it had been it was void under the statute of frauds, not being in writing. On the part of plaintiff it was claimed that as mortgagor he had such an interest in the property over the payments of the mortgages as constituted the defendant his trustee to the extent of that interest, thus taking the estate out of the statute of frauds.

Judge Larremore reserved his decision.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

LIPPINCOTT'S MAGAZINE

FOR NOVEMBER.

HANDSOMELY ILLUSTRATED.

NOW READY.

CONTAINING:

THE NEW HYPERION: from Paris to Marly by way of the Rhine. XVII. The Current of Fate. By EDWARD STRAHAN. Illustrated.

WHERE THE BROWN-STONE FRONTS COME FROM. By THOMAS EMMETTE. Illustrated.

THREE FEATHERS. Part 4. By WILLIAM BLACK, author of "A Princess of Thule."

THE GENIUS OF CONSERVATISM. An Unpublished Essay by the late Lord LYTTON.

"LITTLE JOE." By JENNIE WOODVILLE.

THE NATURALIST IN BUZZARD'S BAY. By W. D. GUNNING.

FALLEN LEAVES. By WILL WALLACE HARNEY.

MALCOLM. Part 10. By GEORGE MACDONALD.

BY MOONLIGHT. By KATE HILLARD.

GALERA. By T. ADOLPHUS TROLLOPE.

LOVE AT FIRST SIGHT. By the author of "Blindpits."

NOVEMBER. By MARY B. DODGE.

EUTERPE IN AMERICA. By CONSTANCE F. WOOLSON.

OUR MONTHLY GOSSIP. Two Halves of a Story—Life at a Swiss Cur-Ort—Last Days of Fritz Reuter—A Curious Incident of the War—The French Ambassador to London—Mr. William Black on American Curiosity.

LITERATURE OF THE DAY.

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RESTAURANTS.

BANGS' RESTAURANT,
NO. 231 BROADWAY,
OPPOSITE THE NEW POST OFFICE,
will be opened again this
Thursday, Oct. 22.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST.

A letter addressed to the Metropolitan National Bank, New-York, containing the following named notes, payment of which has been stopped, and duplicates applied for, viz.: Mill Brook Woolen Company, dated Sept. 11, three months, $5,000; Mill Brook Woolen Company, dated Sept. 15, three months, $6,000; American Hosiery Company, dated Sept. 5, four months, $5,900 72; Converseville Company, dated Sept. 1, four months, $3,754 71; Briggs Brothers, dated Sept. 4, four months, $3,144 14; Briggs Brothers, Sept. 11, four months, $3,143 33.
H. C. JUDD & CO.,
of Hartford, Conn.

MARBLE MANTELS.

A GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES OF marble and marbleized mantels, all kinds of floor tiling, monuments, head-stones, slabs for plumbers and cabinet-makers, now offered at S. KLABER & CO.'S Steam Marble Works, Nos. 217 to 223 West 51st st., near Broadway.

STEWART'S SLATE MANTELS, MARBLE AND Wood Mantels. Rich and elegant designs at the lowest prices. 220 and 222 West 23d st. bet. 7th and 8th avs.

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.—AN EXtensive stock of marble and marbleized mantels, and all other marble work. Marble-turning for the trade. A. KLABER, 134 East 18th st., near 3d av., New-York.

PROPOSALS.

FOR BUILDING A RESERVOIR AND PUBLIC HIGHWAY IN PUTNAM COUNTY.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received by the Department of Public Works until 12 o'clock, noon, Oct. 28, 1874, for building a storage reservoir on middle branch of Croton River in the town of South East, Putnam County. Also for constructing a public highway on the east side of the storage reservoir at Boyd's Corners, Putnam County.

For particulars see the *City Record*. Copies for sale at No. 2 City Hall.

STREET SWEEPINGS, &c.

The POLICE DEPARTMENT is prepared to receive propositions for the purchase of ashes, garbage, and street sweepings.

For particulars see the *City Record*. Copies for sale at No. 2 City Hall.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Ventilate

Your houses, schools, churches, banks, offices, factories, and public buildings, without draft or current, by using Maine's Patent Portable Window Ventilator. Price, $5 per window. Send for circular with testimonials.
H. C. TERRY & CO.,
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FURNACES WANTED.

Second hand furnaces wanted, suitable for warming schools or church. Address FURNACE, Box No. 134 Times Office.

$2 25.—APPLES, CHOICE HAND-PICKED for families or shipping. 371 Broadway.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, THURSDAY, OCT. 22, 1874.

AMUSEMENTS THIS EVENING.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.—ROMANCE OF A POOR YOUNG MAN—Mr. H. J. Montague, Miss Ada Dyas.

BOOTH'S THEATRE.—HENRY VIII.—Miss Charlotte Cushman, Mr. George Vandenhoff.

FIFTH AVENUE THEATRE.—MOORCROFT—Mr. D. H. Harkins, Mr. Louis James, Miss Fanny Davenport.

PARK THEATRE.—THE GILDED AGE—Mr. John T. Raymond, Miss Gertrude Kellogg.

LYCEUM THEATRE.—ROMEO AND JULIET—Miss Adelaide Neilson, Mr. J. H. Barnes.

UNION SQUARE THEATRE.—THE SPHYNX—Mr. Parselle, Mr. Rankin, Miss Morris, and Miss Thompson.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—RUY BLAS, (Italian Opera)—Mlle. Potentini, Miss A. L. Cary, Signor Carpi.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—LECTURE by Mr. Bayard Taylor—"Ancient Egypt."

NIBLO'S GARDEN.—THE DELUGE; OR, PARADISE LOST—Kiralfy Brothers, Miss Julia Seaman, Grand Ballet.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.—VAUDEVILLE AND VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT.

BOWERY THEATRE.—KIT CARSON—THE BROKEN SWORD.

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BRYANT'S OPERA-HOUSE.—MINSTRELSY—NEGRO DELINEATIONS, &c.—Mr. Bryant, Mr. Seymour.

STEINWAY HALL.—PERSONATIONS AND SONGS by Mr. Frederick Maccabe.

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NOTICE.

We cannot notice anonymous communications. In all cases we require the writer's name and address, not for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

We cannot, under any circumstances, return rejected communications, nor can we undertake to preserve manuscripts.

In 1871 the *World* described Mr. TILDEN as a mere "railway politician and lawyer." It now defines a railway politician as "a man whose political standing makes it desirable for railway companies to enlist him in their behalf whenever they have business to be done which requires them to use political machinery in its accomplishment. Of course, a 'railway politician' *may* be a perfectly honest man, or at all events, as WENDELL PHILLIPS said of Mr. LINCOLN, 'Kentucky honest.'" Now, does the phrase "Kentucky honest" apply to Mr. TILDEN's connection with the railroad operation which is described in another column? And what made the *World* denounce Mr. TILDEN in 1871 as a "railroad politician," and then, in 1874, go out of its way to explain that it meant something very offensive by that phrase? If anybody should venture to say that Mr. TILDEN is not an honest man, he may at least quote Mr. TILDEN's own organ as his authority.

The marriage of the President's son on Wednesday afforded an opportunity to some of our dear brethren of the press which they turned to very good account. When we read in an evening paper of Tuesday that the day had "dawned auspiciously," and that "it soon became apparent by the bustle among the *ton* that something unusual was on the *tapis*," we saw plainly enough that full justice would be done to the "auspicious occasion." The papers yesterday more than realized the promise. We learn from one journal that the wedding chamber was "decked with saintly heliotropes," and with "roses in every style, from the baby bud, that whispers its first love-tone, to the full-blown blossom that so plainly urges its passionate appeal it scarce needs a floral interpreter." We also read that "the tout ensemble was beautiful, having been esthetically designed and artistically executed." In another paper we are informed that "the *crème de la crème* of Chicago thrill with satisfaction" over the "elegant and stylish nuptials." The *World*, as the special patron of "high life," and of poor Lord ROSEBERY, gushes in a manner which will delight the aristocratic victims of *Mr. Jeremy Diddler*. It is only a pity that marriages of this "elegant and stylish" kind do not take place every day.

It appears that some of the great railroad interests are throwing all the weight of their influence in Mr. TILDEN's favor. The Syracuse *Journal* publishes a very positive statement on the subject. There are some people who believe that the wealthy railroad corporations already possess quite sufficient power, and they may, perhaps, be inclined to question the wisdom of making a special agent of these railroads Governor of the State of New-York. When even Mr. TILDEN's own organ, nourished with his money, denounces him as a "railroad politician," what can the outside public think of his position? It is at least evident that when Mr. TILDEN repeats his well-known speech on "Centralization," he does not mean to include the New-York Central.

In pronouncing sentence upon PHELPS, the defaulting State Cashier, Judge WESTBROOK made some very timely strictures upon the loose way in which it is becoming the fashion to palliate or cover up such offenses. He remarked that "the enforced borrowing of another's money by an unlawful taking against the owner's will, hoping, by subjecting it to the hazard of gambling speculation, to return its equivalent, is just as reprehensible in wholesome morals and sound public policy as the taking with no such intent." Judge WESTBROOK pronounced the defense of simple "breach of trust," to be as unsound in law as it is false in morals, and accordingly inflicted upon PHELPS the maximum penalty of the law under all three indictments. We trust that the next "defaulting" bank Cashier will have the benefit of a trial on the principles laid down by Judge WESTBROOK.

Mr. L. BRADFORD PRINCE has yielded to the urgent desire of many friends both in and out of the Party, and has accepted the Republican nomination for Assemblyman in Queens County. The contest in Queens will be a very bitter one this year, as the Democrats are making unusual efforts to regain possession of a district which has always belonged to them, but which Mr. PRINCE has succeeded in carrying four years in succession. Mr. PRINCE will unquestionably need all the help which his friends can give him, though after his brilliant services in pushing through the constitutional amendments, it would be little short of a disgrace to Queens County to fail to send to the Assembly a man so thoroughly qualified to deal with the legislation required to carry these amendments into effect.

We are happy to announce that a telegram from our Paris correspondent places the safety of Mr. CECIL BUCKLAND beyond all question. The report of his shooting appears to have originated in a dispatch from Sir GILBERT CAMPBELL to Minister WASHBURNE. He seems merely to have run a very narrow risk of being killed, having been chased by some of the Republican sentinels on the frontier to the Bidassoa and shot at, before escaping across the river. A letter from Mr. BUCKLAND, written from Bayonne, will be found in another column. The brief excitement over his fate will lend this communication a fresh interest.

An address to the Republicans of the State has been issued by the State Committee, which contains some pertinent statements which none of our citizens can afford to ignore. That our candidates have proved their capacity to fill their offices with fidelity and ability no one denies. That the administration of the State Government by the Republican Party has been of the very best order is equally undeniable. And we beg to remind our readers that one of the questions before the people this year—shall good public servants be retained?—involves the very essence of all political reform. It is idle for the newspapers to preach reform, or for the people to grumble about it, if, when the matter is so plainly presented, the voters themselves refuse to do their duty concerning it. There can no really honest politics, except so far as the people recognize proved merit in office. If they allow partisan prejudice, or any other lower motive, to prevent their doing that, they may whistle for reform.

The Republicans of King's County have made up a county ticket which is exceptionally strong in many of its names. Gen. CATLIN, the candidate for District Attorney, is a good lawyer and an able man, and may be relied on to perform the difficult duties of the office with energy. If Mr. JOHN WINSLOW was to be put aside, few better men could have been selected for his place. The financial officers of the County are an Auditor and Treasurer. For the office of the first Mr. GEORGE H. FISHER is named, a gentleman well indorsed, but whom we do not know. For the office of Treasurer, the candidate is Mr. LUDOVIC BENNETT, a thoroughly competent and upright man, and in these days we do not know that we could say more in his favor. Among the Charity Commissioners is Mr. RIPLEY ROPES, an excellent man for the place, if he will take it. The office requires some one able and willing to "reform it altogether," and by experience and character Mr. ROPES is admirably adapted to that work.

THE FRUITS OF VICTORY.

The Democrats afford an example of the severity with which prosperity tries the tempers of men. They have won a great victory, as they count it, in Indiana and Ohio, and they are falling into all sorts of quarrels over it. They differ diametrically from the start as to the grounds of their success. Those who fought the battle, and who ought to know what weapons they used, insist upon it that their great strength lay in their demand for inflation, and though they do not say much about the repudiation plank in their platforms, they do not deny that this also was popular. The Cincinnati *Enquirer*, by far the ablest and frankest of the inflation organs, says that the Republicans would have carried the day if it had not been for the strong sentiment in favor of "more money." To the suggestion that the inflation tone of the Indiana Republican platform had injured the party, it puts in a flat denial, and says that the inflation tone of the platform would have helped the Republicans of Indiana, but that the indorsement of GRANT, who is a hard-money man, neutralized its effect. The Eastern organ of the Democracy on the other hand, coolly remarks that it was the repudiation of "Pendletonism" by leading Democrats in Ohio and Indiana that "saved" the State. Pendletonism is another name for repudiation, and necessarily includes inflation as well. These are very radical differences of opinion. Our readers will hardly be foolish enough to suppose that they would be urged with the persistency and bitterness which characterize the two Democratic factions, if there were not something back of them stronger than mere zeal of conviction. As a matter of fact, it is difficult to conceive of anything like a sincere zeal in any direction on the part of the Democratic leaders. They showed in 1872 that they would gaily throw their firmest convictions to the dogs if they saw any hope, by so doing, of getting nearer the spoils of office. And it is something of this greed for power that lends vehemence to the quarrel over the sources of the Ohio-Indiana victory. This victory brings with it a distinct sniff of the possible milk and honey of the land so long sought in weariness and hunger. It encourages the leaders of both factions to think that the time may come when the Federal Treasury and all its possession implies to a party willing to use it unscrupulously will lie open to their hands, and each clique is anxious to establish beforehand its claim to chief rank among the spoilsmen.

If Ohio and Indiana were carried for inflation and repudiation, the gentlemen who have been using an entirely opposite "cry" in the East can hardly claim much credit for what will be regarded as the storming of a strategic point in the Republican works. It is only too plain, however, that Ohio and Indiana were so carried, and the men who have conducted the Democratic campaign there, who have remained on the ground, working early and late, while some of the principal opponents of their views—notably Senator THURMAN—turned their backs on them, are by no means disposed to admit the claim of the Eastern leaders that the success was due to the "repudiation" of their pet ideas. On the morrow of the election, the Pendleton organ bristled with taunts against THURMAN and his Eastern sympathizers. He was requested to "carry the news to Wall street," and to let his "Eastern flatterers" know that Ohio could get on very well without him. He was told that he was "without influence" in his own State, and that the best thing he could do would be to remain in the company of the "capitalists" with whom he had "sought refuge." He was reminded that though his health would not allow him to take part in the campaign, he had plenty of strength to talk platitudes at agricultural fairs, while the "men who elected him were engaged in a life-and-death struggle with the money power."

All this means, not that the Ohio Democratic leaders care very much about the question of "more money," but that they wish it understood that *they* are the victors to whom belong the spoils, (when they come,) and that Mr. THURMAN and his Eastern friends are little better than camp followers, whose title to consideration is void. At present the Eastern faction is prudently quiet on the subject. Its leaders are boasting of the victory in the West, but they are willing to take all the recruits from the "floating vote" that they can get, on the strength of it, without saying much about how it was won. Moreover, the savage tone of the Pendleton press warns them that it is not best to go too far just yet. But if they should carry New-York, we may expect a lively set-to between them and their Western friends. The prize would be then so much the nearer, and the quarrel over it so much the more bitter.

Meanwhile our readers may perhaps like to see how the motley character of the opposition is appreciated by a Democratic journal, which, while Democratic, is very independent, and very unsparing in its criticism of the tendencies of its party. The following extract from the Chicago *Times* shows what a heterogeneous crowd would be let loose on the country by a Democratic Administration.

> "The 'opponents of the Administration' are those who are *personally* hostile to Mr. GRANT and the Washington Cabinet. The grounds of their opposition to the Administration are as various as their several characters. Some of them are opposed to Mr. GRANT because, as commander of the Federal armies, he defeated Gen. LEE, and overthrew Mr. JEFFERSON DAVIS' rebel confederacy. Others are opposed to Mr. GRANT's Administration because, as they think, it has interfered too much with the Southern 'Democratic' pastime of shooting political opponents and flaying niggers. Others are opponents of the Administration because the Administration signifies maintenance of the anti-slavery amendments of the Constitution. Others are opponents of it because it stands between them and the official plunder they covet. Others are opponents of it because Mr. GRANT, its head, is a hard-money man, and a barrier in the way to inflation and repudiation. And so on. United upon no fundamental principle, having no purpose in common, these 'opponents of the Administration' are mere disorganized political guerrillas, making common cause only from the most conflicting motives of 'pure cussedness.'"

OUR RAILROAD POLITICIAN.

It is insisted by the Democratic papers, including the *World*, that Mr. TILDEN is only connected with railroads as attorney and counsel. Some statements were made from *Poor's Manual* to show that he is a Director in several roads; but it is well known that he is, or has been, Director in roads which have not yet been referred to in the political discussions of the day. On the 24th day of June, 1873, a committee which had been appointed by the stockholders of the St. Louis, Alton and Terre Haute Railroad to obtain information in relation to the road, made a report at a meeting of the stockholders. From this report it appears Mr. TILDEN has been connected with the operations of the road. The statement of the committee is a narrative not creditable to some of the parties connected with the road. It is not our purpose to present the complaints of the committee in detail. If their story be true, it seems to us that Mr. TILDEN may some day be placed in a very awkward position. But leaving that question, we only ask Mr. TILDEN what is his answer to the following portion of the report. In referring to the action of the committee in calling the attention of the Board of Directors to several matters, the committee make the following remarks:

ILLEGAL ISSUE OF BONDS.

The next matter to which the attention of the board was called was the question whether there has not been an illegal issue of a portion of the bonded indebtedness of this company, a matter which is connected with the relations between the corporation and the old Purchasing Committee, under the reorganization in 1861 and 1862. In that connection we called their attention to the following undisputed facts: First, the road was reorganized in 1861 and 1862, in accordance with certain laws which permitted the creditors and stockholders of a railroad corporation to enter into an agreement for the reorganization or capitalization, providing for the purchase of the property by trustees for them, the forming of a new corporation in which the old stock and the old debts should be represented by new stock and new bonded indebtedness, which new stock and new bonded indebtedness should be distributed according to the terms of the agreement for reorganization by the trustees, *i. e.* the Purchasing Committee. The agreement was made, the road was purchased under the agreement, and new securities were distributed. Second, the laws provided that within six months after the organization of the new company, all claims, which, under the law and the agreement, were to be satisfied by the mortgage bonds of the new company must be put in, and at that time, namely, upon the expiration of the six months, if such claims were not properly made upon the new company—if the old bonds and coupons were not surrendered at that time—they ceased to be claims thereafter upon the property. In June, 1862, the certificate of incorporation of the new company was filed, and in that month the property passed into the possession of the new corporation, out of the hands of Mr. AZARIAH C. FLAGG, the Trustee, who had been in possession of the property for a considerable time, by virtue of the provisions of some previous mortgages, which were taken up by the new organization. Third—Some time in the year 1863, more than six months after the organization of the new company, Mr. FLAGG made and printed a report showing in detail the distribution of the securities of the new corporation, and after including everything that was a claim to be satisfied by mortgage bonds of the new company, and all the expenses of the reorganization, including $9,000 to Mr. BAYARD as Chairman of the Purchasing Committee, and $7,500 to Mr. CHARLES BUTLER, each for three years' services, and $21,000 to Mr. SAMUEL J. TILDEN as counsel and Trustee, these payments being in cash, he states as follows: "It is seen by the preceding statements that the trust mortgages under which the first and second bonds are issued authorized the creation of new debt equal to $284,713 70 beyond the basis furnished by the old bonds, coupons, and so forth, as already set forth;" that is to say, in issuing the new securities they had very prudently allowed for a margin over and above what would probably be required, which margin, after the accounts were all made up, seems to have been this sum of $284,713 70. In point of fact, everything which, by the terms of the agreement of reorganization, was constituted a claim upon the new bonds seems to be covered in this account. In point of law it was not within the power of the Purchasing Committee to create new liabilities for which these bonds should become responsible, inasmuch as the time allowed by law for the presentation of claims on these bonds had expired. And at this time, when in point of fact everything seems to have been in, and when in point of law no new claims could be created upon the new bonds, when the Purchasing Committee had been compensated for their services, the final settlement had been made with the counsel, and the printed pamphlet is put out containing the whole history of the reorganization and the full statement in detail of the accounts of the Purchasing Committee, this surplus of bonds is acknowledged in the hands of the Purchasing Committee. These bonds, it is apparent, should at that time have been canceled or placed in the possession of the new corporation for their use, since the limit of the power of the Purchasing Committee to disburse them was contained in the reorganizing agreement by virtue of which they existed as Trustees, and every demand upon the bonds which could arise from the reorganizing agreement had been actually discharged. The only subsequent mention of this surplus of bonds appears in the annual statement made by the Executive Committee (Mr. CHARLES BUTLER, Mr. ROBERT BAYARD, and Mr. JOHN G. RICHARDSON) to the stockholders of the company, dated March, 1864, in which the following mention of them is made: "In the final adjustment with the Purchasing Committee of all the outstanding liabilities of the old company, which, by the terms of the bondholders' agreement for a reorganization, were to be paid in first and second mortgage bonds, it is probable that about $130,000 of the first mortgage, $82,000 of the second preferred, and $38,000 of the income bonds may not be required, and may be ultimately canceled." Two of the three members of the Executive Committee were also members of the Purchasing Committee. The only other fact we have been able to ascertain with regard to them is that by examining the coupon account of the company contained in the annual statements as early as 1866, they appear to have been all issued and to be outstanding as a liability upon the company, without any credit appearing as having been realized from the disposition of them; that is to say, in 1863 they are admitted as a surplus in the hands of the Purchasing Committee. In 1864 $250,000 are admitted as a probable surplus by the Executive Committee of the company, but in 1866 they are outstanding as a liability upon the company, without any apparent explanation appearing in the published statements or accounts of the company. These facts we called the attention of the Board of Directors to, the President being in the chair, and requested any explanation of these facts which might be within their knowledge, and particularly from the President, who was familiar with the details of the reorganization. The answer which was received by us from the hands of the President was that this corporation had nothing to do with that surplus of bonds, and the committee were referred to Mr. SAMUEL J. TILDEN for a detailed explanation of the whole matter.

On returning to the City we learned that Mr. TILDEN had sailed for Europe; and we therefore called upon Mr. BUTLER for such explanation as he desired to make, as to either what, in fact, had become of the bonds or what, in law, was the nature of the claim under which they had been disposed of or distributed. He informed us that in Mr. TILDEN's absence he declined to take the responsibility of making any statement with regard to them. He stated that it might be assumed that the Purchasing Committee claimed that the bonds left over after the reorganization belonged to them personally; but he would make no statement as to what disposition was actually made of them in this case. The claim that the surplus bonds belonged to the Purchasing Committee is considered by us so absurd, in view of the facts, as to require no comment.

Mr. TILDEN has never explained all this. Up to the present time he has been silent. Is not the above very like a Credit Mobilier operation? Will Mr. TILDEN answer this question, and we may then put another to him in relation to a different road?

HOW THE SOUTH IS FLEECED.

The temporary overthrow of the Kellogg Government in New-Orleans may be credited with at least one good result. It has had the effect of directing the attention of the whole nation to the condition of the South. The public demand for fuller information on its affairs than has hitherto found its way into Northern journals, has been promptly responded to, and we are gradually getting a clearer idea of the evils afflicting some of the Southern States, and of the men who are responsible for them. By the time Congress meets, the public will have received much important information on many points which it is highly desirable should be clearly apprehended, for it requires no prophetic gift to see that Southern affairs will largely occupy the attention of Congress at its next session.

The Democratic papers, North and South, have urged again and again that the Democratic Party in Louisiana was held helplessly under the military heel of the Federal Government, passive and powerless spectators of the pillage which was robbing them of their substance. There was enough of truth in these charges to give them weight with fair-minded men of both parties in the North; there was enough to impress them with the fact that gross injustice was being done to the State of Louisiana; and public sentiment had reached that stage of concentration and decision which precedes and effects a very thorough reform when the White League revolt startled the country. The flood of light which this event has been the means of letting into the secret history of the State has revealed some things not at all in accordance with many of the ideas previously entertained here. They are not, it is true, likely to present the "carpet-baggers" under a better aspect than before; but they exhibit the leaders of the "downtrodden Democracy," in an attitude which enables us to get a much better idea of the way the State has been robbed than any mere partisan "exposures" could do.

The history of the Louisiana Levee Company is a simple one. Some time in 1870 a number of patriots, seeing that the State levees were in a ruinous condition, drew up a bill in which they were incorporated under the title just mentioned. The bill gave them exclusive control of the construction and repair of all the levees in the State, and they were to be paid at the rate of sixty cents a cubic yard for all work done. But as the company contracted to do so much work annually, a lump sum of $900,000 was to be paid yearly for twenty-one years, the amount to be raised by an annual tax of four mills on all the taxable property of the State. The provisions of the bill were drawn up in an obscure and roundabout way, except those which related to the payments to be made to the company. These were strikingly specific and exact. The bill being passed, the political ring who had projected the scheme sold the franchise to another set no better than themselves, but who had a little ready cash in hand. Just enough pretense of carrying on the work was made by the company to enable it to demand its money of the State; but the levees were scarcely the better for its operations, and totally ineffectual against a rise of the river. This the company was well aware of, so when it became known that a disastrous rise of the Mississippi might be expected, an innocent little bill was rushed through the Legislature and subsequently signed by Gov. KELLOGG without attracting much attention. The floods came as expected, and when the hundreds of people who had been impoverished by them turned to the Levee Company for damages, it was discovered that the little bill had repealed that clause of the company's charter which made it liable for losses caused by its neglect. The consideration for this exemption was a reduction of ten cents per cubic yard on the price of the work, but as this still left the company fifty cents per cubic yard, while the average cost of the work is between twenty-five and thirty-three cents, it will be seen that the company could well afford to make the sacrifice. The books of the State Auditor show that the Louisiana Levee Company has received of the public funds since 1872, a total sum of $1,320,400; and the Directors now claim another million more, asserting that they have paid this amount out of their own pockets. As a matter of fact, the work done is not, according to the best engineering estimates, more than one-third what the company is bound to do by the terms of its charter.

With this explanation an idea of the character and magnitude of the fraud may be gained. The question will naturally be asked what party and what men are responsible for it. Luckily, the official records are on hand to answer. It appears that the bill was originally projected by a combination of Republican and Democratic politicians, and that they sold out to another combination of precisely similar make-up. The President of the company is "Hon." JOHN HENDERSON, a rich and prominent Democrat of New-Orleans, and the Vice President is no less a person that Mr. DUNCAN F. KENNER, the Chairman of the Democratic Conference Committee. So here we have two prominent leaders of the down-trodden and helpless Democracy as the principal officers in as gross a scheme of robbery as ever TWEED invented, and one which has helped to burden the unfortunate State with the principal load of its debt. Next to these bright lights appear as Directors, Hon. JAMES CASEY, slightly known to the country as the Collector of the Port at New-Orleans, and Mr. FELIX HERWIG, his deputy, a gentleman not so widely known, but who appears to be quite worthy of his principal.

It may be objected that the Democrats are simply a set of rascals brought uppermost by the disorders of the times, and no more trusted by the masses of their party than the Tammany Republicans were in this City. The objection would be valid were it not for the unfortunate circumstance that Mr. Vice President KENNER was voluntarily chosen by his party as the Chairman of their Conference Committee after the popular uprising against KELLOGG. What confidence would the Committee of Seventy have inspired if, on the memorable night of its organization at Cooper Institute, it had selected, say "HANK" SMITH, for its Chairman? It is impossible that Mr. KENNER's participation in the levee fraud could not have been known; it is absurd to suppose that his party did not know that in this and other schemes of plunder he had been working hand in glove with the Kellogg faction. But this seems to have made little difference; and the spectacle is presented of a set of men always ready to cry to the Federal authorities for "protection to our suffering colored Republicans," and of another set who groan aloud through addresses to the nation against "Republican misrule and the reign of official carpet-baggers," striking hands in the lobby of the State Legislature, and working together in the most intimate and amicable way in a common scheme of plunder. It is not a cheerful outlook for Louisiana when the men who lead an attempt to overthrow the party, in power, as the oppressors of the State, are shown to have taken an active part in every official robbery with which it has been oppressed.

THE REPUBLIC IN FRANCE.

The Republic once more carried the day in the French elections, held on the 18th inst. In contests for four Representatives, three Republicans were returned. The legal majority not being attained in the Department of Pas-de-Calais, another ballot is to be taken. The Bonapartist candidate has so far the advantage there, but nothing leads us to anticipate his ultimate success; and should he be elected, there will still have been a great victory gained for the Republic. It will have won three elections out of four. And so the current has run in all the partial elections of the last three years. From the 2d of July, 1871, to the present time, 187 Deputies have been elected, of whom 155 are Republicans, and thirty-two Monarchists. Such a manifestation of the popular will ought to enlighten the members of the French Cabinet. If they are not totally deaf and blind, they ought to hear and to see which way things are going. But, as the saying is, there is no worse deafness than that of people who do not want to hear; and such, unfortunately, is the infirmity of the French Government.

Will Marshal MACMAHON continue to share it? An honest Executive is bound to respect the will of the people. If it does not, it must expect to be judged with severity. If Marshal MACMAHON chooses, to the end, to cast his lot with the mock Parliamentary majority which sets itself up in defiance of popular majority, it will be clear to everybody that he is marching to a political Sedan. He ought to know that it is not only the safest course for him to be on the people's side, but that it is his duty to keep to it. It is amazing that public officers should be so misled by prejudice and interest as deliberately to run counter to all sound political reason and wisdom. We do not believe in the infallibility of numbers. Far from it. The best causes have often been served by minorities. But we do believe that at the present moment the advocates of the Republic in France are right and its opponents wrong, and that the former understand best their country's true interests and wants. They wish, like M. THIERS and his friends, to give the Republic a fair trial.

What is it, after all, that French ultra-conservatives have to urge against the establishment of a republic? Nothing but arguments based upon old prejudices and self-interested motives. Under an Empire, where power and authority emanate from the ruler, where almost all officers are appointed by him, and the welfare of thousands or millions depend, more or less, upon the discretion of one man, the liberty of the people is always in danger. If favoritism and corruption permeate the administration, there is scarcely any escape from them. The curse may extend over a generation. The successor of a bad ruler, by right of birth, may or may not be a better man. In the meantime, the burden has to be borne. Not so in a republic. There the people have a sure remedy in their own hands, if they are earnest, honest, steady, and go to the polls as they should.

In a speech delivered at Valence, M. JULES SIMON said, a short time since, "Be of good cheer; the Republic will triumph at a day not far distant." It cannot happen otherwise. France now could only become a monarchy of the fifth rank; she might be the first Republic in the old world. The restoration of one of the monarchical forms of government would not give her energies and aspirations the same scope and impulse. It would settle nothing. The old monarchy of divine right, after having been swept away by the revolutionary hurricane, has already passed once through the test of a restoration, and could not withstand the temptation of falling back into its old ways. And these ways are odious to the people. They lead to the admission of a code of local and political ethics which would be universally rejected. Uncontrolled authority, privileged classes, restricted rights, are relics of the past which a nation like the French cannot be expected to worship. A compact entered into by the legitimist representative with the spirit that animates the modern world, could not be trusted. The floodgates of revolution would soon be opened again. The representative of constitutional monarchy would not be the man to close them permanently. The monarchy has been tried in France and it did not take root. Eighteen years were sufficient to scatter it to the winds. It did not take a mighty tempest to sweep it away. The breath of a moment's popular anger dispersed it. It left a number of sincere mourners who had built better hopes on a rule apparently compatible with the modern spirit of liberty and improvement; but, if history only repeats itself, we do not see any reason why France should give another trial to the Orleans family. The first experiment has not been so successful as to make a second particularly desirable.

As to imperial despotism, it hardly seems rational that it should still muster any admirers and supporters in France. The first Empire stirred and kept up a warlike frenzy which ended in dire calamities. Its hero was one of the most splendidly-gifted men of all ages; but the land over which he ruled suffered more from his faults and excesses than it gained from his genius. The second Empire was only a wretched copy of the first. It was a time of big pretensions and small men. What it came to every body knows. In presence of the disgrace, humiliations, and woes it brought on France, one would almost think it impossible that to-day the same man can pretend to be at once a Bonapartist and a French patriot.

During their periods of power, these several governments have no doubt accomplished some good work. They have had their palmy days, and on certain occasions have rendered good service. History will give them credit for it. But we do not see why the people should desire the restoration of one of them rather than the regular and steady development of the institutions they have now. That this is the opinion of most of the French people has been frequently enough manifested during the three last years. They have shown, under the circumstances a great deal of moderation and patience; but they evidently mean that the Republic shall last, because they feel that it is the government which is the most likely to bring into play all the forces of the nation and all the resources of their noble country.

FORMATION OF AN ELECTRICAL SOCIETY.

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 21.—An adjourned meeting of those interested in the formation of an electrical society was held in the Palmer House this afternoon. Mr. C. H. Haskins called the meeting to order and stated its objects, which are an interchange of knowledge and the professional improvement of its members, the advance of electrical and telegraphic science, and the establishment of a central point of reference. The constitution adopted provides that an annual meeting shall be held on the third Wednesday of October, at a place to be designated by the Executive Committee, that the head-quarters of the society shall be Chicago, and that it shall be known by the name of "The American Electrical Society." A permanent organization was effected by the election of the following officers:

President—Gen. Anson Stager, of Chicago. Vice President, Mr. Haskins, of Milwaukee; G. B. Prescott, of New-York; H. P. Dwight, of Toronto; William Orton, of New-York; James Gamble, of San Francisco; John Van Horne, of Louisville, and E. D. L. Sweet, of New-York; Corresponding Secretary, J. N. Miller, of Chillicothe, Ohio; Recording Secretary, C. S. Jones, of Chicago; Executive Committee—William Henry Smith, J. J. S. Wilson, George H. Bliss, F. H. Tubbs, and C. H. Summers. Directors—F. L. Pope, A. S. Brown, of New-York; W. W. Smith, of Indianapolis; J. A. Swift, of Washington; S. D. Field, of San Francisco; George T. Williams, of Cincinnati; D. Flannery, of New-Orleans; C. O. Rowe, of Pittsburg; R. C. Clowry, of St. Louis; E. P. Wright, of Cleveland; D. H. Bates, of Philadelphia; J. J. S. Dickey, of Omaha; V. Hughes, of Buffalo; G. G. Davis, of Baltimore, and J. R. Dowell, of Richmond, Va. There were present at the meeting forty or fifty of the most prominent telegraphers in America, as well as many other prominent men interested in the science.

AMUSEMENTS.

MLLE. ALBANI.

Mr. Strakosch last evening fought the decisive battle of the operatic season entered upon three weeks ago. He introduced to an American audience Mlle. Albani, and, in so doing, won a great victory. All persons interested in the cause of art; all who believe that untiring exertions to elevate the public taste deserve a recompense; and, of course, all admirers of Italian Opera will rejoice over this fact. Mlle. Albani's success, and, as a consequence, the success of her *impresario*, was not marked by the rendering of a merely favorable verdict, but by a rare demonstration of enthusiasm. The numerous, representative, and brilliant assemblage was aware that the achievements of the new comer were of an exceptional kind, and, departing from its wonted reserve, expressed in every imaginable way appreciation and delight. Mlle. Albani's performance was so striking as to justify the most rapturous applause, and so finished as to disarm the coldest connoisseur. Her singing is perfect. Mme. Nilsson's, in point of purity and elegance of phrasing, unerring accuracy of intonation, and general good taste, was vastly inferior to it; and we need scarcely say that Mme. Lucca's rank as an artist is not the result of that lady's mastery of the vocal art. Mlle. Albani's work was a revelation. It was neither the offspring of wholly French schooling, nor of the commonplace teaching of Italian *maestri*, but something comparatively fresh to the ear, as grateful as the song of the bird, and as chaste and beautiful in tone and form as the delivery of a theme from the classics by the bow of Joachim or Vieuxtemps. We shall hear more of Mlle. Albani in other operas than in "La Sonnambula," but a dozen bars from any score would make the natural advantages and the culture of the prima donna apparent. Mlle. Albani possesses a magnificent soprano voice, so extended as to compass E flat in alt, and yet having abundant *timbre* in the medium. The voice is homogeneous; the tones are round and powerful; and the highest are as clear and as full as those in frequent use. To the exposition of these gifts the lady brings rare experience and taste. She strikes the tone required with exactly the right volume of voice, and with unerring accuracy, and the skill with which she swells and diminishes it, and the ability she has of prolonging its duration, are extraordinary. Her scales are at least as wonderful in the definition of every note, while no violation of the legato is ever approached; and her bravura passages are as fluent as her *sostenuto* is firm and forceful. The trill is unimpeachable and so are the minor ornaments with which, be it said, Mlle. Albani is never prodigal. As for her phrasing, it leaves no chance for adverse criticism. In her case there might be some temptation to phrase badly, for her command of respiration is positively marvelous; but she is never led into an abuse of her capability in this direction, and nothing is ever sacrificed to effect. Had we permitted ourselves, writing under the influence of our recollection of Mlle. Albani's London representations, listened to a few weeks ago, to say all this in advance of the artist's appearance at the Academy of Music last night, we might have been taxed with exaggeration; we are satisfied now that no such charge can be brought against us. Judging from the new comer's greeting last night, the audience was rather cold; if so, it needed only a few minutes to change its disposition. Hearty plaudits welcomed the entrance of the graceful figure and sympathetic face of the young prima donna who, for three or four years, has shared with Mme. Patti the laurels won at Covent Garden, but simple cordiality gave way to irrepressible manifestations of surprise and pleasure much before the close of the first act. As we have implied, *Amina* is but a small rôle, but it was of sufficient length to serve its purpose. The expressive delivery—calm, thoughtful almost, but of matchless chastity, and rare richness of sound—of "Come per me sereno," showed at once how splendid the method of the *débutante*, while the succeeding *allegro*, "Sovra il sen," with its ornate repetition of the theme, asserted her fitness to cope with florid music, not as a time-worn songstress, with large experience and the relics of a voice, but as the owner of young and exquisite tones. There is no occasion to follow Mlle. Albani through the opera. Four-fifths of *Amina's* task is recitative, melodious recitative, it may be argued, but recitative, nevertheless, and we hardly think ourselves called upon to particularize after mentioning that Mlle. Albani's articulation, pronunciation, and elocution are excellent; that she moves over the stage easily, and that intelligence, sensibility, and expressiveness were plain in her whole personation, whether in the pretty "business" with *Elvino* at the end of the first act; in the touching scene, when she fancies, in her slumber, that her wedding is in progress; or in the tender emotion of the final incident of the story. It would be understood, even if we did not place the fact in print, that Mlle. Albani stirred her audience to an unprecedented pitch of excitement in the rondo just preceding the fall of the curtain on the reunited swains. Never, in the memory of the present generation, has "Ah! non giunge," been given with the same wealth of tone, brilliancy, and surety. The sweet *andante* prefacing it, commencing, "Ah! non credea," was a fine specimen of eloquence in song, but the 'broidery of the rondo carried the assemblage beyond the limits of ordinary admiration, and the air was broken in upon again and again by spontaneous outbursts of applause. After the opera, we have to add, Mlle. Albani was summoned three or four times to the footlights; a recall, also, rounded off each act. Mr. Strakosch, who, in spite of the troublous financial times we live in, had already presented to the American public, within two years, Nilsson, Maurel, Campanini, and Capoul, has now increased the debt of gratitude a hundredfold by the engagement of Mlle. Albani. Debts of this sort are debts of honor, and we sincerely hope that the triumph which yesterday crowned his labors will be an earnest of the repayment of the entire obligation. Mlle. Albani, last evening, had for an *Elvino* Signor Benfratelli, who acquitted himself very nicely of his duties. Friday the new prima donna is to figure in "Lucia."

GERMAN Y. M. C. ASSOCIATION CONVENTION.

BALTIMORE, Md., Oct. 21.—Delegates from a number of German Young Men's Christian Associations in different States, met here to-day, and organized a National Convention. Morris Boss, of New-York, was chosen President.

AN INDICTED MORMON SURRENDERS HIMSELF.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, Oct. 21.—To-day George Q. Cannon, delegate to Congress, learning that the Grand Jury had indicted him under a Territorial law for lewd and lascivious cohabitation, surrendered himself to the United States Marshal. Bail was fixed at $5,000, President George A. Smith and W. H. Hooper becoming his sureties.

QUEBEC SHIPPING.

QUEBEC, Oct. 21.—The Government schooner J. W. Dunscomb, which left here a month ago with provisions and supplies for the light-houses in the lower St. Lawrence, has returned to port. The Captain brought up from Antecosti twelve persons, some of them in a state of starvation.

Intelligence has been received of the total loss on the Island of Antecosti of the ship Shandon, from Glasgow, with a general cargo for Montreal and Quebec. The Captain and crew were saved.

Another clipper-ship is reported ashore on Island Anticosti, near the place where the Shandon was wrecked.

THE EDWARD SNYDER JURY STILL OUT.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Oct. 21.—In Quarter Sessions to-day the case of Edward Snyder, charged with shooting August Rankee, his partner, July 20, the cause being business difficulties, was continued all day, and was given to the jury in the evening. At 12 o'clock to-night the jury are still out.

LOCAL POLITICS.

THE REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.

SESSIONS OF THE COMMITTEE OF TWENTY-THREE—THE PROBABLE NOMINEES OF THE CONVENTION.

The Committee of Twenty-three appointed by the Republican County Convention to present candidates to be recommended for nomination to the convention at the adjourned meeting to be held at Republican Hall, West Thirty-third street, near Broadway, met yesterday morning at No. 457 Fourth avenue. There was a full attendance of the committee, and Mr. Thomas Murphy, Chairman of the convention, and Messrs. Joel W. Mason, James R. Davies, and Gen. Jos. C. Pinckney, Secretaries, who were made *ex-officio* members of the committee, were present. On motion of Mr. Hugh Gardner a subcommittee to consider nominations, and to report to the Committee of Twenty-three, was appointed. The gentlemen selected were as follows: Benjamin K. Phelps, Chester A. Arthur, Hugh Gardner, Michael W. Burns, Sheridan Shook, Jacob M. Patterson, Jr., George Bliss, Jr., and A. P. Ketchum. The subcommittee held a session after its appointment. After some discussion as to the best candidates, a recess was taken until the afternoon, when the subcommittee again met at the rooms of the Republican Club, No. 39 Union square. Up to this hour, the names of over twenty gentlemen were presented, and their respective merits and popular strength was presented. Among those who were urged as good candidates for the convention, were Messrs. John I. Townshend, R. A. Witthaus, Isaac Sherman, George Jones, George Opdyke, Frederick Kühne, John Hoey, Jackson N. Schultz, J. Seligman, Dorman B. Eaton, Ex-Gov. Salomon, Royal Phelps, M. K. Jesup, N. A. Cowdrey, S. B. H. Vance, Albon P. Mann, Henry E. Howland, and Gen. Lloyd Aspinwall. The sessions of the subcommittee were very harmonious, and there seemed to be predominant a feeling that the men selected should be such as would not only please the Republican Party, but the entire community. The committee were only puzzled by the multiplicity of good candidates presented. The committee took another recess in the afternoon and again met at the rooms of the Republican State Committee, at the Fifth Avenue Hotel, at 10:30 P. M. This session was prolonged until 11:45 P. M. After adjournment it was ascertained that the committee will probably report the following names: For Mayor, Salem H. Wales; Register, Gen. Patrick Henry Jones; Aldermen at Large, S. B. H. Vance, Frederick Kühne, George Forster, Oliver P. C. Billings.

MR. EUGENE M. EARLE NOMINATED FOR CONGRESS IN THE FIFTH DISTRICT.

The Fifth Congressional Republican Convention met last night at the rooms of the Second Assembly District Association Head-quarters, No. 189 Chatham street. Mr. Joseph Murphy presided. After the minutes of the last meeting had been read and approved, Mr. Eugene M. Earle was nominated as candidate for Congress for the Fifth Congressional District, by acclamation. Mr. Earle is a son of Mr. William P. Earle, the well-known proprietor of Earle's Hotel, and was born in 1846, in the Second Ward of this City, where he has resided all his life. He was educated in the New-York public schools, and afterward completed his education in a college at Litchfield, Conn. He is well known and much liked throughout the whole district, and, although he never held any public office, possesses the entire confidence of the members of his party.

THE GERMAN REFORMERS COUNTY CONVENTION.

The German County Convention recently called by the German citizens and reform organizations, to insure, in concert with other organizations, the defeat of the Tammany nominations, held another meeting at the Germania Assembly Rooms last evening. Moritz Ellinger presided, and the Conference Committee, composed of Ferdinand Traud, H. Authenried, Philip Hyack, Gust. Levy, Theodore Glaubensklee, Hugo Gorsch, and George Burchardt, submitted a report of the various measures adopted, and jointly carried out with the allied organizations, for the purpose of defeating the scheme for a new Ring rule under the auspices of the gambling den and the prize-ring. The report was adopted, and a resolution passed by a unanimous vote, ratifying the proceedings and nominations of the Cooper Institute mass-meeting and convention held on Tuesday last. Mr. Ottendorfer, in a brief address, referred again to the efforts that had been made, in accordance with his expressed desire, to find an able American to accept the position of a standard-bearer in the opposition movement against the intended domination of Kelly and Morrissey. It was, indeed, a sorry sight, that among our best classes of native-born American citizens, none could be found able and willing to undergo the sacrifice, or to gather sufficient courage to be the leader in such an important movement as this. He said that everything had been avoided in this matter on the part of the Germans that might have the appearance of national vanity. Brief addresses were also delivered by Martin Nachtmann, Marcus Otterbourg, Dr. Schulz, and others. The convention then adjourned *sine die.*

REPUBLICAN ASSEMBLY NOMINATIONS.

At an adjourned meeting of the Fifteenth Assembly District Republican Convention, last evening, Mr. W. Murray was unanimously nominated for Assembly.

At the Nineteenth Assembly District Convention, last evening, Alexander Marten was nominated for Assembly.

An adjourned meeting of the Eighth Assembly District Republican Convention was held last night, at No. 73 Ludlow street, at which Solon B. Smith was unanimously nominated for Assemblyman.

SEVENTH SENATORIAL TAMMANY ALDERMANIC CONVENTION—THE NOMINEES.

The delegates to the Tammany Aldermanic Convention of the Seventh Senatorial District, comprising the Eleventh, Fifteenth, Sixteenth and Eighteenth Assembly Districts, reassembled last evening at Germania Hall, Seventh avenue and Twenty-sixth street. W. J. A. McGrath, who presided at the first session of the convention, called the delegates to order. The calling of the roll by the Secretary, Patrick McCabe, disclosed the fact that the Sixteenth Assembly District was not represented. In order to allow time for the assembling of the absent delegates a recess of fifteen minutes was taken, the interval being occupied by a Mr. Fieder in a stereotyped stump-speech. At the conclusion of his remarks the roll of the Sixteenth District was again called and responded to, and the business of nomination proceeded with. The Chairman of each district, with the exception of the Sixteenth, presented the names of Robert Power and Peter Seeary, which were received with loud applause. The Chairman of the Sixteenth District delegation submitted the name of Assistant Alderman George Kelly. A delegate from the latter district rose and said that, judging from the drift of the proceedings, he had reason to believe that the nominations had already been practically made, and that everything had been previously "cut and dried." He was called to order by the chair and a vote taken, which resulted in the nominations of Messrs. Powers and Seeary.

Robert Powers is a native of this City, and about forty years of age. He is a member of the firm of Powers Brothers, ornamental plasterers, No. 1,432 Broadway, and although a member of the Tammany General Committee, and an active worker in the interests of the party, has never held public office.

Peter Seeary is a man of thirty-five years of age, and a native of Ireland, from whence he emigrated at an early age to this City. After his arrival here he worked for a time at the stone-cutting trade. Some years ago he entered politics, and was elected Assistant Alderman in 1869. On the expiration of his term of office he opened a liquor store in the Twenty-first Ward, which he still continues to keep.

N. J. ODELL NOMINATED FOR CONGRESS BY THE DEMOCRATS OF THE TWELFTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

The Democratic electors of the Twelfth Congressional District, comprising Westchester County and the Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth Wards of this City, held a convention at Mount Kisco yesterday, to nominate a candidate for Representative in Congress. Ex-Judge Robert S. Hart called the meeting to order. On motion, Isaac B. Noxon, of Greenburg, was elected Chairman; Hugh Lunny, of West Chester, and Peter N. Fowler, of Yonkers, Vice Presidents; and F. M. Randall, of Greenburg, and C. R. Swaine, Secretaries. A letter was read from Mr. Clarkson N. Potter, declining to accept the nomination for Congressman, from a variety of reasons, which were enumerated at length. Mr. G. W. David, of New-Rochelle, offered a series of resolutions complimentary to Mr. Potter, which were adopted. Mr. N. J. Odell, the present County Treasurer, was then nominated for member of Congress from the Twelfth District amid great enthusiasm. After a brief speech from the new candidate, the convention adjourned.

MASS-MEETING AT HARLEM.

The Republican and Independent citizens of the Twenty-first Assembly District held a large meeting last evening at Lincoln Hall, corner of Third avenue and One Hundred and Sixteenth street. Col. George W. McLean was chosen President and Cyrus T. Frost Secretary. Charles F. Valentine moved that a committee of five be appointed to visit upon William Haw, Jr., and request the withdrawal of his letter declining the Republican nomination for Assemblyman from the Twenty-first District, the committee to report to the meeting to be held this evening. The resolution was adopted and a committee appointed to wait on Mr. Haw and communicate the wishes of the meeting. Brief addresses were then made by Col. George W. McLean, James M. Gray, Henry C. Robinson, C. T. Frost, and Lawson N. Fuller, after which the meeting adjourned with three cheers for Mr. Haw.

COUNTY TICKET OF THE INDUSTRIAL POLITICAL PARTY—TAMMANY HALL DEFIED.

The County Convention of the "Industrial Political Party," an outgrowth from the Working Men's Union of this City, was held last night at Masonic Hall, William A. Corsay presiding, George Blair acting as Secretary. The hall was filled with delegates, and the proceedings were of the usual stormy character. The Committee on Conference reported that they had conferred with a committee of the new Independent Democratic Party. The Delmonico party had treated them coldly, and when asked for the nomination for Register had offered them an Alderman in addition to a representation on the organization of the party. It was then decided to proceed with the nomination of an independent County ticket, which had been postponed from the last night of meeting. Theodore E. Tomlinson, who received the nomination on that occasion, but requested a week to consider the matter after a stinging remark on his conduct by Capt. Cushing, announced that he declined to be a candidate. A number of those who had received nominations for Aldermen at Large also declined. The nomination of a new county ticket was then proceeded with, and after an incalculable amount of speech making, wrangling accusations and counter-accusations of coquetting with other political organizations by officers and members of the party, the following nominations were agreed upon by acclamation:

For Mayor—John Swinton, journalist.
For Register—Conrad Kuhn, cigar-maker.
For Aldermen at Large—William A. Corsay, bricklayer; Joseph Taylor, stair-builder; George Blair, box-maker; John Graham, bricklayer.

On motion of Theodore Banks, who said the working men could elect their ticket—late in the day though it was—if they only used the power centred in them, a committee was appointed to tender the candidates their nominations and arrange for a mass-meeting at Turn Hall.

A lively scene was enacted toward the close of the meeting by the reading of a paper handed to the Chairman by John E. Wade, a delegate. Refusal to read the document had been made at an early stage of the meeting, but on Mr. Wade demanding that it be read, the Chairman announced that the paper requested the convention to indorse the entire Tammany nominations. The announcement acted like the explosion of a bombshell on the delegates, a score of whom jumped to their feet at once. Mr. Murphy pounded the seat violently with his stick while denouncing the conduct of the delegate who had introduced the document, and yelled forth denunciations against Tammany Hall, the working man's enemy. Mr. Cashman criticised very severely the action of Mr. Wade, who, he said, had not been the first to try to sneak in documents, thinking to fool the working men of the City. Let him go back to the ward politicians and their masters, Kelly and Morrissey, and tell them that the working men of New-York City defied them. They would not indorse either the Republicans or Tammany Hall, but would support their own independent ticket. A dispute having arisen as to the actual contents of the paper the meeting allowed the document be read. It set forth that inasmuch as the Republicans had not done all that the working men desired, and the new party could do nothing, the best thing the convention could do would be to indorse all the nominations of good old Tammany, when they would receive all the favors they desired. One delegate moved that the document be put on the table, another that it be placed under the table, and a third that it be put in the stove. The motion to table the document was carried amid a clamor of yells, and the convention adjourned.

BANNER RAISING IN THE SIXTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

A large number of Republicans assembled last evening at the Sixth Assembly District Republican Association Head-quarters, No. 384 Grand street, for the purpose of ratifying the Republican nominations, and of celebrating the event of a banner raising. The meeting was called to order by Mr. Robert Moore, President of the association, and Mr. Evans Elliott was chosen Chairman. While the banner was being raised, Mr. Henry A. Smith introduced the following resolution, which was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the Sixth Assembly District Republican Association do hereby ratify the nominations made by the Republican State Convention held at Utica, and that we do pledge ourselves to give our hearty support to Gen. John A. Dix for Governor, John C. Robinson for Lieutenant Governor, Alexander Barkley for Canal Commissioner, Thomas Kirkpatrick for Prison Inspector, Alexander S. Johnson for Judge of the Court of Appeals, and John P. Robinson for Alderman in the Fourth Senatorial District.

Brief addresses were delivered by several speakers, after which the meeting adjourned.

THE INDEPENDENT GERMANS.

The Independent German Republican Club, Augustus H. Stoecklein presiding, met last night at No. 30 Rivington street. The hall was crowded, and a large number of new members were admitted. The following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we cordially and emphatically indorse the nomination of Charles S. Spencer for Congress.

Resolved, That we possess in him, in the struggle for Congress, and in Albert Elterich in that for the Assembly, two candidates of whom we may be justly proud, and who will surely lead us to a brilliant victory.

THE ELECTION INSPECTORS—THE POLLING PLACES.

The Board of Police held a meeting yesterday morning to consider the case of Charles Frost, an Inspector of Election of the Sixth Election District of the Twenty-first Assembly District, against whom Mr. George P. Webster, a resident of Harlem, had made charges of general bad character. Mr. Frost, although notified to appear before the board, failed to do so, but tendered his resignation. Testimony in respect to Mr. Frost's general reputation was given by Messrs. Charles P. Crary and Stephen Roberts, and the accused was removed by a unanimous vote of the board. Inspector John H. Blunt, of the Twenty-second Election District of the Seventeenth Assembly District, against whom a charge of intoxication was preferred, was removed, the charge having been fully substantiated.

The Inspectors of Election in the Eleventh Election District, First Assembly District; Fifth Election District, Second Assembly District; Ninth Election District, Nineteenth Assembly District, and Ninth Election District, Twelfth Assembly District, were summoned to appear before the Board of Police to-day to show cause why they should not be removed for a non-compliance with section 27 of the Election law in omitting to leave and have suspended in the places of registry and the districts named the "public copy" of the registration.

The Committee on Repairs and Supplies reported in favor of awarding the contract for fitting up the polling places throughout the City to James McCarthy at $2 95 each, he being the lowest bidder and having furnished the required sureties. The contract was awarded to Mr. McCarthy, and the sureties were transmitted to the Controller for approval.

REPUBLICAN RALLY IN PATERSON, N. J.

The Wigwam in Paterson, N. J., was crowded to suffocation last evening by the friends of Hon. George A. Halsey and William Walter Phelps, who had assembled to ratify their nominations, respectively, for the Governorship and for Congress. Fully three thousand persons were present. Mr. George Wirtz called the meeting to order, and Mr. G. W. Briggs was chosen Chairman. Mr. Briggs, on taking his seat, delivered a short address, and introduced Mr. Halsey, who, in a few pleasant words, excused himself from making a lengthy speech. E. B. Conover, a colored gentleman from New-York, took the stand after Mr. Halsey had retired. Referring to the Civil Rights bill, he commended the course of Congressman Phelps, who had voted against it, and asked his colored friends to give Mr. Phelps their continued confidence. He said that the bill was a dead letter, and not worthy of confidence. He reminded his hearers that to withhold a vote from Mr. Phelps because of his opposition to that bill was equivalent to giving a vote to Cutler, the Democratic nominee. Hon. W. Walter Phelps was then introduced. He referred to his Congressional career—to the fact that Speaker Blaine had placed him upon several important committees. He said that he had worked for a good currency for the country. He condemned the Granger movement. They were down on the railways, which had made Paterson prosperous. While in Congress he had worked in favor of dealing out the public moneys frugally. Hon. Stewart L. Woodford, of New-York; Hon. Galusha A. Grow, of Pennsylvania, and others, followed in brief addresses.

THE CAMPAIGN IN NEW-JERSEY.

The Elizabeth City Republican Convention met in the Opera-house Tuesday evening, and nominated Robert W. Townley for Mayor. For Freeholders the nominees were: L. T. Hand, John Conrad, Sr., George Peters, and Samuel Murray.

The colored citizens of Elizabeth met in mass-meeting in the Opera-house last evening, and ratified the Republican nominations for State officers. A minister who had been bought from a condition of servitude by Hon. George A. Halsey, the Republican candidate for Governor, was the principal speaker of the evening.

George H. Farrier was last evening nominated for Assembly by the Republicans of the First District, Jersey City.

The Republicans of the Third District, Passaic County, yesterday nominated Robert M. Torret for Member of Assembly.

The Republicans of the Second District of Union County yesterday nominated William McKemlay for member of Assembly.

E. H. Ropes was yesterday nominated on the Republican ticket for Assemblyman from the First District of Union County.

The Democrats of the First District of Middlesex County, last evening, nominated James H. Van Cleef for member of the Assembly.

The Republicans of Newark met in the Opera-house in that City last evening to ratify the nominations for county officers. The assemblage was large, and much enthusiasm was evinced. Addresses were delivered by Hon. John Davidson, of Elizabeth, and Thomas N. McCarter, Esq., of Newark.

Senator Frelinghuysen will speak this evening in Orange.

NOTES.

The Seventeenth Assembly District Association will hold a ratification meeting to-night at the church in West Fiftieth street, near Eighth avenue.

The Republicans of Yorkville met at Eastside Hall last evening, and organized an Isaac H. Bailey Campaign Club of the Twenty-first Assembly District. Major John D. Terry was elected President, and William Hallett Secretary.

A ratification meeting of the Republicans of the Eleventh Congressional District will be held on Thursday evening, Oct. 29, at Central Park Garden, corner Fifty-ninth street and Seventh avenue. Hon. A. L. Stewart, Hon. Isaac H. Bailey, Samuel Cowes, and others will make brief addresses.

A mass-meeting of the Republicans of the Seventh Assembly District, under the auspices of the colored citizens of the district, will be held to-night at the Lincoln Club Rooms, University place, near Eighth street, to ratify the nominations of Hon. John D. Lawson for Congress and Mr. Frederick W. Seward for Assembly.

The Liberal Republicans and Independent Democrats of the Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth Wards who oppose the nominations made by Tammany Hall, will meet at Coombs' Morrisania Hall on Thursday evening, Oct. 22, to place in nomination candidates who will represent the annexed district, and not Kelly and Morrissey.

The Assembly Convention of the First District of Queens County, adjourned from last week, have re-nominated Hon. L. Bradford Prince, who has signified his acceptance. The Democratic Convention meets to-day at Mineola, and it is thought that Ex-Assemblyman James M. Pearsall will be put in nomination against Mr. Prince.

The Republican Convention of the Twenty-first Assembly District will meet at Lincoln Hall, corner of One Hundred and Sixteenth street and Third avenue, this evening, to nominate a candidate for member of Assembly. Immediately after adjournment a grand ratification meeting will be held, at which eminent speakers will deliver addresses.

GREAT BRITAIN.

FURTHER PARTICULARS OF THE GALE IN ENGLAND—RESCUE OF THE SURVIVORS OF THE STEAMER CHUSAN.

LONDON, Oct. 22—5 A. M.—Seventeen of the crew of the steamer Chusan, ashore off Androssan, were drowned. The survivors have been rescued from the rigging. The steamer is a total loss.

The brig E. C. White has been lost off the Isle of Wight, and four of her people drowned.

GERMANY.

THE VON ARNIM CASE—DANES ELECTED TO THE PRUSSIAN DIET.

LONDON, Oct. 22.—A Berlin special dispatch to the *Standard*, says the legal preliminaries in Count Von Arnim's case are almost completed, and it is believed that the Count will be released on bail in a few days.

The Danish candidates, Krueger and Ahlmann, have been elected to the Prussian Diet from Hadersleben and Alsen.

URUGUAY.

FOUR MILLIONS PAPER MONEY TO BE ISSUED.

MONTEVIDEO, Oct. 19.—It is stated that the Government of Uruguay intends to issue $4,000,000 of paper money.

THE WEATHER.

SYNOPSIS AND PROBABILITIES.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22—1 A. M.—The barometer has risen over the lakes and New-England and southward to the Ohio Valley and Middle States with variable winds, mostly north-easterly, warmer and partly cloudy weather; rising barometer, north-east to south-east winds, warmer, clear, and partly cloudy weather in the South Atlantic and Gulf States; high pressure, north-easterly winds, warmer and partly cloudy weather in the North-west and thence to Missouri, with rain in the latter. The rivers remain unchanged.

PROBABILITIES.

For the South Atlantic and Gulf States, stationary barometer, south-easterly and southerly winds, warmer, clear, and partly cloudy weather.

For Tennessee and the Ohio Valley, reduced pressure, light south-easterly winds, warmer and cloudy weather, and occasional rain.

For the North-west, the Upper Lakes, and southward to Missouri, north-east to southerly winds, warmer, cloudy weather, and light rain.

For the Lower Lakes, nearly stationary temperature and pressure, north-easterly winds, foggy and partly cloudy weather.

For the Middle States and New-England, rising barometer, stationary temperature, light, variable winds, mostly north-easterly, fogs on the coast, clear, and partly cloudy weather.

IN THIS CITY.

The following record shows the changes in the temperature during the last twenty-four hours, as recorded at Hudnut's drug store, No. 118 Broadway:

	1873.	1874.		1873.	1874.
3 A. M.	54°	50°	3 P. M.	58°	64°
6 A. M.	52°	49°	6 P. M.	53°	60°
9 A. M.	53°	54°	9 P. M.	50°	55°
12 M.	56°	61°	12 P. M.	50°	54°

Average temperature yesterday.......55⅞°
Average temperature same day last year.......53¼°

THE "RAILROAD POLITICIAN."

From the Syracuse Journal.

It now appears that Vanderbilt's trip over the Central Road is not so innocent as might be supposed. The fact has come to light that he is personally attempting to control the votes of railroad employes in favor of his candidate for Governor, Mr. Tilden. While in this city, last Saturday, he called certain railroad men before him and gave them instructions. In the days of Dean Richmond men were required to humble themselves to secure places on the Central Road, and the indications are that the iron rule is to be re-established, and that at the expense of the people at large.

TILDEN'S CONFIDENTIAL LETTERS.

Uncle Samuel has a mania for distributing lithograph *fac simile* letters. While he was Chairman of the Democratic State Committee he flooded the country with them, and now that he has retired his ruling passion is as strong as ever. And it doesn't appear to make much difference to whom he sends them. Below is one sent to an active, uncompromising Republican residing in the Eighth Ward. Both Democrats and Republicans will smile on reading it. Tilden is glad to think he will give his time and efforts, &c. Just think of it! Tilden hopes for comfort from the Eighth Ward, and from a Republican, too! But here is his letter:

> NEW-YORK, Oct. 17, 1874.
>
> DEAR SIR: I have heard from your election district; am glad to think you will give your time and efforts to organizing it and polling our full vote on the 3d of November.
>
> It is important that you immediately confer with those of our friends in your district who are willing to work, and that all join hands in a united effort for our cause.
>
> Give your attention to securing the best possible result in your own district. You may rely on a faithful co-operation in every other part of the State.
>
> Intelligence has been received from nearly every election district. Everywhere a general desire exists among the people for a change in the administration of the Goevrnment.
>
> This information comes from many hundreds of persons in all parts of the State, who say they know personally of former Republicans who will now vote our ticket.
>
> The results of the late elections in Ohio, Indiana, and elsewhere confirm the expectations which were derived from these previous statements as to the favorable condition of public opinion in this State.
>
> We have only to do our duty to our cause, and our victory in New-York will transcend the brilliant triumphs in other States.
>
> I shall be pleased to hear from you—either through the State Committee, or directly—in respect to what is doing in your district to contribute to a favorable result in the State.
>
> Very truly, yours,
> SAMUEL J. TILDEN.

TILDEN'S MONEY.

Tilden's nomination was urged "because he was worth eight or ten millions of dollars, and could buy his election." The second page of the *Courier* has been purchased, and each morning it has the appearance of a circus bill. Every Democratic paper has received a slice, and a few reliables in every locality have been supplied with bravado money. The Canal Collector of this port is one of the principal bottle-holders in this locality.

THE TURF.

MARYLAND JOCKEY CLUB.

SECOND DAY OF THE FALL MEETING—FINEWORK, PREAKNESS, AND LOTTIE MOON THE WINNERS.

BALTIMORE, Md., Oct. 21.—This is the second day of the Fall Meeting of the Maryland Jockey Club. The weather continues fair and favorable, and the track is in splendid condition.

The first race was the Central Stakes for two-year olds; one mile; $50 subscription, play or pay; the club to add $600, of which $100 goes to the second horse. Closed with twenty-eight nominations. Eight horses started, as follows: P. Lorillard's James A.; H. P. McGrath's Chesapeake and Calvin; E. A. Clabaugh's chestnut colt, by Vauxhall; J. W. Hunt Reynolds' Aniella; Col. McDaniel's Betty Ward colt; A. Belmont's Rhadamanthus, and M. H. Sandford's Finework. In the pools, just before the race, Chesapeake sold as favorite, with Rhadamanthus second choice. Aniella took the lead at the start, and kept it until the three-quarter pole was reached, when Finework forged ahead and passed under the string winner by two lengths, Aniella second, James A. third, and Rhadamanthus fourth, followed by Calvin and Chesapeake. Time—1:45.

The second event was a selling race for all ages; one and three-quarters miles; horses entered to be sold at auction immediately after the race, for $1,500, full weight; for $1,000, allowed 5 pounds; for $750, allowed 10 pounds; for $500, allowed 14 pounds; if not to be sold at all, to carry 7 pounds extra. Purse, $400 to first horse, $100 to the second.

The starters were Sanford's Preakness, carrying 125, and not to be sold, having 7 pounds extra; Donahue's Cariboo, 103 pounds; Davis' Allie Hunt, 104 pounds; McDaniel's Galway, 103 pounds; Lawrence & Lorillard's Resolute, 103 pounds; Chamberlin's Carlina, 87 pounds, and Dunn's Rauche Wai-Me, 82 pounds. One of the pools sold just previous to the start was—Preakness, $500; Resolute, $260; Galway, $180; Field, $100. The horses were started at the quarter mile pole, and got off well together. On entering the quarterstretch Cariboo was three lengths in front, and led Resolute by seven lengths in passing the string at the end of the three-quarter mile, the rest in a bunch. At the quarter pole Cariboo still showed ahead, but soon after Preakness began to make his run, and, passing both Resolute and Cariboo, led by a neck at the half-mile. Coming up the homestretch the contest between the three leaders was severe, but Preakness drew ahead and won the race by a neck, Resolute second, Galway third, and Cariboo fourth. Time—3:08½.

The third contest was a mile-heat race for three-year olds that have not won a sweepstake race at Jerome Park, Long Branch, Saratoga, or Baltimore; purse, $400 to first horse; $100 to the second. Ten horses started: Donahue's Botany Bay; Jennings' Larry Hart; Cottrill's Lottie Moon; McDaniel's Josie B.; Owner's Bettie Clapham; Chamberlin's The Hoaxer; Owner's Boz; Young's Paladin; Dunn's Judge Thurman; and Puryear's Rutherford. In the first heat, Lottie Moon led from the start, and won the heat by two lengths; Josie B. second, Botany Bay third, Boz fourth, Judge Thurman fifth, Rutherford sixth, Larry Hart seventh, The Hoaxer eighth, and Paladin and Bettie Clapham distanced. Time, 1:45. The second heat and the race were won by Lottie Moon. She was never headed from the start to the finish, and won quite easily. Josie B. came in second, Judge Thurman third, Botany Bay fourth, Boz fifth, Rutherford sixth, The Hoaxer seventh, and Larry Hart distanced. Time—1:45½. In one of the pools sold immediately before the race Rutherford brought $810; Lottie Moon, $335; Larry Hart, $310; Josie B., $125; field, $130.

FOURTH RACE.—Gentlemen's post stakes of $25 each, play or pay, welter weights; 1¼ mile; the club to add $400; second horse to receive stakes to the amount of $100; five or more subscribers to fill; horses to be ridden by members of this or any other recognized association in the United States or Canada; to close Sept. 1, and name at post. The entries closed with six subscribers, viz: Belmont Purdy, Oden Bowie, Lawrence & G. Lorillard, T. B. and W. R. Davis, Joseph Donahue, and H. Gaffney. Bowie entered Limestone, Robert Center, rider; Davis entered Fadladeen, R. H. Pugh, rider; Belmont Purdy entered and rode Dublin. In the pools Limestone was the favorite by large odds, selling at $1,120; Fadladeen $205, and Dublin $135. A good start was made from the three-quarter pole. On passing the judges' stand, Dublin led Limestone by a length, with Fadladeen about three lengths behind. The horses passed the first quarter-pole in the same order, with Fadladeen closing up the gap between him and Limestone. Passing the half-mile pole, Limestone and Dublin were neck-and-neck, with Fadladeen close in the rear. Limestone now drew ahead, and entered on the homestretch half a length in advance of Fadladeen, with Dublin third. The finish was very exciting, Limestone passing under the string and winning the race one length ahead of Fadladeen, with Dublin four or five lengths behind the latter. Time—2:19. The attendance during the day was moderate.

POOL-SELLING AT BALTIMORE.

BALTIMORE, Md., Oct. 21.—The pool-selling at Barnum's Hotel to-night on the races to come off at Pimlico to-morrow was very lively, those on the second race on the programme being especially brisk. First race, two-year olds, Aristides, $260; Aniella, $240; Holbrook, $135; Betty Ward, (colt,) $125. Pools on the second race, free handicap stakes, all ages, averaged as follows: McDaniel's entries—Bassett, 114 pounds, and Madge, 111 pounds, $235; Lawrence & G. Lorillard's entries—Shylock, 111 pounds; Resolute, 100 pounds, $118; Cottrill's Bannerette, 90 pounds, $80; Jenning's Ballankeel, 90 pounds, $75; Sandford's Kadi, 105 pounds, $100; Belmont's Scratch, 75 pounds, $26. Third race, Compensation Purse, mile heats; Survivor, $310; Grinstead, $187; Planter, $78; Aaron Pennington, $75; Josie B., $60; Botany Bay, $33; Stockwood, $30. No pools were sold on the fourth race—grand steeplechase Post Stakes—the weights not being known.

POOL-SELLING IN THIS CITY.

To-day is the third day of the meeting, and there will be five races, the first a mile dash for two-year olds, with Aniella, Aristides, Holbrook, and the Betty Ward colt. Aniella carries five pounds extra for winning the Central Stakes. The second is a free handicap, for all ages, two miles and a half, with ten entries, including Preakness, 128 pounds; Mate, 172 pounds; Harry Bassett, 114 pounds; Madge, 94 pounds; Scratch, 95 pounds; Resolute, 100 pounds; Shylock, 111 pounds; Bannerette, 90 pounds; Kadi, 105 pounds; and Ballankeel, 90 pounds. The third race is the Compensation Purse, with penalties and allowances; mile heats. In this are Josie B., 3 years, 87 pounds; Planter, 3 years, 95 pounds; Survivor, 4 years, 113 pounds; Botany Bay, 3 years, 90 pounds; Pennington, 3 years, 90 pounds; Grinstead, 3 years, 90 pounds; Stockwood, 6 years, 114 pounds. The fourth race is a match of one mile between O'Neil and Molly Darling, both three-year olds. The fifth and concluding race is a steeplechase, with George West, Gaffney, Austrine, Moonstone, Stockwood, and Trouble. The pools on these events sold at Johnson's, last night, averaged as follows:

MILE DASH FOR TWO-YEAR OLDS.

Aristides	$50	$50	$60
Aniella	21	21	25
Holbrook Betty Ward colt	15	13	16
Total	$86	$84	$101

MILE HEATS.

Survivor	$60	$60	$70
Grinstead	50	50	60
Pennington	40	45	45
Planter	27	35	40
Josie B.	18	20	20
Botany Bay Stockwood	13	16	17
Total	$208	$226	$252

TWO MILES AND A HALF.

Preakness Mate	$250	$300
Bassett Madge	200	250
Resolute Shylock	70	80
Bannerette	70	75
Ballankeel	60	70
Kadi Scratch	50	60
Total	$700	$835

STEEPLE-CHASE.

Geo. West	$60	$75
Trouble	50	60
Moonstone	11	14
Gaffney Austrine Stockwood	15	20
Total	$136	$169

No pools were sold on the match.

THE TROTTING TURF.

THE HUDSON RIVER FAIR AT POUGHKEEPSIE.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Oct. 21.—Over 6,000 persons visited the Hudson River Fair to-day. After the first heat in the postponed race for three-minute horses to-day, Roden, the driver of Rutledge, was ordered from his sulky for foul driving, and Ben. Mace was put in, the heat being decided void. Another heat was then trotted, which Rutledge won easily in 2:47. His rival was George F. Smith. The quarter was trotted in 40½, the half in 1:21½, and the three-quarters in 2:04. The next race was for 2:40 horses; purse $1,000. The following is the summary:

Lady White	1	1	1
Volunteer Maid	2	2	3
Lady Bonner	3	3	4
Rosa Sonberg	4	4	2

TIME.

	Quarter.	Half.	Three-quarters.	Mile.
First heat	42	1:22	2:00	2:41½
Second heat	41¾	1:22	1:59	2:39
Third heat	40½	1:19	1:57	2:35

The last race was for 2:31 horses; purse $1,250. The following is the summary:

Nellie Walton	1	1	1
Molsey	2	0	2
Berkshire Boy	4	2	3
Mountaineer	3	0	4

TIME.

	Quarter.	Half.	Three-quarters.	Mile.
First heat	40	1:16½	1:54	2:33
Second heat	39½	1:17	1:55	2:35
Third heat	38½	1:17½	1:54½	2:33

ROCHESTER DRIVING PARK ASSOCIATION.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Oct. 21.—This was the second day of the Fall meeting of the Rochester Driving Park Association. The weather was fine, but the attendance light. The unfinished 2:33 race of Tuesday was won by Colbourne:

SUMMARY.

G. S. Harris, Watertown, Colbourne	1	4	2	2	1	1
Meade & Eggleston, Johnson's Creek, Chas. Henson	4	2	1	1	2	3
John Forbes, Hamilton, Ontario, Little Angus	2	1	3	3	3	2
Dennis Mahoney, Rochester, Tom Collins	5	3	4	4	4	0
G. E. Brock, Suspension Bridge, Lady Whitman	3	dis.				

Time—2:32½, 2:32½, 2:32¾, 2:31, 2:33½, 2:30.

To-day's 2:45 race was won by Bay Jimmy.

SUMMARY.

Simeon Butts, Greece, Bay Jimmy	1	1	1
Dennis Mahoney, Rochester, Clifton Bay	3	2	2
James & Bell, Waverly, Silk Stocking	2	3	3
C. T. Pattie, Corning, Thomas Moore	4	4	4

The 2:38 race was won by Charlie Howe in three straight heats.

SUMMARY.

G. E. Brock, Suspension Bridge, Charlie Howe	1	1	1
D. C. Kapp, Penn Yan, Charlie	2	2	3
Dennis Mahoney, Rochester, Tom Collins	0	5	2
J. H. Randall, Buffalo, Mollie	3	3	4
H. H. Twitchell, Avon, Toppy	0	4	6
J. W. Meyall, Corning, Billy Mix	0	6	5
C. Chamberlain, Syracuse, Mountain Girl	3	dis.	

WASHINGTON PARK, PROVIDENCE, R. I.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Oct. 21.—At Washington Park to-day the race for 2:50 horses was won by Johnnie Babcock, Hamlet came in second, and Harry Whitford third. The race for 2:38 horses, purse $400, was won by Ned Forrest, Prowess second, Belle of Hudson third. Time—2:36½, 2:37¼, 2:38¾.

TROTTING AT FLEETWOOD PARK.

A trot for a purse and stake of $400 came off yesterday at Fleetwood Park before a fair attendance of spectators. The contestants were Lady Dahlman, Frank Wood, and Bally Lewis. In the pools previous to the start Frank Wood was the favorite at $50 to $30 for the other two. The contest was very spirited, and was won by Frank Wood in four heats.

SUMMARY.

FLEETWOOD PARK, MORRISANIA, Wednesday, Oct. 21.—Purse and stake $400; mile heats, best three in five, in harness.

W. E. Weeks' b. g. Frank Wood	2	1	1	1
John Murphy's b. m. Lady Dahlman	1	2	2	2
T. Pawling's gr. g. Bally Lewis	3	3	3	3

Time—2:31¼, 2:31¼, 2:28, 2:29.

TROTTING AT THE BERGEN COUNTY (N. J.) DRIVING PARK.

The first regular meeting at the Gentlemen's Driving Park, in Bergen County, N. J., was held yesterday. About 500 persons assembled on the ground. Two interesting and exciting races were run. The first was for a purse of $700, for horses that have never beaten 2:35. For this race there were five entries. The entries were A. B. Snyder's s. s. Andrew, Thomas Lee's br. g. Judge Bedle, J. J. Anderson's b. m. Fanny W., J. Scullen's blk. g. Frank, and J. Wilson's br. m. Maud. Snyder took first money in three straight heats, her time being 2:42, 2:42, and 2:43. The second was for a purse of $800, for horses that have never beaten 2:35. There were ten entries. H. Gilbert's s. g. Harry Gilbert won first money and A. A. Einstein's blk. g. Black Crook took the second. The racing will be resumed to-day.

PACIFIC JOCKEY CLUB.

ENTRIES FOR THE FOUR-MILE RUNNING RACE AT SAN FRANCISCO.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Oct. 21.—The following are the officially-announced entries for the great four-mile running race for $25,000, to be given Nov. 14, under the auspices of the Pacific Jockey Club: Thad. Stevens, Joe Daniels, Katie Pease, Hubbard, Henry, Alpha, Hocking, and Hardwood. Other parties East and in Oregon have sent entries and money by mail and telegraph, but the names of the horses are not yet known. Extensive betting has already commenced. Mr. Cluff has offered $3,000 for the right to sell pools.

RAVAGES OF A PESTILENCE.

HOW THE INDIANS WERE DESTROYED IN CALIFORNIA IN 1833.

The following appears as a communication from Mr. J. J. Warner in the Los Angeles (Cal.) *Star*:

I have read of the horrors of the London plague, and of the more than decimation by pestilence of the inhabitants of various parts of the world, in different ages, and of the destruction of mankind by the angels of the Lord, and by destroying angels; but I have never read or heard of such a general destruction of a people by any angel, good or bad, or by plague or pestilence, as that which swept the Valley of the Sacramento and San Joaquin in the Summer of 1833.

In the Autumn of 1832 a party, of which the writer was a member, traveled from the mountain down along the banks of the San Joaquin River and up those of the Sacramento to some distance above the confluence of the latter with Feather River. The number of Indians living along and in the vicinity of the banks of the rivers, was so much greater than I had ever seen living upon the same area of country, that it presented a constant source of surprise. The conclusion was then reached by me that there was no other place on the continent, north of the tropic, the natural productions of which could support so large a population as was then living in the section of country to which I have referred.

In the latter part of the Summer of 1833 we entered the northern extremity of the Sacramento Valley from the Klamath Lake and Pitt River countries. We found the northern part of the valley strewn with the skeletons and fragments of skeletons of Indians, under the shading trees, around springs and the convenient watering-places, upon the banks of the river, and over the plain, where wolves and coyotes, waddling from tree to tree or over the plain, their hides distended with unnatural fatness, had dragged and denuded them. From the head of the valley to the American River but one living Indian was seen, and he was the most perfect personification of solitude that was ever presented to my view; his wasted muscles, his eyes deeply sunk in their sockets, as if there were no brain within the cranium, emitted a dull, vacant gaze, as if astonished to behold a living human being, when he believed that all, all were dead, and he alone left, telling most emphatically of his utter loneliness, of how he had seen the destroying angel engaged in his work of death on every hand, and wherever his eyes were turned, until he himself was prostrated, not killed, but left to rise upon his feet, and wander about among the bones and festering bodies of his folk. The dwellings of the Indians in the numerous villages located upon and along the banks of the Sacramento River, and its tributaries, were void, and no foot-tracks but those of fowls and wild beasts were to be seen in the lonely villages.

As we traveled southerly the skeletons were of a fresher appearance, and before reaching the buttes, and from thence southerly, the entire or partially devoured bodies of the Indians, in all stages of decay, were so invariably found in and about all the convenient and desirable camping places that it became necessary, in order to escape the stench of decomposing humanity, to seek our night's encampments upon the open plain.

After crossing Feather River, those villages along the Sacramento which in the Winter previous were each inhabited by hundreds of Indians were desolate and the abodes of ruin. The same appalling proofs of this dire calamity were constantly presented to us as we traveled up the San Joaquin. Neither biblical nor profane history has portrayed such mournful results of the march of a destroying angel as were presented to our senses as we repassed through, along by, and around those silent and vacated villages, which some ten months before we had seen swarming with Indian life and resounding with voices from hundreds of human throats.

Around the naked villages, graves and the ashes of funeral pyres, the skeletons and swollen bodies told a tale of death such as to us no written record had ever revealed. From the head of the Sacramento Valley until we reached the mouth of King's River, not exceeding five live Indians were seen, and here we found encamped a village of Indians, among whom the destroying angel was sating his greed of human victims by a ghastly carnage. During the one night, more than a score of victims were added to the hosts upon which he had been feeding. The wailing of that stricken village during that night was incessant and most terrible. The sword of the destroyer was a remittent fever with which the victims were first stricken down, to be finished by a hot-air bath, followed by a plunge into a cold water one. It was evident, to us from the signs which we saw, that at first the Indians buried their dead; but when the dead became so numerous that the living could not bury them, resort was had to the burning of the dead bodies, and when the living from diminished numbers were unable to do this, they abandoned their villages, the sick and the dying, and fled in dismay, only to die by the side of the springs and pools of water, and beneath the shade of protecting trees.

LOSSES BY FIRE.

The Ogden House in Council Bluffs, Iowa, one of the finest hotels in the West, was destroyed by fire yesterday morning. The total loss is $80,000. The insurance is about $35,000, divided among ten companies.

A barn belonging to Mr. H. W. T. Mali, of Stockbridge, Mass., said to have been the finest in Western Massachusetts, was burned yesterday afternoon, with 125 tons of hay, five horses, and other property. The loss is $25,000, with partial insurance. The origin of the fire is not known.

LOUISIANA.

LEGALITY OF NATURALIZATION IN THE SECOND DISTRICT COURT.

NEW-ORLEANS, La., Oct. 21.—Wright, the State Registrar of voters, gave notice to-day that he would to-morrow receive the opinion of the Attorney-General as to the legality of naturalization before the Second District Court. The Conservatives assert that this question has been sprung at this late day by the Republicans, with the view of throwing out about 4,000 white voters by striking their names from the registration lists, it now being too late for them to renaturalize and register.

The Hives political organization, which had nominated a full municipal and parish ticket, have withdrawn their candidates in favor of the Conservatives.

REPUBLICAN MASS MEETING IN BOSTON.

BOSTON, Oct. 21.—At a Republican ratification meeting at the Music Hall to-night Mr. Dawes made the principal speech of the evening. Alluding to what he called "The third-term nonsense." Mr. Dawes said that it came from the allies of the Democracy in the South, who have come to the support of the Democracy with all the sins of the rebellion in their hearts, and without whose aid the Democracy of the North would be as helpless as a paralytic. They preferred Gen. Grant, with the chances of seducing him to their base purposes, rather than any chances of the despised negro being retained on an equality with themselves. In closing Mr. Dawes urged the importance of sending Republicans to Congress that the glorious work of the party might be carried out and its great mission fulfilled.

NOMINATION OF GEN. N. P. BANKS FOR CONGRESS.

BOSTON, Mass., Oct. 21.—A mass-meeting was held in the Bunker Hill District last evening, which was attended by at least 2,000 people. Gen. N. P. Banks delivered a long address on the condition of the country, particularly the South. He also referred in pointed terms to the finances of the Commonwealth, which he regarded as being mismanaged. He advocated a better execution of the laws, and the cultivation of a better sentiment in the South, and a more stringent economy in the management of national and State finances. At the conclusion of his address, during which he was frequently and loudly applauded, the meeting unanimously voted to nominate him for Congress on the "People's ticket."

SWINDLING OPERATION—A CAUTION.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 21.—Heloy and Higbottom, cattle dealers at Wichiti, Kan., sold their herd of cattle to Milton James, taking in payment part cash and the balance in certificates of deposit in the First National Bank of Kansas City, payable to James. They then absconded, leaving a number of commission men in the lurch. Persons are warned against negotiating the certificates, as their payment has been stopped.

ROBBERY BY MASKED MEN.

TROY, N. Y., Oct. 21.—Five masked men entered the house of William Russell, in this city, at 8 o'clock to-night. They bound and gagged the mother of Mr. Russell, who is seventy years of age, and then ransacked the house. They secured about $100 worth of booty. The men thought that Mr. Russell had a large amount of money in the house, and that they could easily secure it.

REPUBLICAN ASSEMBLY NOMINATION.

TROY, N. Y., Oct. 21.—James W. Boyce was to-day nominated by the Republicans for the Assembly in the Third District of Rensselaer County.

A DEMOCRATIC VIEW OF THE ARKANSAS ELECTION.

The Little Rock (Ark.) *Gazette* says: "With all the sound and fury of the Republican State Convention against its members taking any part in last Tuesday's election, there was the largest vote polled ever cast in the State. The Republicans, almost to a man, took part in the election, and throughout the day worked against the constitution and for their county tickets. They have doubtless carried two or three counties by their earnest work. This action should effectually stop them from any effort toward a new reconstruction of the State. They participated in the Legislature which called the Constitutional Convention; participated in the election which followed; participated in making the new constitution; and, disregarding the resolves of their State Convention, also participated in the election on its ratification or rejection, many voting for, but the majority against it. Now, then, are they not estopped by their own acts?"

THE LOSS OF THE KINGSBRIDGE.

The friends of Capt. Symonds' family of Kennebunk, Me., have received a telegram from the owners of the ship Kingsbridge, which collided with another ship in the British Channel on the 15th inst., confirming the first report that Capt. Symonds, his wife and daughter, were lost with the ship. It was hoped that the daughter was not on board, as it was expected by last news received from her that she was not to go on the voyage, but was to come home in the steamer sailing from Liverpool the 8th. The ship was an iron one and collided with another iron ship, which was bound up the channel. Mrs. Symonds was the daughter of Dr. N. E. Smart, of Kennebunk. Their daughter Susan was engaged to be married to a young physician of Kennebunk. The mother of Mrs. Symonds lives in Kennebunk and is a widow.

VIRGINIA MANUFACTURES.

The Lynchburg *Virginian* says: "The scheme for the establishment of cotton manufactures in Lynchburg is in better shape now than it has been since its inception. The Executive Committee appointed at the late meeting of stockholders have met, organized, and matured their plans for the securement of the residue of the stock necessary to put the project beyond a peradventure. Messrs. John W. Carroll, W. P. Bryant, Robert W. Crenshaw, James T. Williams, and R. H. T. Adams—all successful business men, and among the most 'solid' of our citizens—constitute the committee charged with the duty of soliciting further subscriptions, and will proceed vigorously to work at once."

A YOUNG NOBLEMAN DANGEROUSLY ILL

Charles Bury, the Earl of Charlville, in England, is lying dangerously ill of consumption at the residence of William Butler Duncan, at Castleton Heights, Staten Island. The young nobleman had been coasting the shores of Newfoundland in his yacht, the Marcia, and during the voyage caught a severe cold in the fogs which prevail in those waters. The Marcia sailed for England on Monday last.

In buying Machine Twist it is important for ladies to know which is the most reliable. It is the Eureka, sold by dealers everywhere.—*Advertisement.*

A Neglected Cough, Cold, or Sore Throat, which might be checked by a simple remedy like BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES, if allowed to progress may terminate seriously.

His frown was dark; her smile was bright;
She always laughed; he wore a scowl;
His teeth were black; her teeth were white;
Her breath was sweet; his breath was foul.
He used no SOZODONT—and she
Used SOZODONT continually.

Ague Pains, Hard Cramps in my Breast were immediately removed by Giles' Liniment IODIDE OF AMMONIA. MRS. FRAZEY, Parsonage, East Chester.
Depot No. 451 6th av.

Best Place in New-York to Buy Boots, Shoes, and India Rubbers of all the various styles, good articles, moderate prices, is at MILLER & CO.'S, No. 3 Union square.

Wedding and Ball Cards, Dancing Programmes, crests, monograms, foreign note-paper; lowest prices. EVERDELL'S, No. 302 Broadway.

Save Your Doctor's Bills by Using Wistar's BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY for coughs, colds, &c.

Hair Dye.—W. A. Batchelor's Hair Dye is splendid; best in the world. Never fails. Established thirty-seven years. Sold by druggists everywhere. Sold and properly applied at BATCHELOR'S celebrated Wig and Toupée Factory, No. 16 Bond st., New-York.

Wedding Cards, No. 104 Fulton st. WILLIAM EVERDELL'S SONS. Established 1815. No branch offices.

Lundborg's Perfumes are like Natural flowers and bouquets.

Diamonds Bought and Loaned on; also, watches, jewelry, and silverware. GEO. C. ALLEN, Jeweler, No. 1,190 Broadway, near 29th st.

For a fashionable Hat, of superior quality, go direct to the manufacturer, ESPENSCHEID, No. 118 Nassau st.

MARRIED.

BOYD—JENKINS.—On Tuesday, Oct. 20, by Rev. Thomas Hastings, D. D., ROBERT R. BOYD to HENRIETTA, daughter of Edward O. Jenkins, all of this City.

DU BOIS—MARSHALL.—By Rev. S. H. Synnott, Oct. 17, 1874, R. K. DU BOIS, of Chicago, Ill., to SARAH, daughter of the late George C. Marshall, of Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

JACKSON—TURNBULL.—On Monday, Oct. 19, 1874, at the residence of the bride, by Rev. George Zabriskie Gray, D. D., RICHARD H. JACKSON, to IDA M. TURNBULL, both of Roselle, N. J. No cards.

DIED.

ANDREWS.—At Jersey City Heights, on Tuesday, Oct. 20, 1874, MARY NICHOLL, wife of James B. Andrews, aged 30 years.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, Carlton av., near Sip av., Jersey City Heights, (formerly Bergen) on Thursday forenoon, Oct. 22, at 11 o'clock.

BENSEL.—On Tuesday, 20th inst., of diphtheritic croup, ARCHIE MACLAY BENSEL, son of Brownlee and Mary Maclay Bensel, in the 9th year of his age.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his parents, corner of 155th st. and St. Nicholas av., this (Thursday), at 4 P. M. Trains leave Thirtieth Street Depot for 152d st. at 3 P. M.

DAY.—On Wednesday, 21st inst., of diphtheria, RICHARD CHANDLER, the beloved child of Edward C. H. and Georgina S. Day, aged 5 years and 2 months.

DAY.—On Friday, 16th inst., of diphtheria, LOUISA ELLEN, the beloved child of Edward C. H. and Georgina S. Day, aged 2 years and 3 months.

DENNY.—On Wednesday evening, after a short illness THOMAS DENNY, of this City, aged 70 years.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

DU BOIS.—On Wednesday, Oct. 21, 1874, ABRAM E. DU BOIS, aged 65 years.

Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, No. 284 Madison st., New-York, on Saturday, Oct. 24, 1874, at 9:30 A. M. Remains will be taken to Staten Island for interment.

GOODWIN.—On the 21st inst., in Brooklyn, MARY MARVIN WILDER, wife of Almon Goodwin, and daughter of the late John N. Wilder, of Albany.

HOFFMAN.—On Sunday, Oct. 18, HARRIET R., wife of Charles O. Hoffman, aged 63 years.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, No. 592 Franklin av., on Thursday, Oct. 22, at 11 o'clock.

JOURNEAY.—On the morning of the 20th inst., E. HASSELL JOURNEAY, eldest son of Albert and Sarah J. Journeay.

Funeral will take place from the residence of his parents, No. 71 West 46th st., on Thursday, the 22d inst., at 10:30 A. M. Friends of the family are invited to attend without further notice.

KENT.—In New-York, Oct. 20, of diphtheria, HELEN BARNARD, daughter of Charles N. and Julia A. Kent, aged 5 years and 3 months.

Funeral services at St. Andrew's Church, 127th st. and 4th av., on Thursday, Oct. 22, at 1:30 P. M. Train from Grand Central Depot at 1:05 P. M. The remains will be taken to Woodlawn.

LUDLOW.—In Brooklyn, Long Island, 21st October, ROBERT M. LUDLOW, in the 87th year of his age.

Funeral from his late residence, No. 409 Pacific st., Brooklyn, on Friday, the 23d inst., at 2 o'clock P. M. Relatives and friends are invited to attend without further notice.

LOUNSBURY.—Oct. 19, at the residence of his father, Ridgefield, Conn., WILLIAM LOUNSBURY, of Bridgeport, Conn., in the 44th year of his age.

Friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral from his father's residence, on Thursday, Oct. 22, at 10:30 A. M., and from the M. E. Church, Bethel, Conn., at 1 P. M.

McALISTER.—At New-Haven, Conn., Oct. 20, ALEXANDER U. McALISTER, in the 28th year of his age.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral from the residence of his father, No. 157 Crown st., New-Haven, Thursday, Oct. 22, at 2:30 o'clock.

NATHAN.—On Wednesday, Oct. 21, ESTELLE, daughter of Emily G. and the late Benjamin Nathan, in the 29th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral from the residence of her mother, No. 683 5th av., on Friday morning, at 11 o'clock.

OLNEY.—In Brooklyn, Oct. 21, JOSEPHINE BATES, youngest daughter of the late Stephen W. Olney, of Boston.

The funeral services will be held at the residence of George H. Sackett, No. 237 Clermont av., Brooklyn, Thursday, Oct. 22, at 3 o'clock P. M.

PELL.—Suddenly, on Wednesday, Oct. 21, Col. DUNCAN ARCHIBALD PELL, in the 33d year of his age.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

SHEDDAN.—At Rahway, N. J., Oct. 18, Rev. S. S. SHEDDAN, D. D., aged 64 years.

Funeral on Thursday, 22d inst., at 1:30 P. M., at the First Presbyterian Church, Rahway. Carriages will meet the 12 M. train from New-York.

STEVENS.—On Monday morning, Oct. 19, at his residence, in this City, JOHN A. STEVENS, in the 80th year of his age.

Funeral services will be held on Friday morning next, 23d inst., at 10 o'clock, at the University Place Church, (Rev. Dr. Booth,) corner of 10th st. Relatives and friends are invited to attend.

YOUNG.—At his residence, near Sing Sing, N. Y., on Wednesday, Oct. 21, 1874, HENRY YOUNG, in the 82d year of his age.

The funeral services will be held at the Presbyterian Church, Sing Sing, on Saturday, Oct. 24, at 11 o'clock A. M. A special train will leave the Grand Central Depot at 9:30 A. M., returning after the services.

WHITTEN.—Suddenly, at Fordham, on Tuesday, Oct. 20, 1874, WILLIAM WHITTEN, in the 52d year of his age.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from his late residence on Thomas av., on Friday, Oct. 23, at 2 P. M. Train leaves Grand Central Depot at 1:05. Interment in Woodlawn.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BRIGHT'S DISEASE, DIABETES, GRAVEL, Calculi, Gout, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Disease of the Liver, Kidneys, Bladder, Prostate Gland, Premature Prostration, Organic Debility and Chronic Affections, (incurable by general practitioners.) A sixty-four page 12mo pamphlet, explaining their successful treatment by nature's specific, Bethesda Mineral Spring Water, and Dr. A. Hawley Heath, the author, will be sent free to any address. Letters from physicians and others of hopeless cases cured, in pamphlet. Depot and reception-rooms, No. 200 Broadway, New-York.

TAKE A DOSE OF SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS if your tongue is coated.

POST OFFICE NOTICE.

The mails for Europe, for the week ending SATURDAY, Oct. 24, 1874, will close at this office as follows: On TUESDAY, at 10:30 and 11:30 A. M.; on WEDNESDAY, at 10 and 11:30 A. M.; on THURSDAY, at 11:30 A. M., and on SATURDAY, at 11:30 A. M. and 12 M.
T. L. JAMES, Postmaster.

TAKE A DOSE OF SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS if you have a bad breath.

C. S. MERRIMAN, OF NO. 16 MURRAY ST., will give a Free Exhibition of his Water-proof Life Saving Dress, at the Government Slip, near South Ferry, this P. M., at 3 o'clock sharp.

TREES AND PLANTS.
S. B. PARSONS & SONS, near Kissena Station, Flushing, N. Y.

TAKE A DOSE OF SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS if you have a sick headache.

R. STUART WILLIS, ATTORNEY AND Counselor at Law, Notary Public, No. 182 Broadway, Room No. 4 New-York.

TREES AND SHRUBS.
R. B. PARSONS & CO., Broadway, Flushing, N. Y. Catalogues free.

POLITICAL.

RALLY! RALLY! RALLY!

TWENTY-FIRST ASSEMBLY DISTRICT
DIX AND ROBINSON CAMPAIGN CLUB

Will hold a meeting at Muller's Hall, 3d av., between 125th and 126th sts., east side, THIS (Thursday) EVENING, Oct. 22, at 8 o'clock.

A cordial invitation is extended to the citizens of the district.

The following gentlemen will address the meeting:

Hon. Henry C. Robinson, Col. F. S. Lambert.
Dr. Z. Goldsmidt, Col. Holmes,
Major J. C. F. Beyland.

JAMES M. THOMPSON, President.
S. S. DOTY, M. B. BORSCH, Vice Presidents.
GEO. A. REILLY, B. W. BEYER, Secretaries.

THE COMMITTEE APPOINTED BY THE REPUBLICAN CENTRAL COMMITTEE will receive applications for naturalization at No. 25 Chambers st., basement, from now until Oct. 23, 1874. Tickets can be obtained from the officers of the different Assembly District Associations.

WM. H. ALBERTSON, Chairman.
ROBERT B. BOYD,
CONSTANTINE NITZSCHE,
JOHN N. LANTHIER,
ISAAC O. HUNT,
DAVID H. CROWLEY,
JOHN ROBINSON.
AUGUSTUS SCHAFFEL, Clerk.

DIX, ROBINSON, AND VICTORY.

TWENTIETH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT REPUBLICAN ASSOCIATION.

Public meeting FRIDAY EVENING, Oct. 23, 1874, Brevoort Hall, 54th st., near 3d av. Addresses by the following eminent speakers:

Gen. George H. Sharpe, Hon. Wm. A. Darling,
Capt. James Millward, Isaac H. Bailey,
Major Willard Bullard, Nichols H. Babcock,
A. J. Dittenhoefer.

Interspersed with singing by the Union Glee Club. By order Campaign Committee.

THE SEVENTEENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT REPUBLICAN ASSOCIATION will hold a regular and public meeting THURSDAY EVENING, the 22d inst., at 8 o'clock, at Head-quarters, in the church in West 50th st., a few doors east of 8th av., for the purpose of ratifying the Republican nominations. Good speakers have been engaged. The Anderson Quartet will sing some appropriate pieces. The public, including ladies, are invited to attend.

JOEL W. MASON, President.
GEORGE W. CREGIER, Secretary.

TENTH AND SEVENTEENTH WARDS.

FOR CONGRESS,

SMITH ELY, Jr.

NINTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT REPUBLICAN nomination. For Assembly,
Wm. H. Gedney.
DAVID S. WENDELL, Sec. A. J. CAMPBELL, Ch'n.

EIGHTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.
For Member of Assembly,
SOLON B. SMITH.

REGULAR REPUBLICAN NOMINATION. For Member of Assembly, Eleventh Assembly District. KNOX McAFEE.

THE REAL ESTATE MARKET.

At the Exchange yesterday, Wednesday, Oct. 21, George H. Scott, under the direction of William M. Hoes, Esq., Referee, sold a three-story brick house, with lease of lot, 20 by 74, on West Twenty-second street, south side, 80 feet east of Tenth avenue, for $2,240, the purchaser being Henry Wilson. The lease has three years to run, with renewal, and the ground rent is $200 per annum. No other business was transacted. Regarding B. W. Hitchcock's sale at Flushing, Long Island, held yesterday, if a report is received particulars will be given to-morrow.

TO-DAY'S AUCTIONS.

The sales announced for to-day are as follows:

By Richard V. Harnett, public auction sale of the following desirable City real estate: One four-story and basement brown-stone-front house, 21.10 by 50, with lot 80 feet deep, No. 131 Lexington avenue, east side, 44.2 feet south of Twenty-ninth street; one five-story and basement brick house, 20 by 50, with lot 60 feet deep, No. 796 Sixth avenue, east side, 20.5 feet north of Forty-fifth street; one four-story and basement French-roof brown-stone-front house, 16.10 by 50, with lot 100 feet deep, No. 110 East Fifty-fourth street, north side, 230.5 feet west of Lexington avenue, and two four-story and basement brown-stone-front houses, each 16.8 by 50, with lots 98.9 feet deep, Nos. 445 and 443 West 34th street, north side, 250 feet east of Tenth avenue.

By A. H. Muller & Son, executor's sale to clear the estate of Richard Jowens, deceased, of the premises, No. 71 Sullivan street, east side, between Broome and Spring streets, embracing a lot 25 by 100, with a three-story and basement brick-front building in front, and a three-story frame building in rear.

By D. M. Seaman, Supreme Court foreclosure sale, Thomas A. Rogers, Esq., Referee, of a house, with lot 20 by 100.11, on East One Hundred and Thirteenth street, north side, 260 feet east of Second avenue.

By Joseph McGuire, Supreme Court foreclosure sale, Samuel Seymour, Esq., Referee, of a plot of land 35.8 by 204 and 42 by 204, on Seventy-eighth street, north side, extending through to Seventy-ninth street, 114.4 feet west of Ninth avenue.

By Quimby & Bissell, Supreme Court foreclosure sale, Edward Patterson, Esq., Referee, of a lot with improvements on West One Hundred and Twenty-fourth street, south side, 375 feet east of Seventh avenue.

By James M. Miller, Supreme Court foreclosure sale, Charles Price, Esq., Referee, of three lots with improvements, each 25 by 100.5, on East Forty-fifth street, south side, 100 feet west of First avenue.

By A. J. Bleecker, Son & White, public auction sale of the elegant country residence, located at New-Rochelle, Westchester county, now owned and occupied by Mr. J. V. D. Loomis. The house is a three-story frame, 40 feet square, with extension 22 by 24, and is surrounded with 11 1-10 acres of land, handsomely laid out. A large stable is also on the property.

By O. H. Pierson, at Passaic, N. J., on the premises, at 2:30 P. M., public auction sale of four lots, each 30 by 146, on Lafayette avenue, corner of Grant street, and four lots, same size, on Paulison avenue, corner of Grant street.

EXCHANGE SALE, WEDNESDAY, OCT. 21.

NEW-YORK.

By George H. Scott.

1 three-story brick house and lease of lot, West 22d st., s. s., 80 ft. e. of 10th av., lot 20x74; term of lease unexpired, 3 years; ground rent, $200 per annum	$2,240

RECORDED REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

NEW-YORK.

Tuesday, Oct. 20.

Chrystie st., n. e. corner Broome st., 75x62.5; Edward V. Loew to Frederick Rosenbrock, q. c.	nom
Columbia st., w. s., 80 ft. n. of Rivington st., 20x49.8; E. Weisburger to L. Reis	$13,000
Pitt st., No. 57, w. s., 168.8 ft. n. of Delancey st., 18.7x63; Louis Reis to Emanuel Weisburger	10,000
Sheriff st., No. 3, w. s., 80 ft. n. of Grand st., 20x100; Sheriff st., No. 5, 25x100, foreclosure; J. P. O'Neill, Referee, to Dorothea Heckel	15,100
Spring st., No. 192, s. s., between Sullivan and Thompson sts., 25x100; Jeremiah C. Lamphier, to Daniel Howell	10,000
Same property; Rhoda R., wife of D. Howell, to J. C. Lamphier	10,000
13th st., n. s., (No. 113 West,) 165 ft. w. of 6th av., 20x100; M. Apgar to C. E. Hammond	19,000
29th st., n. s., 180 ft. w. of 8th av., 22x98.9; William R. Eastman and Mary D. and Elizabeth R. and Harriet M. and John C. Eastman, heirs of D. Eastman, to James Officer; q. c.	nom.
Same property; Mary R. Eastman to James Officer	14,500
Same property; James Officer to Margaret, wife John Armstrong	14,500
32d st., s. s., 172 ft. e. of 5th av., 22x98.9; J. A. Ubsdell to F. Baker, q. c.	100
Same property; F. Baker to Genevieve E., wife J. A. Ubsdell, q. c.	100
74th st., s. s., 95 ft. w. of Madison av., 22x102.2; Ann M., wife W. Callender, to W. H. Hall	50,000
78th st., s. s., 268.9 ft. w. of 3d av., 18x102.2; Ferdinand A. F. Seeger to Frederique Seeger	16,900
87th st., s. s., 81 ft. e. of Avenue A, 18x63.8; Mary Crombie, widow, to Lizzie Arnold, widow	11,000
114th st., s. s., 280 ft. e. of 4th av., 25x100.11; S. G. Quirk to Elizabeth Quirk	3,000
Lexington av., s. w. corner 57th st., 25.5x90; 57th st., s. s., 90 ft. w. of Lexington av., 225x100.5; G. W. Poillon to L. Beringer and A. Dold	140,000
Post av., n. s., 100 ft. w. of Hawthorne st., 300x150; Harriet J., wife Saumel Potter, to Edwin W. Houghton	20,000
8th av., s. w. corner 88th st., 125.11x100; 88th st., s. s., 100 ft. w. of 8th av., 25x100.8; T. A. Vyse, Jr., to T. A. Havemeyer	105,000
8th av., w. s., 25.2 ft. s. of 88th st., 0.1x100, also interior gore on centre line between 87th and 88th st., 100 ft. w. of 8th av., 25x100.8; T. A. Vyse, Jr., to T. A. Havemeyer	105,000
8th av., w. s., 25.2 ft. s. of 88th st., 0.1x100; also interior gore on centre line between 87th and 88th sts., 100 ft. w. of 8th av., runs n. ½ inch x25; Martin Zborowski to Thomas A. Vyse, Jr., q. c.	nom.

LEASES RECORDED.

Bowery, No. 332, 5 years from May 1, 1876, per year	$3,000
3d av., s. w. corner of 112th st., 50x100.10, 10 years, per year	1,200
3d av., No. 617, 1 7-12 years, per year	1,500

CITY REAL ESTATE.

J. E. LEAYCRAFT,
REAL ESTATE,
No. 698 8th av., near 44th st.

City and Country Property bought sold and exchanged.

RENTING and COLLECTING a SPECIALTY.

Entire charge taken of property. Reference given.

AN ELEGANT, SOLIDLY-BUILT DWELLING, four-story high-stoop brown-stone, 25x56x95, open rear, hard-wood finish, on Madison av., west side, only 420 feet from 60th st. entrance into Central Park, for sale reasonably, furnished or unfurnished; easy terms. Possession.
V. K STEVENSON, Jr., No. 11 Pine st.,
Or No. 31 East 17th st.

FOR SALE, AT A SARIFICE, 3D AV. BUSINESS property; full lot, 28 feet front, worth $10,000, for $6,500, if sold before 1st of November. Apply to BENJAMIN BROWNE, 3d av., cor. 125th st., or No. 39 Nassau st., room No. 6.

A BARGAIN!—TWO NEW FOUR-STORY DWELLINGS as cheap as any in the City, 62d st., 174 feet west of Broadway; cabinet finish; $20,000 each. Also for sale or to let, partially furnished dwelling.
WM. BEDELL, No. 308 West 58th st.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—FOR FARM OR small property in Brooklyn; valuable saw and shingle mill, two houses, two barns, ten acres; water power, saws, tools, &c.; price $15,000; mortgage of $5,000 can remain. O. H. PIERSON, No. 5 Pine st.

FOR SALE—AT A LOW FIGURE, A SPLENDID four-story brown-stone house, on 47th st., near 6th av.; size, 18x45; lot, 100; very little cash required.
B. W. WILLIAMS,
No. 837 6th av.

FOR SALE AT A REDUCED PRICE—NO. 408 WEST 58th st.: a neat three-story and basement brown-stone front house, with or without furniture. Apply on premises. Only a small amount of cash required.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—ATTRACTIVE two-story house, 24x25; large rooms; lot, 80x150; price $9,000; but lightly incumbered; for Brooklyn or near-by property. O. H. PIERSON, No. 5 Pine st.

NO. 10 EAST 46TH ST., 200 FEET FROM 5TH av.—First-class full-size four-story brown-stone house for sale very low; possession.
S. EDDY, No. 1 Park place.

BROOKLYN REAL ESTATE.

FURNISHED HOUSE SACRIFICED!—NEW house and furniture, on fine lot; beautiful yards, on fine avenue, Brooklyn, will be sold at a sacrifice of $3,000; house alone worth $8,500, and $2,500 worth of furniture, sold for $8,100; $3,500 only, cash. Apply to HOLTON & BROWN, No. 696 Broadway.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—CLIFF SIDE.—A RESIDENCE ON THE lower Hudson, unequaled in beauty of situation and perfect healthfulness by any place on the river; twenty acres of land, and all the improvements for a first-class place; one hour and twenty minutes from Wall st.; is now offered at $40,000. Address W. R. DEAN, Nyack.

HUDSON RIVER FARM AT A BARGAIN— eighty acres, at Staatsburg; eight-room cottage, barn, vineyard; other fruits; high, healthful, picturesque; beautiful river and mountain scenery; only $5,000; very easy terms. C. H. OLIVER, 1 Park place.

AT MORRISTOWN, N. J.—FOR SALE, ONE mile and a half from depot, a beautiful country residence, three to twenty-two acres, with good buildings, plenty of fruit and ornamental trees, &c.; price very low. S. EDDY, No. 1 Park place.

ORANGE, N. J.—COUNTRY HOUSES, LANDS, and village lots for sale; a great variety. Also, furnished and unfurnished houses to let for season or year, by WALTER E. SMITH, formerly Blackwell & Smith, Orange, corner of Main and Cone sts.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

O. H. PIERSON, Auctioneer,
Pine street, N. Y.

WILL SELL BY ORDER OF
JOHN O'NEILL, Esq.,
[illegible] P. M.,
[illegible] York by Erie or Morris & Essex Railroads; twenty-four trains each way daily on Erie, and twelve by Morris & Essex; five minutes' walk from depots on either road. [illegible]

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE.

ESTATE OF THOMAS T. FERRIS, DECEASED.

FORTY-SIX
VALUABLE CENTRAL PARK LOTS
ON
8TH AND 9TH AVS.,
69TH, 70TH, 77TH, 79TH, 81ST, AND 82D STS.,
including several prominent corners and LARGE PLOTS,
suitable for
PUBLIC BUILDINGS, CHURCHES, &c.,
will be sold at auction on
MONDAY, OCT. 26,
at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway.

Two-thirds of the purchase money may remain on mortgage. Maps at the office of
ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON,
Auctioneers, No. 7 Pine st.,
Or of JOHN M. PINKNEY,
No. 19 Barclay st.

SUPREME COURT.—THE BROOKLYN TRUST COMPANY, plaintiff, against The HEMPSTEAD AND ROCKAWAY RAILROAD COMPANY, and others, defendants.—In pursuance of a judgment order of foreclosure and sale made in the above entitled action on the 7th day of September, 1874, I, the undersigned Referee, hereby give notice that I will sell at public auction to the highest bidder, at Hewlet's Hotel, in the village of Hempstead, in the County of Queens, and State of New-York, on Wednesday, the 28th day of October, 1874, at 12 o'clock noon of that day, all the lands and premises, franchises and property, real or personal, described as follows, that is to say: All the railroad of the said Hempstead and Rockaway Railroad Company constructed or to be constructed from a point on the South Side Railroad, at or near Valley Stream, in the County of Queens, State of New-York, to Hempstead in the County and State aforesaid, with its superstructure, tracks, rails, bridges, viaducts, culverts, fences, and all other appurtenances, together with all rights of way now acquired or obtained or hereafter to be acquired or obtained by the defendant, the Hempstead and Rockaway Railroad Company, and including all depots, engine-houses, car-houses, station-houses, and all other structures, all machines and other shops, and the lots, pieces, or parcels of land on which the same are or may be erected, and all the pieces of land which shall be used for depot or station purposes with the appurtenances, also, all locomotives, tenders, cars, and other rolling stock and equipments, and all machinery, tools, implements, fuel, and materials acquired or to be hereafter acquired for the constructing, operating, repairing, or replacing of the said railroad or any part thereof, or any of its equipments or appurtenances, and including, also, all franchises, rights, and privileges of the said defendant, the Hempstead and Rockaway Railroad Company, connecting with or relating to the said railroad or the construction maintenance or use thereof, together with all and singular the tenements hereditaments, and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in any wise appertaining, also, all the reversions, remainders, tolls, income, rents, issues, and profits thereof, and also all the estates, right, title, and interest, property, possession, claim, and demand, whatsoever, as well in law as in equity, of the said defendant, the Hempstead and Rockaway Railroad Company, of, in and to the same and every part thereof with the appurtenances.—Dated, Sept. 9, 1874.
s10-1aw6wTh JESSE JOHNSON, Referee.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE
of House and Lot NO. 71 SULLIVAN ST.,
on THURSDAY, OCT 22,
at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway.

SALE ABSOLUTE.

ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON,
Auctioneers,
No. 7 Pine st.

A. J. BLEECKER, Auctioneer.

TO SETTLE A PARTNERSHIP.

A. J. BLEECKER, SON & WHITE will sell at auction, on FRIDAY, OCT. 30, 1874, at 12 M., at Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway.

WAVERLEY PLACE—Three story attic and basement, high-stoop brick house and lot, No. 28 Waverley place, south side, between Greene st. and University place; in perfect order, and contains all modern improvements.

DWELLINGS TO LET.

FOR RENT IN THE CITY OF SAVANNAH, GA.,

A first-class residence, having all the modern improvements, and very handsomely furnished; is offered for rent to a responsible tenant who will obligate himself to take good care of the furniture and appointments of the house. The same fronts on Pulaski square, and is surrounded by a first-class neighborhood. Terms moderate. For further particulars apply to
BLUN & DEMERE,
Real Estate Agents and Brokers, Savannah, Ga.

ELIZABETH, N. J.—TO LET, FURNISHED, THE residence of the late Ogden P. Edwards, Esq., on Broad st., five minutes' walk from Central Depot. The location one of the most desirable in the City, convenient to schools and churches, with spacious grounds, barns, &c.; will be let for the balance of the year or leased for a term of years; possession immediately; rent low.
GEO. W. FARNHAM,
No. 193 Pearl st., Elizabeth, N. J., or
No. 8 Pine st., New-York.

TO LET—AN ELEGANT FOUR-STORY BROWN stone house, 30 feet front, fully furnished, with garden adjoining; also, if desired, a stable, with entrance on next street; moderate rent to a good tenant.
J. F. WILLIAMS & SONS,
No. 270 West 34th st., corner 8th av.

AT MORRISTOWN.—TO LEASE, FURNISHED, for two or three years, ten minutes' walk from depot, a first-class residence in every respect, with ample grounds; house has every comfort and convenience for either Winter or Summer; grounds well stocked with fruit and shade trees. S. EDDY, 1 Park pl.

TO LET, UNFURNISHED.—ANY PRIVATE REsponsible family wanting a fine house very reasonable may apply on the premises, No. 22 First place, Brooklyn, between Clinton and Henry sts. $600 rent until May next.

FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED HOUSES on and adjoining 5th, Madison, and Park avs., Murray Hill, &c., at reduced rentals. V. K. STEVENSON, Jr., No. 11 Pine st. and No. 31 East 17th st.

FULLY AND HANDSOMELY FURNISHED third story, splendid order, low rent, to satisfactory party, (cars pass.) Apply at No. 503 West 23d st., adjacent to London Terrace.

FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED HOUSES
To let in choice locations.
B. W. WILLIAMS, No. 837 6th av.

TO LET, AT RYE, N. Y.—A PRETTY COTTAGE OF eight rooms, furnished or unfurnished; all in good order; rent low. JASPER CORNING, No. 58 Cliff st.

STORES, &C., TO LET.

OFFICES TO LET
IN
TIMES BUILDING.

SPLENDID OFFICES TO LET IN THE FIRE-PROOF TIMES BUILDING.

Apply at TIMES COUNTING-ROOM.

TO RENT—THE MOST ELIGIBLE OFFICES IN the National Shoe and Leather Bank building, on the second floor, suitable for an insurance company, (now occupied by the Berkshire Life.) Possession given May 1. For particulars inquire at above-named bank.

STORE AND BASEMENT TO LET, CORNER of Varick, Vestry and Canal sts.; splendid location for a restaurant or saloon; good stand for wholesale and retail grocer or provision dealer. Apply on the premises, No. 69 Varick st.

TO RENT OR LEASE—NO. 838 BROADWAY, with rear entrance; possession November. Apply to to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 35 East 17th st., (Everett House,) branch office.

TO LEASE—FOR TWENTY-ONE YEARS WITH renewals, the south-west corner Broadway and Houston st.; lot 50x100. Apply to
HORACE S. ELY, No. 22 Pine st.

TO LET—WITH OR WITHOUT STEAM POWER, Nos. 188 and 190 West Houston st.; five stories and cellar, 50x90. Inquire on premises.

INSTRUCTION.

M. W. Lyon's
Collegiate Institute,
NO. 5 EAST 22D ST., CORNER OF BROADWAY.

Rooms—Superior. **Supervision**—Personal.
Assistants—Experienced. **Teaching**—Thorough.
Government—Kindly. **Pupils**—Manly.

MISS COMSTOCK,
NOS. 32 AND 34 WEST 40TH ST.,
RESERVOIR PARK.

English, French, and German Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children, will reopen Sept. 23. Boarding pupils limited to sixteen. Application may be made personally or by letter.

A FULL KINDERGARTEN METHOD FOR LITTLE CHILDREN.

PREPARATORY SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL,
No. 1,267 Broadway, near 32d st.,
For the Schools of Science, Technology, Mines, &c.,
Elementary Class for boys from eight upward.
SPECIAL TWO YEARS' COURSE IN ARCHITECTURE.
CLASSES IN DRAWING, free hand, linear, &c.
A. COLIN, M. E.,
Late Engineer Corps, U. S. N., and Prof. Naval Academy.

MISS DU VERNET,
ASSISTED BY COMPETENT MASTERS,
will reopen her
BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL
for boys under fifteen at No. 102 West 29th st., one door from 6th av., on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 23. Day boarders are taken to the Park after an early dinner.

A SELECT SCHOOL FOR BOYS
at
NOS. 539, 541, and 543 5TH AV.,
OPENS SEPT. 21.

Thorough instruction guaranteed and a complete preparation for Business, Scientific School, or College.
E. A. GIBBENS. D. BEACH, Jr.

MISS SPRING'S
ENGLISH AND FRENCH DAY SCHOOL
for Young Ladies and Children, will reopen Sept. 25, in the building of the Young Ladies' Christian Association, No. 64 Irving place, corner of 18th st.

Boys under ten will be received; pupils have entrance to Gramercy Park at recess.

A FEW YOUNG LADIES, AS BOARDING pupils, are received by the Misses BUCKNALL, at their suburban residence, New-Brunswick, N. J.

A KINDERGARTEN WILL BE OPENED OCT. 1 [illegible] at No. 280 4th av. The older children will be instructed in reading and writing.

DRY GOODS. DRY GOODS.

KID GLOVES

AT E. RIDLEY'S & SON,

NOS. 309, 311, 311 1-2 GRAND ST., NEW-YORK.

NEW SHADES READY TO-DAY.

150 dozens Ladies' two buttons, at 65 cents pair, usually sold for $1.

Another delivery of our "Monogram" two-button, 95 cents pair, equal to any glove in shape, colors, and quality and acknowledged the BEST LOW-PRICED GLOVE IN THIS CITY.

Our "Edward" Glove, two buttons, new shades, $1 10 pair.

Our "Monopol," two-button, real Kid, $1 50 pair—nothing better.

"Monopol" Seamless, real Kid, $1 65 pair.

1,000 dozens one button at 25 cents and 45 cents pair.

500 dozens two buttons at 50 cents.

GENTLEMEN'S

ONE-BUTTON "MONOGRAM," $1 pair.
TWO-BUTTON "MONOGRAM," $1 25 pair.
ONE-BUTTON "MONOPOL," REAL KID, $1 50 pair.
TWO-BUTTON "MONOPOL," REAL KID, $1 75 pair.
150 DOZENS PIQUE REAL KID, $1 50, usually sold at $2.

WINTER GLOVES.

BOYS' AND MEN'S BUCK GAUNTLETS at 40 cents pair.
MEN'S BUCK GAUNTLETS, LINED, 75 cents pair.
MEN'S KID, FUR TOPS, 85 cents pair.
MEN'S KID, OTTO TOPS, $1 50 pair.
MEN'S KID, PLUSH LINED, $1 25 pair.

EDWARD RIDLEY & SON,
Nos. 309, 311, 311½ Grand,
Nos. 62, 64, 66, 68, and 70 Allen st.,
Fifth block east from the Bowery.

AT E. RIDLEY & SON'S

TO-DAY,

NEW STYLES IN BEADED GIMPS, PASSEMENTERIES, BUTTONS, &c., &c.

Also, 150 pieces of new BEADED FRINGES, running from 40 cents up.

10 0 pieces of BALL FRINGE, all the new shades.

EDWARD RIDLEY & SON,
309, 311 and 311 1-2 Grand st.
Nos. 62, 64, 66, 68 and 70 Allen st.,
fifth block east from the Bowery.

INSTRUCTION.

ST. JOHN'S SCHOOL,
BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL
FOR YOUNG LADIES AND CHILDREN.
Rev. Theodore Irving, LL. D., Rector.
NO. 21 WEST 32D ST.

Opening services of the Autumn Term at 10 A. M. WEDNESDAY, Sept. 23.

The Infant Department, for little girls and boys, will have special attention given to it.

Dr. Irving's special class in English Literature, with readings from the best authors, for ladies who have finished their studies, but would like to avail themselves of the advantages of such a course, will begin on the second Thursday in November, and continue until the middle of May.

The course this Winter will commence with the writers of the time of Queen Anne.

For circulars or information apply to the Rector, No. 21 West 32d st.

GRAND CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC
OF THE
CITY OF NEW-YORK,
No. 112 5th av.,
Between 16th and 17th sts., (Knabe building.)

The most successful and complete music school in the world. All branches of vocal and instrumental music practically and theoretically taught by the most eminent professors at moderate prices.

The Amateur Orchestra meet every Tuesday at 8 P. M. Classical Soirée by the Professors every second Wednesday, Lectures every third, Opera Recitals every fourth Wednesday in each month.

COLLEGIATE ACADEMY.
S. A. FARRAND and D. S. EVERSON, Principals,
No. 729 6th av., opposite Reservoir Park.
Reopens Sept. 23.

GREAT PAINS ARE TAKEN TO TEACH BOYS HOW TO STUDY. THE PRINCIPALS DEVOTE THEIR WHOLE TIME TO GIVING PERSONAL INSTRUCTION. Among their patrons are:

T. S. Hastings, D. D.,
Howard Crosby, D. D.
T. Gallaudet, D. D.,
J. O. Murray, D. D.,
E. H. Chapin, D. D.,
H. D. Ganse, D. D.,
G. L. Prentiss, D. D.,
H. E. Montgomery, D. D.,
Prof. H. B. Smith, D. D.,
Prof. R. D. Hitchcock, D. D.
Prof. C. Short, LL. D.,
Prof. C. A. Joy, Ph. D.

BOYS' SCHOOL.
MRS. GEORGE VANDENHOFF'S
BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR BOYS,
NO. 106 WEST 42D ST., (Reservoir Park.)
Second year commences Sept. 24, 1874.
Only eight boarding pupils received.
Hours from 9:30 A. M. to 2:30 P. M.

MRS. GARRETSON'S
ENGLISH, FRENCH, AND GERMAN BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL,
FOR YOUNG LADIES AND CHILDREN,
will reopen at
NO. 52 WEST 47TH ST., NEW-YORK,
on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 23, 1874.

CARLISLE INSTITUTE
FOR YOUNG LADIES,
WITH KINDERGARTEN,
No. 658 Lexington av., between 55th and 56th sts.
English, French, and German Boarding and Day School.

Will reopen MONDAY, Sept. 7. Applications may be made personally or by letter.

A FIRST-CLASS SCHOOL FOR BOYS— Holladay Collegiate Institute, No. 1,285 Broadway, between 34th and 35th sts. Utmost care and special attention given to preparing boys for college, for scientific schools, or for business. Reopens Sept. 21. Circulars containing all necessary information at No. 47 West 49th st., where the Principal may be seen or addressed. WALLER HOLLADAY.

HENDRICK INSTITUTE.—FRENCH, GERMAN, and English boarding and day school, for young ladies and delicate children, 25 West 26th st., N. Y.; daily drill in vocal culture, gymnastic and calisthenic exercises; delicate and enfeebled pupils have our especial care and skilled attention. Dr. SARAH L. HENDRICK, Principal.

ANY FAMILIES OR SCHOOLS DESIRING resident or visiting teachers of the English branches, French, German, Spanish, Italian, or music will find only the most competent by applying at Mrs. MITCHELL'S Teachers' Bureau, No. 67 West 35th st. Information given of evening classes in languages.

A FRENCH AND A GERMAN LADY ARE forming a Saturday sewing and fancy-work class for children and young ladies. The conversation will be in French and German. They also give instruction in these languages. Inquire for Miss TROUG, from 11 till 2 o'clock, at No. 101 West 48th st.

JOHN MACMULLEN'S SCHOOL WILL BE REopened Sept. 15, at No. 1,214 Broadway, near 30th st. Terms from $100 to $300. A few boarders taken. Circulars at G. P. Putnam's Sons, corner 23d st. and 4th av., and at the school. Latin conversation taught. Carpentry taught. Out door classes organized.

PAINTING IN WATER COLORS.—CLASSES are now being formed for instruction in water-color painting—flowers and Autumn leaves—by a lady of experience and ability. For references and other information address Box No. 26 Brooklyn Post Office.

HOME INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN, N. Y., FOR young ladies and children, combining home care with a thorough course of study. Miss M. W. METCALF, Principal.

THE MISSES ROGERS' ENGLISH AND FRENCH Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children, 352 West 20th st., N. Y., reopened Sept. 16.

THE MISSES DOREMUS
HAVE REOPENED THEIR DAY SCHOOL
at No. 47 East 21st st.

THE MISSES LANE'S BOARDING AND DAY School for Young Ladies and Children, No. 49 West 18th st., will reopen on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 23. A separate class for little boys.

A YOUNG NORTH GERMAN WILL OPEN a day and evening class for pupils desirous to learn German. Terms low. (Private instructions at pupils' residences.) Address GERMAN, No. 47 West 29th st.

PAINE'S COLLEGE, NO. 62 BOWERY AND NO. 1,275 Broadway, (west side,) corner 34th st.—Book-keeping, Writing, Arithmetic, Grammar; all essential English branches. Writing lessons $3 per month.

A WORKING SCHOOL. BOYS TAUGHT English, French, German, and Latin. Lyric Hall, 6th av., between 41st and 42d sts. Miss M. W. WARREN

MRS. ROBERTS AND MISS WALKER will re-open their English and French Day School for Young Ladies and Little Girls, at No. 148 Madison av., on Wednesday, Sept. 23.

MRS. WILLIAMS' SCHOOL, NO. 26 WEST 39th st., reopened Sept. 24. Prof. Labberton's and Prof. Goodyear's lectures will begin in November.

UNIVERSITY GRAMMAR SCHOOL, NO. 1 Winthrop place, (one block from New-York University.) Primary, commercial, and classical departments. M. M. HOBBY, C. A. NORTHROP, Principals.

THE MISSES MARSHALL'S SCHOOL FOR Young Ladies and Children, No. 250 West 38th st., will be reopened on MONDAY, Sept. 21.

NOT FASHIONABLE—WORTHY THE SUPPORT of judicious parents—Yonkers Military Institute. BENJAMIN MASON, Box No. 654 Yonkers, N. Y.

J. H. MORSE'S SCHOOL, NO. 1,267 BROADway.—Boys prepared for Harvard, and other colleges and scientific schools.

MISS GIBBONS' ENGLISH AND FRENCH School for Girls, No. 111 West 44th st. Reopens Sept. 21.

POUGHKEEPSIE (N. Y.) MILITARY INSTITUTE.
H. S. JEWETT, A. M., Principal.

JACKSON MILITARY INSTITUTE, TARRYtown, on the Hudson. For circular address Rev. F. J. JACKSON, Principal.

HOME SCHOOL FOR YOUNG CHILDREN. Church Hill Post Office, Washington Depot, Conn. E. H. MOREHOUSE.

J. M. EDGAR, JR.,

NO. 383 6TH AV.,
BETWEEN 23D AND 24TH STS.

GREAT BARGAINS IN
HOUSEKEEPING GOODS,
LINENS,
HOSIERY,
BLANKETS, AND
COMFORTABLES.

SPECIALTY,
LADIES' AND GENTS' UNDERWEAR.

INSTRUCTION.

CHARLIER INSTITUTE,
No. 108 West 59th st.

on Central Park, near 6th av. Boarding and Day School primary department. Pupils prepared for Business, College, West Point, Annapolis, Scientific Schools. Independent department for College-preparation for Harvard, Yale, &c. Modern languages, French, German, Spanish, taught and spoken. Large gymnasium. New building unsurpassed for location and ventilation. Fire-proof stairs, &c.

LESSONS RESUMED ON SEPT. 14.
BIBLE, THE CORNER-STONE OF THE SCHOOL.
Prof. ELIE CHARLIER, Director.

ANTHON GRAMMAR SCHOOL,
NO. 252 MADISON AV.,
BETWEEN 38TH AND 39TH STS.

This school prepares its pupils for the counting-house and for admission to Columbia, Yale, Harvard, Princeton, &c., and to the School of Mines.

Its twenty-first annual circular contains full particulars of the studies pursued in its Primary, English, Classical, and French departments.

It also contains the names of pupils, past and present, over twelve hundred in number, many of whom are actively and prominently engaged in mercantile or professional life in this City, and are the references which the school offers to the public.

Charlier Institute
FOR YOUNG LADIES AND LITTLE GIRLS,
NO. 167 MADISON AV.

This DAY SCHOOL will reopen on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 23. Thorough and complete English course; French, German, light gymnastics, lectures on scientific subjects, drawing, sewing, &c.
MR. AND MRS. ELISEE CHARLIER,
Principals.

N.B.—The Belles-Lettres Class will also begin Sept. 23. Special attention given to English literature.

Collegiate Institute,
(NO. 40 WASHINGTON SQUARE)
GEO. W. CLARKE, Ph. D., Principal.
Prepares pupils of all ages for business or college.

MONSIEUR C. FABREGOU
is now forming
Evening and Afternoon Classes of
CONVERSATION IN FRENCH.
Apply between 4 and 8 P. M. at
No. 46 Greenwich av.

MORRIS FEMALE INSTITUTE,
MORRISTOWN, N. J.

A first-class school for thirty boarding pupils: a few vacancies. C. G. HAZELTINE, A. M., Principal.

MME. LESPINASSE'S
Fort Washington French institute for young ladies reopens Sept. 21. French the language of the school. Circulars at Lespinasse & Friedman's, 3 Pine st. Carleton's, Fifth Avenue Hotel. Brentano's, 33 Union square.

MURRAY HILL INSTITUTE,
NO. 58 PARK AV.,
For young gentlemen of all ages,
fitting for college or for business.
Four pupils received into the family.
REV. JOSEPH D. HULL, A. M., (Yale,) Principal.

THE COLLEGIATE SCHOOL.
FOUNDED A. D., 1820.
REV. HENRY B. CHAPIN, PH. D., Principal.

No. 79 West 52d st., corner 6th avenue, (late No. 101 West 14th st.) reopened Sept. 21; boys prepared for college or business; a primary department. Circulars furnished on application.

MESDEMOISELLES CHARBONNIER.
NO. 36 EAST 35TH ST.,
(formerly No. 42 Avenue du Roule, Neuilly, Paris,)
French Protestant boarding and day school for young ladies. Thorough English course in all classes.
REOPENED SEPT. 23.
French classes for ladies three times a week.

GARDNER INSTITUTE,
NO. 620 5TH AV.
Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies and Children
Sixteenth year commenced Sept. 28.
Rev. Dr. and Mrs. C. H. GARDNER, Principals.

MRS. & MISS STEERS'
Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies and Children,
No. 12 East 47th st.,
Between 5th and Madison avs., New-York.
and also the new branch at
Washington Heights, Boulevard, 152d st.,
will commence on THURSDAY, Sept. 24, 1874.
An early attendance is specially requested.
School carriage in attendance for No. 12 East 47th st.

MRS. LEVERETT'S
English and French School for Young Ladies and Children, No. 32 West 18th st., will reopen on THURSDAY, Sept. 24. Now forming, a special class in English Literature, with lectures on Art and History.

THE GERMAN AMERICAN INSTITUTE for young ladies and gentlemen, and kindergarten, Nos. 369, and 371 West 23d st., has reopened.
FEODOR THORSON, Principal.

MISS BALLOW'S
English and French School for young ladies and children, No. 24 East 22d st.
Will reopen on THURSDAY, Sept. 24.

MILITARY BOARDING SCHOOL, WHITE Plains, N. Y. Principal, O. R. WILLIS, Ph. D.

CLAVERACK College and H. R. Inst., at Claverack, N. Y. Opens Sept. 7. ALONZO FLACK Ph. D., Pres.

$300 FOR 50 WEEKS—INSTITUTE FOR YOUNG Boys. E. HINDS, Hempstead, Long Island.

MRS. JONSON AND MISS JONES' SCHOOL for young ladies and children, No. 13 East 31st st.

DR. CALLISEN'S DAY SCHOOL FOR BOYS, NO. 131 West 43d st., reopens MONDAY, Sept. 21.

MISS F. B. PRIEST'S SCHOOL, NO. 229 EAST 19th st., will reopen TUESDAY, Sept. 22.

TEACHERS.

A SCHOLAR AND GOLD MEDALIST OF FOReign University, desires private pupils; prepares for scientific schools and college, (English or American;) highest City reference. Address TUTOR, No. 29 West 15th st.

A GENTLEMAN GRADUATE OF A GERMAN university, experienced teacher, wishes a few additional pupils in German; best references. Address Reggnit, *Times* Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d st.

A YOUNG LADY EXPERIENCED TEACHER of English, French, German, and music, desires a position as visiting or resident teacher. Address for one week COMPETENT, *Times* Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d st.

ORIENTAL LANGUAGES.—THE ADVERTISER, versed in some Oriental languages, German, French, &c., seeks employment as teacher, translator, or some other capacity. Address M. G., No. 16 St. Mark's place.

A GRADUATE OF PRINCETON DESIRES A private pupil for evening instruction. Address A. M., Box No. 124 *Times* Office.

A FRENCH YOUNG LADY WOULD LIKE TO give lessons in a school or family; good references. Address S. R., Box No. 611 Post Office.

A GRADUATE OF HARVARD DESIRES another private pupil. Address A. H. Z., *Times* Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d st.

SAVINGS BANKS.

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK,
Nos. 396 and 398 Canal st., corner Laight.
Open daily from 10 to 3, and Monday evenings 5 to 7.
Assets, Over Ten Million Dollars.
Surplus, Over Eight Hundred Thousand Dollars.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED.
Books in English, French, and German.
G. S. CHAPIN, Treasurer. N. J. HAINES, President.
T. S. ARMOUR, Secretary.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

ADVERTISEMENTS ARE RECEIVED FOR THE NEW-YORK TIMES
At the Times Up-Town Office,
No. 54½ West 32d st., junction Broadway and 6th av.,
And the Times West-Side Office,
No. 308 West 23d st., corner 8th av.
NO EXTRA CHARGE WHATEVER.

A VARIETY OF GOOD SERVANT GIRLS, good cooks, and reliable help of all nations, American, German, Swedish, Irish, English, Scotch, and good tidy colored help, for City or country, at the Protestant Home Bureau, No. 138 6th av., above 10th st.

AT BONGRAND'S FRENCH OFFICE, NO. 1,233 Broadway, near 30th st., is daily found, for all situations, the most reliable help of all nationalities, No. 1,233 Broadway.

AT THE SWEDISH OFFICE, NO 108 EAST 27th st., Swedish, German, and French servants only; some lately landed; male and female.
MAURICE LINDQUIST, (Swede,) Proprietor.

A YOUNG LADY WOULD LIKE TO GET copying to do at home; writes a plain legible hand. Address HOME, Box No. 125 *Times* Office.

AT SIMMS' SELECT AGENCY, NO. 543 6TH av., near 33d st., will be found a number of first-class colored servants, male and female, for any capacity, ready and willing to go immediately.

AT JACQUIN'S FRENCH BUREAU, NO. 621 6th av., between 36th and 37th sts., can be engaged first-class servants of all nations, French, German, and Irish.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS.—BY A Swedish Protestant young woman, who is an experienced chamber-maid and an excellent waitress; would like a place in a private family; is thoroughly experienced and can furnish undoubted reference. Apply at Odell's Swedish Bureau, No. 109 West 34th st., corner of Broadway. Inquire for O. H.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS.—BY A neat and tidy, willing and obliging young woman in a private family; is an experienced chamber-maid and a first-class waitress; can furnish unexceptionable City reference. Can be seen at Odell's Agency, No. 109 West 34th st., corner of Broadway; inquire for M. S.

CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—BY A VERY REspectable young woman as chamber-maid and seamstress; understands her business thoroughly; can operate on several machines; is neat and tidy; unexceptionable City reference. Apply at A. Pelton & Co.'s, No. 645 6th av., near 38th st.

CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—BY A COMPETENT young girl as chamber-maid and waitress, or chamber-maid and seamstress in a private family; unexceptionable references given; country preferred. Can be seen for two days at No. 230 East 46th st., first floor, front.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A SWEDISH GIRL, AS chamber-maid and seamstress in a first-class private family; speaks good English; has the best City references; is nice and tidy, and very willing. Call at Swedish Office, No. 108 East 27th st.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A YOUNG PROTESTANT girl, as chamber-maid and waitress, and to assist with washing and ironing; three years' reference from her last place. Call at No. 446 West 28th st., for two days.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS.—BY A respectable girl in a small private family to do chamber-work and waiting; has good City reference from her last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 248 West 41st st., between 7th and 8th avs.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS.—BY A lady for a young girl as chamber-maid and waitress; can give four years' character. Apply at No. 29 West 16th st.

CHAMBER-MAID AND LAUNDRESS.—BY A Protestant young woman, as chamber-maid and laundress; best City reference. Call for two days at No. 38 West 13th st.

CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—BY A RESPECTABLE girl as chamber-maid and waitress, and to assist with washing and ironing; best City references. Call at No. 428 West 42d st.

CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—BY A RESPECTABLE girl as chamber-maid and waitress; is an excellent washer and ironer if required; good references. Call at No. 602 6th av., ring second bell.

CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—BY A PROTESTANT girl as chamber-maid and seamstress. Call at No. 366 Pearl st.; ring third bell.

CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—BY A RESPECTABLE girl as chamber-maid and waitress; three years' best City reference. Call at No. 447 West 46th st.

COOK, &c.—CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—BY TWO excellent servants, who desire a situation to do the work of a family between them; cook understands her business well; makes good soups, bread, &c.; chamber-maid is neat and tidy, and a good waitress; both have best recommendations. Call at Carpenter's, No. 138 West 11th st., corner 6th av.

COOK, WASHER, AND IRONER.—A NEAT and tidy young woman, who is a good family cook and an excellent bread and biscuit baker, and a superior laundress, would like a place in City or country; can furnish unexceptionable reference. Apply at Odell's Agency, No. 109 West 34th st., corner of Broadway.

COOK, WASHER, AND IRONER.—BY A neat, industrious girl to do cooking, washing, and ironing, or general house-work; is a respectful, economical, and reliable servant, good cook, and excellent washer and ironer; City or country; best references. Call at No. 115 Atlantic st., Brooklyn.

COOK—CHAMBER-MAID.—BY TWO RESPECTable young women; one as good cook, washer, and ironer; understands bread, pastry; the other as chamber-maid and laundress, or as nurse and chamber-maid; City or country; best references. Call at No. 245 East 44th st., near 2d av.

COOK AND ASSIST WITH WASHING.—BY a smart, active young woman, who is a good cook; makes best bread, biscuits, pastries, &c.; is a willing, well-tempered woman; has very best City reference from last employer. Call at Carpenter's, No. 138 West 11th st., corner 6th av.

COOK AND HOUSE-WORK.—BY TWO GERman girls; one is thorough good cook, washer, and ironer; one is chamber-maid, waitress, and general house-work; together or seperate; City or country; they have good references. Can be seen at the Protestant Home Bureau, No. 138 6th av., above 10th st.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS FIRST-class cook; makes all kinds of soups, desserts, jellies, preserves, &c.; also game and poultry, and pastry, creams, ices, &c.; can furnish undoubted reference from last place. Apply at Odell's Agency, No. 109 West 34th st., corner Broadway; references investigated.

COOK.—BY A NORTH OF IRELAND IRISH PROTestant woman; highly respectable and very good cook; meats, games, soups, pastries, creams, jellies, nice side dishes; good bread, biscuit, and other baker; best testimonials for honesty, sobriety, obliging, &c.; country or City. Call at Renoud's, No. 309 4th av.

COOK.—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN, AS COOK IN a private family; has the best of City references; is an excellent cook; none but private family need apply. Apply for three days at No. 290 3d av., between 22d and 23d sts., front room, second floor.

COOK.—BY A TIDY, NEAT WOMAN IN A PRIVATE family; is willing to do coarse washing; can get up a nice dinner; is a first-rate baker and dessert maker. Call at Jacquin's French Bureau, No. 621 6th av., between 36th and 37th sts.

COOK, &c.—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman as cook, washer, and ironer; understands baking and pastry; best of references; country preferred. Call at No. 178 Atlantic st., Brooklyn, for two days.

COOK.—BY AN ACTIVE WOMAN, SPEAKING French and German, as first-class family cook; is fully competent and has best reference from last employer. Can be engaged at No. 621 6th av., between 36th and 37th sts., up stairs.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS GOOD cook or to assist in the washing, or would go as laundress; good City reference; down town preferred. Can be seen for two days at No. 614 Lexington av., corner 53d st.

COOK, &c.—BY A FIRST-CLASS COOK, WITH HER daughter, who would take care of children or do waiting; understands the Wheeler & Wilson machine; no objection to go a short distance in the country. Can be seen at present employer's, No. 142 East 65th st.

COOK.—IN CITY OR COUNTRY, BY A SUPERIOR cook; is a good baker, and understands the care of milk and butter; would be willing to assist in the washing. Apply at Mrs. Whitfield's, No. 526 6th av., between 31st and 32d sts.

COOK AND HOUSE-WORK.—BY A NICE colored woman; is an excellent cook, washer, and ironer; is tidy and industrious; has good references; City or country. Can be seen at the Protestant Home Bureau, No. 138 6th av., above 10th st.

COOK.—BY A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY COOK, WHO has the best of City references, and ladies to be seen; will do a little coarse washing; wages not so much an object as a good home. Can be seen at No. 1,233 Broadway, up stairs.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS COOK in a private family; understands meats, soups, and baking, and dessert; has good City references from her last place. Call at No. 727 3d av., between 35th and 36th sts.; ring fourth bell.

COOK.—BY A COMPETENT WOMAN AS FIRST class cook; understands all branches of cooking thoroughly; is a good baker of bread and pastry; is perfectly sober and careful; City or country; City reference. Call at No. 203 West 27th st., near 7th av.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT WOMan, as first-class cook in a private family; thoroughly understands her business in all its branches; can be seen at present employer's. Apply at Bedell's, No. 340 4th av.

COOK.—BY A GOOD PLAIN COOK, IN A PRIVATE family; willing to assist in washing; no objections to go a short distance in the country; City and country references. Call at No. 350 West 48th st.

COOK, &c.—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS GOOD cook; no objection to assist with the washing; two years' reference from last place. Call at No. 233 East 54th st., between 2d and 3d avs.

COOK.—AS FIRST-CLASS COOK IN A PRIVATE family; understands meats, soups, poultry, game, desserts, jellies; good baker; best City reference. Call two days at No. 510 3d av.

COOK.—BY A COMPETENT AND EXPERIENCED cook in a private family; good baker; will do coarse washing if required; seven years' City reference. Call at No. 244 West 30th st.

COOK.—BY A PROFESSED COOK; BY THE DAY, week, or month; one who understands French and American cooking, and has unexceptionable reference. Address No. 20 Christopher st.

COOK.—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN; IS A FIRST- class cook; City or country; is a very reliable, capable woman; has best of City references. Call at the Home Bureau, No. 138 6th av., above 10th st.

COOK AND HOUSE-WORK.—BY A SWEDish young woman for City or country; has good references; low wages. Can be seen at the Protestant Home Bureau, No. 138 6th av.

COOK, WASHER, AND IRONER.—FOR A small family; City reference. Call at No. 79 1st av., between 11th and 12th sts., bakery store.

COOK.—BY AN EXCELLENT COOK, IN A PRIVATE family; is also a good baker; best City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 56 North Moore st.

COOK.—BY A FIRST-CLASS GERMAN COOK; BEST City reference. Apply for two days at No. 1,325 Broadway, near 37th st., Mrs. Hardman.

COOK.—BY A YOUNG GIRL AS FIRST-CLASS COOK or waitress; is neat and tidy; has the best of reference. Call for two days at No. 13 East 41st st.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

DRESS-MAKER.—BY A COMPETENT DRESSmaker, a few more customers; either to go out or take work home; terms liberal; has her own W. & W. machine. Address M. S., *Times* Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d st.

DRESS-MAKER.—BY A DRESS-MAKER, ENgagements by the day; cuts, fits and trims in latest style, terms moderate. No. 486 8th av., call in store.

GERMAN REGISTRY FOR FAITHFUL DOMEStic servants in any capacity, Nos. 316 and 318 Bowery, entrance Bleecker st. Mrs. LOWE.

HOUSE-WORK.—BY A WILLING, INDUSTRIOUS young woman, who is a good plain cook; makes good bread and biscuits; is also a nice washer and ironer, and willing to make herself generally useful wherever her services may be required; good recommendations. Call at Carpenter's, No. 138 West 11th st., corner 6th av.

HOUSEKEEPER.—IN A GENTLEMAN'S OR lady's family; has had long experience; can bring good testimonials; capable of taking entire charge; can sew; understands the care of children. Address or call at No. 72 Fleet st., Brooklyn.

HOUSEKEEPER.—BY A THOROUGH HOUSEkeeper; understands marketing, cooking, baking; is very systematic and neat; will be found invaluable in any gentleman's family; the best of reference. Address Housekeeper, Box No. 219 *Times* Office.

HOUSEKEEPERS—FOR HOTELS, PRIVATE families and institutions, first-class and thoroughly competent, can be found at the Young Ladies' Christian Association, No. 64 Irving place.

HOUSEKEEPER.—BY AN AMERICAN LADY AS housekeeper in a private family or boarding-house; is a thorough housekeeper, and not afraid of work; City or country. Call or address No. 109 4th av.

HOUSE-WORK.—BY TWO RESPECTABLE young girls (cousins) to do the work of a small family between them; no objection to the country; best City reference. Apply at No. 272 7th av.

HOUSEWORK.—BY A RESPECTABLE PERSON to do housework in City or country; is willing to make herself useful; can furnish satisfactory references. Call at No. 421 East 19th st.

HOUSE-WORK.—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, to do up-stairs work or general house-work; good City reference. Call at No. 304 West 38th st., top floor.

HOUSE-WORK.—BY A NEAT, ACTIVE GIRL, TO do general house-work, or as waitress; good references from last place. Apply at No. 346 West 37th st.

HOUSE-WORK.—BY A NEAT, ACTIVE PROTestant girl to do house-work in a private family; City references. Call at No. 321 West 25th st.

LADIES' DIRECTORY,
For faithful domestic service.
LADIES' RECEPTION ROOM, No. 1502 Broadway.
LADIES' COMMITTEE ROOM, No. 172 West 45th st.
WORK ROOM, corner Broadway and 45th st.
EMPLOYMENT OFFICES, Nos. 170 and 168 West 45th st.
COOKING SCHOOL, No. 166 West 45th st.

Situations wanted for governesses, companions, housekeepers, &c.

Country orders should be received two days in advance of visit.

Classes for ladies in the cooking-school on Wednesdays and Saturdays. Terms, $5 for ten lessons. The girls belonging to the Directory are taught free of charge.

The management earnestly request the co-operation of all who are interested in this reform, and prompt replies from those to whom they apply for information.

LADY'S MAID.—BY A LADY, FOR A THORoughly reliable and competent English Protestant young woman, to wait on a lady, or as nurse for one or two growing children, and do plain sewing; no objection to travel. Can be seen at her last employer's, No. 52 West 55th st., to-day from 10 to 5 o'clock.

LAUNDRESS—CHAMBER-MAID AND LAUNdress or Fine Washing.—By a neat and highly respectable young woman as laundress and chamber-maid; is competent in either capacity; honest, sober, obliging, &c.; country or City. Call at Bookham's, No. 309 4th av.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A THOROUGHLY COMPEtent Protestant woman, who understands her business in every branch; can starch, puff, polish, flute, and not afraid of work; no objections to the country; very best recommendations. Call at Carpenter's, No. 138 West 11th st., corner 6th av.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A SWEDISH PROTESTANT young woman, as first-class laundress, flutes, puffs, polishes, &c.; can do up all kinds of ladies' flueries; can furnish unexceptionable City reference. Inquire for H. O., at Odell's Swedish Bureau, No. 109 West 34th st., corner of Broadway.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A YOUNG WOMAN AS FIRST-class laundress; flutes, puffs, polishes, &c.; can do up all kinds of ladies' fineries in superior style; can furnish the very best reference from last employer. Can be seen until suited at Odell's Agency, No. 109 West 34th st., corner of Broadway; inquire for M. McG.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTant German woman as first-class laundress; no objection to assist with house-work; has excellent City reference. Can be seen at No. 69 4th av., between 9th and 10th sts.

LAUNDRESS.—IN CITY OR COUNTRY, BY AN experienced laundress; understands all kinds of ladies' finery; would be willing to do chamber-work and fine washing. Apply at Mrs. Whitfield's, No. 526 6th av., between 31st and 32d sts.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman, as first-class laundress; is quite capable to fill a first-class position, and has several years' reference. Can be seen at No. 621 6th av., between 36th and 37th sts., up stairs.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman, as first-class laundress in a private family; understands French fluting and doing up fine muslins, laces, &c.; excellent City reference. Apply at Bedell's, No. 340 4th av.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTant woman as first-class laundress; best City reference from last employers. Call at No. 44 East 32d st., between Lexington and 4th avs.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A YOUNG WOMAN AS FIRST-class laundress; will be found a most valuable person; three years' reference from last employer. Call at No. 283 6th av., between 17th and 18th sts.

LAUNDRESS.—AS EXPERIENCED LAUNDRESS; is superior to the French; none but private family need apply; first-class recommendations from last place. Call at No. 230 East 47th st., first floor.

LAUNDRESS, &c.—BY A YOUNG GIRL AS LAUNdress and chamber-maid; best City references. Call at No. 1,325 Broadway, near 37th st.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A FIRST-CLASS LAUNDRESS in a private family; City reference; no objection to City or country. Call at No. 131 West 19th st.

MAID AND SEAMSTRESS, OR NURSE. —By an English Protestant woman; no objections to go South; good reference. Address H. M., *Times* West-side Office, No. 308 West 23d st.

MATRON, &c.—POSITION WANTED EITHER as matron in an institution or housekeeper in a hotel. Address M. P., Box No. 84 *Times* Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d st.

NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS, OR CHAMBERmaid and Waitress.—By a highly respectable Protestant young woman; is a competent nurse for young and growing children; is a good operator and seamstress, and a thorough chamber-maid and waitress; can furnish best City testimonials; country or City; neat, tidy, obliging, &c. Call at Bookham's, No. 309 4th av., near 23d st.

NURSE, &c.—BY A REFINED YOUNG LADY speaking German, English, and French, would like to make an engagement with a family traveling; would make herself useful with growing children, or lady's maid; can furnish the best of testimonials. Call at No. 621 6th av., between 36th and 37th sts.

NURSE FOR AN INVALID OR CHILDREN. —By a very respectable woman, who is experienced in the care of the sick; also, can take charge of an infant from its birth; is of a quiet, amiable disposition; good reference; wages moderate in a good home. Call at Carpenter's, No. 138 West 11th st., corner 6th av.

NURSE.—BY A TIDY, GENTEEL FRENCH GIRL, who speaks English, and is a very neat, good seamstress; has the best of recommendations from former employer; is willing to make herself useful. Can be engaged at No. 62 6th av., between 36th and 37th sts., first floor.

NURSE, &c.—BY A COMPETENT PROTESTANT woman as nurse; can take the entire charge of a baby from its birth, and bring it up by the bottle, and is a good plain seamstress; has the best of City reference from her last place. Call at No. 222 East 34th st.

NURSE.—BY A GERMAN PROTESTANT YOUNG woman, as first-class nurse; can take entire charge of an infant from its birth, and has excellent City reference. Apply at Mrs. Lowe's German Registry, Nos. 316 and 318 Bowery, entrance on Bleecker st.

NURSE.—BY A COMPETENT PROTESTANT WOman; capable of taking charge of an infant from its birth; or would see to one or two growing children and sew; best of City reference given. Call or address for two days at No. 467 6th av., top floor.

NURSE.—ANY GENTLEMAN IN WANT OF AN EXperienced male nurse and rubber; would take charge of an invalid going South; can show first-class private and medical references, can address W. H. R., No. 661 6th av.

NURSE.—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOMAN AS thorough infant's nurse; is capable of taking sole charge and of bringing it up by the bottle; excellent City reference given; wages not so much an object as a good home. Call at No. 109 West 15th st., in the rear.

NURSE.—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT woman as infant's nurse; capable of taking charge from birth; six years' reference from her late employer. Call at No. 126 West 17th st.

NURSE.—BY A RESPECTABLE MIDDLE-AGED woman as infant's nurse; can take entire charge of an infant from its birth; has seven years' City reference. Apply at No. 323 East 16th st.

NURSE.—BY A COMPETENT GIRL AS NURSE and seamstress; best City reference; no objection to a short distance in the country. Call at No. 414 West 40th st., first bell.

NURSERY GOVERNESS.—A POSITION AS nursery governess or lady's companion; would not object to traveling; can furnish best of reference. Call on or address Miss McBride, at florist's, No. 502 5th av.

NURSE, &c.—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL, in a private family, to take care of children and do plain sewing; excellent references. Address No. 891 Broadway, first floor.

NURSE.—BY A WOMAN AS NURSE; ACCUSTOMED to children; can take an infant from birth; no objection to a short distance in the country; excellent reference. Call at 39 East 33d st., present employer's.

NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—BY A YOUNG girl as nurse and seamstress, or chamber-maid and seamstress; can operate; City reference. Apply at No. 155 West 31st st.

NURSE, &c.—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT girl to take care of children and sew; would wait on a lady; is very obliging; no objection to travel; good City reference. Call at No. 47 West 20th st.

NURSE.—BY A FRENCH NURSE, WHO SPEAKS little or no English, but is a nice, respectable woman. To be seen at the French Office, No. 1,233 Broadway.

NURSE.—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL AS children's nurse and to assist in chamber-work; eight years' reference from her last place. Call at No. 127 West 39th st.

NURSE.—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN AS COMPEtent nurse and seamstress; is accustomed to the care of children; or to wait on a lady and sew. Call at No. 4[illegible] 8th av.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

NURSE.—BY A RESPECTABLE MARRIED WOMAN a child to dry nurse; good references. Address No. 413 West 26th st., top floor.

NURSE OR CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A YOUNG English girl. Can be seen at present employer's, No. 10 West 49th st.

NURSE.—BY A YOUNG HEALTHY MARRIED WOman, as wet nurse; best references. Call at No. 9[illegible] 10th av.

NURSE.—BY A COMPETENT PERSON AS NURSE; long accustomed to the care of children; best City reference. Call at No. 206 West 26th st.

PARTIES GOING SOUTH FOR THE WINTER can find a perfectly reliable couple to take charge of house by applying at No. 150 West 48th st.; best reference from present employer.

SEAMSTRESS.—BY A QUIET, REFINED AMERIcan person as first-class seamstress; operates on any machine; would take charge of grown children; competent and willing to fill any position and make herself useful; best City reference. Address R. A., No. 331 East 14th st.

SEAMSTRESS.—BY A COMPETENT WOMAN, willing and obliging, as seamstress; can cut and fell; the best of references. Can be seen for two days in millinery store, No. 525 6th av.

SEAMSTRESS.—BY AN AMERICAN GIRL, A place as seamstress and chamber-maid in a genteel family. Can be seen at No. 33 Delancey st.

WAITRESS.—BY A VERY EXPERIENCED YOUNG woman, who understands her duties thoroughly; can take full charge of dining-room; prepare salads, clean and care silver, &c.; will assist with the chamber-work if desired; has best City recommendations. Call at Carpenter's, No. 138 West 11th st., corner of 6th av.

WAITRESS.—BY A NEAT, ACTIVE YOUNG WOMan, as first-class waitress; can take a waiter-man's place; or as first-class chamber-maid; will assist in waiting; best City references. Call at No. 203 West 27th st., near 7th av.

WAITRESS.—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOMan as first-class waitress; understands waiting in all its branches; best City reference. Call at No. 347 East 17th st.

WAITRESS.—BY A YOUNG GIRL; WILLING TO assist with the chamber-work; good references. Can be seen at No. 146 West 125th st., Harlem.

WAITRESS.—BY A GOOD WAITRESS, OR chamber-maid and washing; has the best of reference. Call from 10 until 3 at No. 17 West 31st st.

WAITRESS, &c.—BY A WAITRESS AND FINE washer, with good references. Can be seen at No. 1,233 Broadway.

WAITRESS.—BY A FIRST-CLASS WAITRESS, with the best of City references. Can be seen at No. 1,233 Broadway.

WAITRESS.—BY A FIRST-CLASS WAITRESS; five years' City reference from last place. Call for two days at No. 419 West 42d st.

MALES.

A GENTLEMAN WHO PROFESSES TO BE A thorough accountant, is experienced in mercantile finances, has a superior record as salesman, and is a fair penman, desires to reengage in business, and seeks a position in some well established and reputable house; compensation to depend on the value which shall be found in his services; highest references given as to integrity and habits. Address EXPERIENCE, Box No. 113 *Times* Office.

BUTLER OR FIRST-CLASS WAITER.—THORoughly experienced; can valet; lived in first-class families here and in England. Call on Whitehouse, banker, No. 25 Broad st.; James, No. 165 West 25th st.

COACHMAN AND GARDENER—HOUSEwork, &c.—By a man and wife; man can care and drive horses, do farm-work, handy as carpenter, painter, &c.; wife a good cook and laundress; can care milk, and make butter; good recommendations. Apply at Carpenter's, No. 138 West 11th st., corner 6th av.

COACHMAN AND GROOM.—BY A RESPECTAble man who thoroughly understands his business, and is a good and careful driver; is thoroughly acquainted in Brooklyn and New-York; has six years' reference from his last employer. Address J. N., Box No. 235 *Times* Office.

COACHMAN AND GROOM.—KNOWS THE CITY well; has three years' good reference from last place; was one year in England; can wait on table if necessary; is willing to be useful. Call or address Lewis Watson, No. 587 7th av.

COACHMAN AND GROOM.—BY A FIRST-CLASS coachman and groom; good reference from last employer. Call on or address J. D., No. 24 Lexington av., in private stable, for two days.

COACHMAN AND GROOM.—BY A SINGLE Protestant man as coachman and groom; good references; City or country; willing and obliging. Call on or address J. D., No. 106 East 28th st.

COACHMAN OR GROOM.—BY A GERMAN, married man; can give best reference. Address R. G. S., Box No. 240 *Times* Office.

FIREMAN OR PORTER.—BY A YOUNG MAN as fireman or porter; can take charge of steam boilers; City or country; best of references. Address H. H., Box No. 225 *Times* Office.

FIREMAN.—BY AN EXPERIENCED MAN AS FIREman in a hotel or boarding-house. Call at No. 335 East 22d st., top floor.

GROOM AND COACHMAN.—BY AN ENGLISHman who has had long experience with horses; first-class City reference. Address J. Johnstone, No. 625 3d av.

GROOM.—BY A LIGHT-WEIGHT ENGLISH groom; can ride and drive. Apply for Henry at Brewster & Co.'s, 5th av., corner 14th st.

HEAD WAITER.—BY A FIRST-CLASS COLORED head waiter or butler. Address Waiter, No. 75 Thompson st.

PORTER OR COACHMAN.—BY A COLORED man that can be recommended highly in every respect. Call at No. 7 Pine st., Room No. 5.

SHORT-HAND, OVER 110 WORDS, GOOD PENmanship, quick at figures, knowledge of book-keeping, correct habits; a youth (nineteen) wants a situation. Address G. W. H., No. 116 7th av.

USEFUL BOY.—BY AN AMERICAN LAD, AGED sixteen years, who can take care of horses and drive, feed cattle, milk, do chores generally; handy at painting and carpenter's work; best recommendations; wages moderate. Call at Carpenter's, No. 138 West 11th st., corner 6th av.

USEFUL MAN.—BY A SCOTCH PROTESTANT single man, who can do all kinds of flower and vegetable gardening, including green-house, hot and cold grapery, fruits, &c.; also a good farmer and coachman; best recommendation. Call at Carpenter's, No. 138 West 11th st., corner 6th av.

USEFUL MAN.—IN A STORE OR OUT DOOR; has a good knowledge of business; speaks English, German, and French; good City reference. Call at No. 454 Hudson st.

WAITER.—BY A PROTESTANT MAN, MIDDLE-aged, as waiter in a private family; understands his business thoroughly; takes whole charge of his silver; also makes the best of salads; can be recommended highly from his last place. Address H. D., Box No. 29 *Times* Up-town Office No. 54½ West 32d st.

WAITER.—BY AN EXPERIENCED FRENCH waiter; has excellent references from former employers, and is thoroughly efficient in every respect; speaks English perfectly. Address B. B., Box No. 84 *Times* Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d st.

WAITER.—BY A FIRST-CLASS WAITER (SINGLE); understands his business thoroughly; has unexceptionable City reference. Address S. T., Box No. 59 *Times* Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d st.

WAITER.—BY AN ENGLISHMAN WITH FIRST-class City references, as waiter in a private family. Address for two days, F. W., *Times* Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d st.

WAITER.—IN A PRIVATE FAMILY; UNDERstands his business in every respect, and has the best of City reference. Address or call at No. 319 6th av., in the grocery store.

WAITER.—BY A FIRST-CLASS WAITER WHO fully understands the duties; has the best of testimonials from former employer. Can be seen at No. 621 6th av., between 36th and 37th sts.

WAITER.—BY A RESPECTABLE MAN, AS WAITer in a private family; thoroughly understands his business in all its branches; best City reference. Apply at Bedell's, No. 340 4th av.

WAITER.—BY AN ENGLISHMAN; GOOD CITY references. Address C. M., Box No. 47 Up-town *Times* Office, No. 54½ West 32d st.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED.—A GOOD SCENIC ARTIST. APPLY TO T. R. JACKSON, No. 257 Broadway.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NEW-YORK SUPREME COURT, RICHMOND County.—HARRIET GIGNOUX, plaintiff, against MARK BRUMAGIM and Charlotte R., his wife, Eugene Kelly, and Margaret, his wife, defendants.—Summons for relief.—(Com. not Ser.)—To the defendants aforenamed, and each of them: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which has been filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of Richmond, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers, at their office, No. 18 Wall street, in the City of New-York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated July 3, 1874.
MILLER, STOUTENBURGH & PECKHAM,
Plaintiff's Attorneys, No. 18 Wall st.

The complaint in the above-entitled action was, on the 6th day of July, 1874, duly filed with the Clerk of the County of Richmond.
MILLER, STOUTENBURGH & PECKHAM,
o8-1aw6wTh. Plaintiff's Attorneys, No. 18 Wall st.

NEW-YORK SUPREME COURT, CITY and County of New-York.—ABRAHAM D. HOAGLAND, plaintiff, against STEPHEN H. ALDEN, defendant.—To Abraham D. Hoagland, plaintiff:—You are hereby summoned and required personally to appear before me at Chambers of this court, at the County Court-house in the City of New-York, on the 23d day of October next, at ten and a half o'clock in the forenoon of that day, to give your testimony as a party before trial in an action between yourself, Abraham D. Hoagland, plaintiff, and Stephen H. Alden, defendant, pursuant to the provisions of the Code of Procedure, and for a failure to attend you will be punished according to law. Dated New-York, July 22, 1874.
ABM. R. LAWRENCE, Justice.
WM. HENRY ANTHON, Defendant's Attorney.

METALS.

PHELPS, DODGE & CO.,
IMPORTERS OF METALS,
TIN-PLATE, SHEET-IRON, COPPER, BLOCK-TIN, WIRE, &c.,
CLIFF ST., between John and Fulton, NEW-YORK.

THOMAS J. POPE & BRO.
METALS.
NO. 292 PEARL ST.,
NEAR BEEKMAN ST., NEW-YORK.

SHIPPING.

CUNARD LINE.

NOTICE.

With the view of diminishing the chances of collision, the steamers of this line take a specified course for all seasons of the year.

On the outward passage from Queenstown to New-York or Boston, crossing meridian of 50 at 43 latitude, or nothing to the north of 43.

On the homeward passage, crossing the meridian of 50 at 42, or nothing to the north of 42.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAM-SHIPS, BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

FROM NEW-YORK.
Parthia, Saturday, Oct. 24
*Cuba, Wednesday, Oct. 28
Calabria, Saturday, Oct. 31
*Algeria, Wed'sday, Nov. 4
Batavia, Saturday, Nov. 7

FROM NEW-YORK.
*Abyssinia, Wed., Nov. 11
*Russia, Wed'sday, Nov. 18
Java, Wednesday, Nov. 25
Cuba, Wednesday, Dec. 2
Algeria, Wed'sday, Dec. 9

And every following WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY from New-York. Steamers marked thus * do not carry steerage passengers.

Rates of passage—Cabin, $80, $100, and $130, gold, according to accommodation. Return tickets on favorable terms. Steerage at lowest rates. Steerage tickets from Liverpool and Queenstown, and all parts of Europe, at lowest rates. For freight and cabin passage apply at the company's office, No. 4 Bowling green; for steerage passage, No. 111 Broadway, Trinity Building.

CHAS. G. FRANCKLYN, Agent.

WHITE STAR LINE.

FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL, CARRYING UNITED STATES MAIL.

NEW AND FULL-POWERED STEAM-SHIPS.

Sailing from New-York on SATURDAYS, from Liverpool on THURSDAYS, calling at Cork Harbor each way.

ADRIATIC..........SATURDAY, Oct. 24, at 3 P. M.
CELTIC..........SATURDAY, Oct. 31, at 10 A. M.
OCEANIC..........SATURDAY, Nov. 7, at 3 P. M.
REPUBLIC..........SATURDAY, Nov. 14, at 9 A. M.

From White Star Dock, Pier No. 52 North River.

Passenger accommodations (for all classes) unrivaled, combining

SAFETY, SPEED, AND COMFORT.

Saloons, State-rooms, Smoking-room and Bath-rooms in MIDSHIP section, where least motion is felt. Surgeons and stewardesses accompany these steamers.

Rates—Saloon, $80, gold; return tickets, $140, gold; steerage at low rates. Those wishing to send for friends from the old country can now obtain steerage prepaid certificates at low rates.

Passengers booked to or from all parts of America, to Paris, Hamburg, Norway, Sweden, India, Australia, China, &c.

Drafts from £1 upward.

For inspection of plans and other information apply at the Company's offices, No. 19 Broadway, New-York.

R. J. CORTIS, Agent.

STATE LINE.

NEW-YORK TO GLASGOW, LIVERPOOL, BELFAST, AND LONDONDERRY.

These elegant new Clyde-built steamers will sail from Pier No. 36 North River as follows:

STATE OF INDIANA..........Wednesday, Oct. 28
STATE OF FLORIDA..........Wednesday, Nov. 11

And every Wednesday thereafter, taking passengers at through rates to all parts of Great Britain and Ireland, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, and Germany. Drafts for £1 and upward. For freight or passage apply to

AUSTIN BALDWIN & CO., Agents, No. 72 Broadway.
Steerage office, No. 45 Broadway.

STEERAGE AS LOW AS BY ANY OTHER LINE.

FOR LIVERPOOL,
(VIA QUEENSTOWN,)
CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAILS.

THE LIVERPOOL AND GREAT WESTERN STEAM COMPANY will dispatch one of their first-class full-power iron screw steam-ships from PIER NO. 46 NORTH RIVER, EVERY TUESDAY, as follows:

MINNESOTA, Capt. JONES..........Oct. 20, 1 P. M.
WYOMING, Capt. BEDDOE..........Nov. 3, 1:30 P. M.
NEVADA, Capt. PRICE..........Nov. 10, 3 P. M.
IDAHO, Capt. FORSYTH..........Nov. 17, 11:30 A. M.

Cabin passage, $80, gold.
Steerage passage, (Office No. 29 B'way,) at low rates.
For freight or cabin passage apply to
WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 63 Wall st.

NATIONAL LINE.

NOTICE.—The most southerly route has *always* been adopted by this company to avoid ice and headlands.

From Piers Nos. 44 and 47 North River.

TO QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.

England.....Oct. 24, 3 P. M. | Erin.....Nov. 7, 3 P. M.
Spain.....Oct. 31, 10 A. M. | Egypt.....Nov. 14, 8:30 A. M.

FOR LONDON DIRECT.

GREECE..........Saturday, Oct. 24, 2 P. M.

Cabin passage, $70 and $80, currency. Steerage at greatly reduced price. Return tickets at reduced rates. Prepaid steerage tickets from Liverpool at the lowest rates. Apply at the company's office, No. 69 Broadway. F. W. J. HURST, Manager.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAM-SHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.

The splendid vessels on this favorite route for the Continent, (being more southerly than any other,) will sail from Pier No. 50 North River, as follows:

VILLE DE PARIS, DANRE..........Saturday, Oct. 31
PEREIRE, SURMONT..........Saturday, Nov. 14
FRANCE, TRUDELLE..........Saturday, Nov. 28

PRICE OF PASSAGE IN GOLD, (including wine,)
First Cabin, $125....Second Cabin, $75....Third, $35.
Excursion tickets at reduced rates.

American travelers, by taking this line, avoid both transit by English railway and the discomforts of crossing the Channel, besides saving time, trouble, and expense. GEORGE MACKENZIE, Agent, 55 Broadway.

INMAN LINE.—SOUTHERLY COURSE.

Royal Mail Steamers are appointed to sail as follows:

FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.

CITY OF MONTREAL......Saturday, Oct. 24, at 2 P. M.
CITY OF ANTWERP......Saturday, Oct. 31, at 10 A. M.
CITY OF CHESTER......Saturday, Nov. 7, at 2 P. M.
CITY OF RICHMOND......Saturday, Nov. 14, at 9 A. M.
CITY OF NEW-YORK......Saturday, Nov. 21, at 2 P. M.

CABIN PASSAGE, $80, gold.
STEERAGE.—To and from all points, at reduced rates.
Cabin and general office, No. 15 Broadway.
Steerage offices, No. 33 Broadway, or Pier No. 45 North River. JOHN G. DALE, Agent.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD STEAM-SHIP CO.

FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND BREMEN.

The steam-ship WESER, Capt. W. WILLIGEROD, will sail on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 21, at 2 P. M., from Bremen Pier, foot 3d st., Hoboken, to be followed by steam-ship MAIN, Capt. C. [illegible], on SATURDAY, Oct. 24.

RATES OF PASSAGE TO LONDON, HAVRE, AND BREMEN:

First cabin..........$100 gold.
Second cabin..........60 gold.
Steerage..........24 currency.

For freight or passage apply to
OELRICHS & CO., Agents, No. 2 Bowling green.

ATLAS MAIL LINE.

BI-MONTHLY SERVICE TO HAYTI, VENEZUELA, CURACOA, MARACAIBO, JAMAICA, AND COLOMBIA.

First-class full-powered Iron screw steamers, from Pier No. 51 North River.

For JAMAICA AND SAVANILLA.
ANDES..........Oct. 9
For JAMAICA, SANTA MARTHA, CARTHAGENA, AND SAVANILLA.
ETNA..........Oct. 27
For HAYTI, CURACOA, MARACAIBO, AND VENEZUELA.
CLARIBEL..........Oct. 8
ATLAS..........Oct. 30

First-class passenger accommodation.
PIM, FORWOOD & CO., Agents.
Nos. 56 Wall and 59 Pine sts.

NEW-YORK AND HAVANA DIRECT MAIL LINE.

These first-class steam-ships will sail every TUESDAY, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 13 North River, (foot of Cedar st.,) for Havana direct, as follows:

COLUMBUS, Capt. E. C. REED, Tuesday, Nov. 10.
MORRO CASTLE, Capt. T. H. MORTON, Tuesday, Oct. 27.
CRESCENT CITY, Capt. T. S. CURTIS, Tuesday, Nov. 3.

For freight or passage (having magnificent accommodations) apply to WM. P. CLYDE & CO.,
No. 6 Bowling green.
McKELLAR, LULING & Co., Agents in Havana.
March 31, 1873.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.
THE FLORIDA PORTS,
AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST.

GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE, CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA, AND ATLANTIC AND GULF RAILROAD.
FOUR STEAM-SHIPS PER WEEK.
TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS, AND SATURDAYS.

GEN. BARNES, Capt. CHEESMAN, THURSDAY, Oct. 22, from Pier No. 43 North River, at 3 P. M.
W. R. GARRISON, Agent,
No. 5 Bowling green.

SAN SALVADOR, Capt. NICKERSON, SATURDAY, Oct. 24, from Pier No. 43 North River, at 3 P. M.
WM. R. GARRISON, Agent,
No. 5 Bowling green.

MONTGOMERY, Capt. FAIRCLOTH, SATURDAY, Oct. 24, from Pier No. 12 North River, at 3 P. M.
R. LOWDEN, Agent,
No. 93 West st.

CLEOPATRA, Capt. BULKLEY, TUESDAY, Oct. 27, from Pier No. 16 East River, at 3 P. M.
MURRAY, FERRIS & CO., Agents,
No. 62 South st.

Insurance by this line ONE-HALF PER CENT.
Superior accommodation for passengers.
Through rates and bills of lading, in connection with Central Railroad of Georgia, to all points.
Through rates and bills of lading in connection with the Atlantic and Gulf Railroad and Florida steamers.
GEORGE YONGE, Agent,
Central Railroad of Georgia,
No. 409 Broadway.

GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE,
FOR CHARLESTON, S. C.,
THE FLORIDA PORTS,
AND THE
SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST.

SAILING EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY, AND SATURDAY, AT 3 P. M.
from Pier No. 29 North River.

MANHATTAN, Capt. M. S. WOODHULL, Thursday, Oct. 22.
CHARLESTON, Capt. J. BERRY, Saturday, Oct. 24.
SOUTH CAROLINA, Capt. J. T. BECKETT, Tuesday, Oct. 27.

Superior accommodations for passengers.
Insurance by this line ONE-HALF PER CENT.
Goods forwarded free of commission.
Passage tickets and bills of lading issued and signed at the office of
JAMES W. QUINTARD & CO., Agents,
No. 177 West st., (corner of Warren,)
Or W. P. CLYDE & CO.,
No. 6 Bowling green.

Through freight tariffs. Passage tickets by all routes and to all points in the South and South-west, and further information can be obtained at the office of
BENTLEY D. HASELL,
General Agent Great Southern Freight Line,
No. 317 Broadway.

FOR ST. THOMAS AND BRAZIL.

THE UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL MAIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.

Regular mail steamers SAILING 23D OF EVERY MONTH, making close connections at RIO DE JANEIRO with the English and French Mail Steam-ships for MONTEVIDEO and BUENOS AYRES.

The splendid steam-ship MERRIMACK, Capt. GEO. B. SLOCUM, will sail from PIER No. 43 NORTH RIVER, on FRIDAY, Oct. 23, at 3 o'clock P. M., calling at ST. THOMAS, PARA, PERNAMBUCO, BAHIA, and RIO DE JANEIRO, going and returning.

First cabin passage to St. Thomas, $100; to Para, $150; to Pernambuco, $200; to Bahia, $210, and to Rio de Janeiro, $225, gold. Steerage half price. EXCURSION TICKETS, good for six months, at three-quarters of above rates. Freights greatly reduced.

Apply to WM. R. GARRISON, No. 5 Bowling green.

SHIPPING.

GRAND EXCURSION TRIP
TO
PANAMA AND RETURN,
On the new and splendid steam-ship
CITY OF TOKIO,
Capt. JEFF. MAURY,
Sister ship to the CITY OF PEKING.

Cabin tickets, as above, good for this trip only, will be issued at

$100 CURRENCY.

To sail from Pier No. 42 North River, New-York, at 12 o'clock noon, SATURDAY, Oct. 24, 1874.

This excursion will afford a sea voyage of 4,000 MILES and a visit to the Tropics, on one of the finest ocean steam-ships afloat.

A competent Surgeon on board. Table and service first class. For tickets, &c., apply at

COMPANY'S TICKET OFFICE ON WHARF,
Foot of Canal st., North River, New-York.
H. J. BULLAY, Superintendent.
RUFUS HATCH, Managing Director.

NEW-YORK, HAVANA AND MEXICAN MAIL S. S. LINE.

Steamers leave Pier No. 3 North River as follows:

FOR HAVANA.

CITY OF HAVANA..........Thursday, Oct. 22
CITY OF NEW-YORK (via Nassau)..........Thursday, Oct. 29
CUBA..........Saturday, Oct. 31
CITY OF MERIDA..........Thursday, Nov. 5

FOR VERA CRUZ AND NEW-ORLEANS,
calling at Havana, Progreso, Campeachy, Tuxpan, and Tampico.

CUBA..........Saturday, Oct. 31
CITY OF MEXICO..........Saturday, Nov. 21

For freight or passage apply to
F. ALEXANDRE & SONS, No. 33 Broadway.

NOTICE TO TRAVELERS.

Families or gentlemen going to travel on the Continent of Europe, who can afford the expense of a courier, should never leave Paris without one. Their services are invaluable in relieving the traveler from multiplicity of cares and troubles respecting passports, examination and conveyance of luggage, in securing the best accommodation, in protecting the traveler from imposition, and an infinity of annoyances to which they are exposed in various parts of the Continent. Competent and trustworthy couriers and traveling servants may always be obtained by applying to the COURIER SOCIETY, No. 3 Rue d'Alger, near the Tuileries Garden, Paris.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—United States passports, indispensable to travelers, issued by J. B. NONES, Passport Agent, No. 91 Duane st., corner Broadway.

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

THE GREAT TRUNK LINE AND UNITED STATES MAIL ROUTE.

Trains leave New-York, from foot of Desbrosses and Cortlandt sts., as follows:

Express for Harrisburg, Pittsburg, the West and South, with Pullman palace cars attached, 9:30 A. M., 5 and 8:30 P. M. Sunday, 5 and 8:30 P. M.

For Williamsport and Lock Haven (via Philadelphia and Erie Railroad Division, connecting at Philadelphia,) 9:30 A. M. For Williamsport, Lock Haven, Corry, and Erie, 8:30 P. M., connecting at Corry for Titusville, Petroleum Centre, and the oil regions.

For Baltimore, Washington, and the South, "Limited, Washington Express" of Pullman parlor cars, daily, except Sunday, at 9:30 A. M., arrive at Washington at 4:10 P. M.; regular at 8:40 A. M.; 3 and 9 P. M. Sunday, 9 P. M.

Express for Philadelphia, 8:40, 9:30, A. M., 12:30, 3, 4, 4:10, 5, 7, 8:30, 9 P. M., and 12 night. Sunday 5, 7, 8:30, and 9 P. M. Emigrant and second class, 7 P. M.

Accommodation for Trenton at 7:20 A. M., and 2 P. M.

For Newark at 6, 6:30, 7:20, 7:40, 8, 9, 10, 11 A. M., 12 M., 1, 2, 2:30, 3:10, 3:40, 4:10, 4:30, 5, 5:20, 5:40, 6, 6:10, 6:30, 7, 7:30, 8:10, 10, 11:30 P. M. and 12 night. Sunday 5:20, 7, and 8:10 P. M.

For Elizabeth, 6, 6:30, 7:20, 7:40, 8, 9, 10 A. M., 12 M., 1, 2, 2:30, 3:10, 3:40, 4:10, 4:30, 4:50, 5:20, 5:40, 6, 6:10, 6:30, 7, 7:30, 8:10, 10, 11:30 P. M., and 12 night. Sunday 5:20, 7, and 8:10 P. M.

For Rahway, 6, 6:30, 7:20, 8, 10 A. M., 12 M., 1, 2, 2:30, 3:10, 3:40, 4:10, 4:30, 4:50, 5:20, 5:40, 6, 6:10, 6:30, 7, 8:10, 10 P. M., and 12 night. Sunday 5:20 and 7 P. M.

For Woodbridge, Perth Amboy, and South Amboy, 6 and 10 A. M., 2:30, 4:50, and 6 P. M.

For New-Brunswick, 7:20 and 8 A. M., 12 M., 2, 3:10, 4:30, 5:20, 6:10, 7 P. M., and 12 night. Sunday, 7 P. M.

For East Millstone, 12 noon, 3:10 and 4:30 P. M.

For Lambertville and Flemington, 9:30 A. M. and 4 P. M.

For Phillipsburg and Belvidere, 9:30 A. M., 2 and 4 P. M.

For Bordentown, Burlington, and Camden, 7:20 and 9:30 A. M., 12:30, 2, 4, 4:10, and 7 P. M.

For Freehold, 7:20 A. M., 2 and 4:10 P. M.

For Farmingdale and Squan, 7:20 A. M. and 2 P. M.

For Hightstown, Pemberton, and Camden, via Perth Amboy, 2:30 P. M.

For Hightstown and Pemberton, 6 A. M.

Trains arrive as follow: From Pittsburg, 6:50 A. M., 9:50 A. M. and 9:35 P. M., daily; 6:50 P. M. daily, except Monday. From Washington and Baltimore, 6:20 A. M., 4:15, 5:15 and 10:27 P. M. Sunday 6:20 A. M. and 10:27 P. M. From Philadelphia, 5:10, 6:20, 6:50, 10:15, 11:55 A. M., 2:15, 4:15, 5:15, 6:50, 8:44, 10:27 P. M. Sunday 5:10, 6:20, 6:50, 11:55 A. M., 6:50, and 10:27 P. M.

Ticket-offices, Nos. 526 and 944 Broadway, No. 1 Astor House, and foot of Desbrosses and Cortlandt sts., No. 4 Court st., Brooklyn, Nos. 114, 116 and 118 Hudson st., Hoboken. Emigrant Ticket-office, No. 8 Battery place.

FRANK THOMSON, General Manager. D. M. BOYD, Jr., General Passenger Agent.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY.

ALLENTOWN LINE TO THE WEST.

Passenger and Freight Station in New-York, foot of Liberty st. Connects at Somerville with South Branch R. R.; at Hampton Junction with Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad; at Phillipsburg with Lehigh and Susquehanna Division; also with Lehigh Valley Railroad. Direct line to Harrisburg, Pittsburg, and the West; also to Central Pennsylvania and New-York State.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

Commencing June 15, 1874.—Leave New-York as follows:

5:15 A. M.—News Train for Easton, Bethlehem, Bath, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

6 A. M.—Way Train for Somerville and Flemington.

7 A. M.—Way Train for Easton, Belvidere, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Pittston, Mahanoy City, Mt. Carmel, Hazleton, Tunkhannock, Towanda, Waverly, &c. Connects at Junction with Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad.

9 A. M. Morning Express, daily, (except Sundays,) for Easton, Allentown, Harrisburg, and the West. Connects at Somerville for Flemington; at Easton for Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Towanda, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c., with through cars to Danville, Williamsport, &c.

10:30 A. M.—Way Train for Somerville.

12.40 P. M.—Express for Flemington, Easton, Bath, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Mahanoy City, Hazleton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Reading, Columbia, Lancaster, Ephrata, Pottsville, Harrisburg, &c.

2:30 P. M.—Way Train for Easton, Catasauqua, and Belvidere.

3:30 P. M.—Way Train for Plainfield. On Saturdays only to Somerville.

4 P. M.—Way Train for Easton, Allentown, and Mauch Chunk. Connects at Junction with Del., Lack. & West. R. R.

4:30 P. M.—Way Train for Somerville and Flemington.

5 P. M.—Way Train for Somerville.

5:15 P. M.—Way Train for Plainfield.

5:30 P. M.—Evening Express, daily, for Easton, Belvidere, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Towanda, Reading, Harrisburg, Pittsburg, Chicago, &c.

6 and 7 P. M.—Way Trains for Somerville.

7:30 P. M.—(Emigrant.)—For Easton.

9:15 P. M.—Way Train for Somerville.

12 P. M.—For Plainfield.

For Elizabeth at 5:15, 6, 6:15, 6:40, 7, 7:30, 8, 8:45, 9, 9:40, 10:30, 11:15 A. M.; 12 M.; 12:40, 1, 1:30, 2, 2:30, 3, 3:30, 3:45, 4, 4:15, 4:30, 4:45, 5, 5:15, 5:30, 5:45, 6, 6:10, 6:30, 7, 7:30, 8:15, 9:15, 10:30, 11:15, 12 P. M.

R. E. RICKER, Superintendent and Engineer.
H. P. BALDWIN, General Passenger Agent.

ERIE RAILWAY.

Summer Arrangement of through trains August, 1874. From Chambers Street Depot. (For 23d St. see note below.)

9:00 A. M., daily, except Sundays, Cincinnati and Chicago Day Express. Drawing-room coaches to Buffalo and sleeping coaches to Cincinnati and Detroit.

10:45 A. M., daily, except Sundays, Express Mail for Buffalo and Niagara Falls. Sleeping coach to Buffalo.

7:00 P. M., daily, Pacific Express to the West. Sleeping coaches through to Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Cincinnati, Detroit, Chicago and St. Louis, without change.

7:00 P. M., except Sundays, Emigrant train to the West.

Above trains leave Twenty-third Street Ferry at 8:45 and 10:15 A. M., and 6:45 P. M.

For local trains, see time-tables and cards in hotels and depots.

JNO. N. ABBOTT, General Passenger Agent.

NEW-YORK CENTRAL AND HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—After Sept. 19, 1874, trains will leave Grand Central Depot:

8:00 A. M., Chicago and Northern Express, with drawing-room cars through to Rochester and St. Albans.

10:00 A. M., special Chicago Express, with drawing-room cars to Rochester, Buffalo, and Niagara Falls.

10:45 A. M., Northern and Western Express.

3:40 P. M., special Albany and Troy Express.

4:00 P. M., Montreal Express, with sleeping cars from New-York to St. Albans.

6:00 P. M., Express, daily, with sleeping cars for Watertown and Canandaigua.

8:00 P. M., Pacific Express, daily, with sleeping cars for Rochester, Buffalo, and Niagara Falls; also for Chicago, via both L. S. and M. C. Railroads.

11:00 P. M., Express, with sleeping cars for Troy and Albany. Way trains as per Local Time Table.

C. H. KENDRICK, General Passenger Agent.

NEW-YORK, NEW-HAVEN AND HARTFORD RAILROAD.

After May 18, 1874, trains leave Grand Central Depot (42d st.) for New-Canaan Railroad at 8:05 A. M., 1, 4:38, and 5:40 P. M.; Danbury and Norwalk Railroad at 8:05 A. M., 3:15 and 4:38 P. M.; Naugatuck Railroad at 8:05 A. M. and 3 P. M.; Housatonic Railroad at 8:05 A. M. and 3 P. M.; New-Haven and Northampton Railroad at 8:05 A. M. and 3 P. M.; For Newport at 8:05 A. M. and 1 P. M.; Boston and Albany Railroad at 8:05 and 10 A. M., 3 and 8:10 P. M. (7 P. M. on Sunday;) Boston (via Shore Line) at 1 and 9:10 P. M, (9:10 P. M. on Sundays.)

Way trains as per local time tables.

J. T. MOODY, Superintendent New-York Division.
E. M. REED, General Superintendent, New-Haven.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

$800 WILL BUY THE POULTRY, GAME, fruit, and vegetable stand, No. 32 Tompkins market; a rare chance to make money during the holidays. Call at 12 o'clock.

A PHYSICIAN OF EIGHT YEARS' PRIVATE practice, who has held during six years of this time an important medical appointment under the Government, desires to associate himself with a reputable regular practitioner in this City or vicinity; will give highest City reference. Address Medicus, care Box No. 672 New-York City.

PANORAMA FOR SALE FOR ONE-QUARTER its cost, owing to the death of the owner, representing Life of Christ, and a powerful sermon in each painting: $15,000 per annum can be realized from its exhibition. Address THOMAS LANE, No. 267 Canal st.

AT PRIVATE SALE—ALL THIS WEEK AT Hager's store, 34th st. and 8th av., handsome household furniture in lots to suit; mirrors, paintings, carpets, &c., at a great sacrifice.

NEW AND SECOND-HAND APPLE AND CIDER barrels in quantities to suit the purchaser. For sale by A. F. BRIGGS, No. 64 Rutgers slip, New-York.

ICE-CREAM.

HORTON'S
ICE-CREAM,

Being made from pure Cream, is most popular and best. $1 50 per Gallon.
CHARLOTTE RUSSE and JELLIES, delicious and cheap. Families, boarding-houses, parties, churches, fairs, &c., promptly supplied.
Depots No. 305 4th av. and No. 1,264 Broadway.

STEAM-BOATS.

STONINGTON LINE
FOR NEWPORT AND BOSTON.

The new and magnificent steamer RHODE ISLAND, TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS, and SATURDAYS, and the elegant steamer STONINGTON, MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS, and FRIDAYS, from Pier No. 33 North River, foot of Jay st., at 5 P. M., arriving in Boston ahead of all other lines. Tickets for sale at all principal railroad offices, and state-rooms secured at the offices of Westcott Express Company, and at No. 319 Broadway.

R. A. DE VEAU, Freight Agent. L. W. FILKINS, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
D. S. BABCOCK, President.

SEA BIRD,
for Red Bank and intermediate stations. Pier No. 35 North River, foot of Franklin st.

LEAVE NEW-YORK.	LEAVE RED BANK.
Thurs., Oct. 22...2:00 P. M.	Friday, Oct. 23...6:30 A. M.
Friday, 23d.......2:30 P. M.	Saturday, 24th...7:00 A. M.
Saturday, 24th...2:30 P. M.	Monday, 26th....7:00 A. M.
Monday, 26th....3:00 P. M.	Tuesday, 27th....7:30 A. M.
Wednes., 28th..10:00 A. M.	Thursday, 29th..8:00 A. M.

ALBANY AND TROY DAY LINE STEAMER ARMENIA will leave New-York Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, from Vestry st. at 8:30 A. M., and 24th st. at 8:45 A. M.

Returning, leaves Albany Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays at 8:30 A. M., landing at Yonkers, Tarrytown, and Nyack, (by ferry-boat) West Point, Cornwall, Newburg, Poughkeepsie, Rhinebeck, Catskill, and Hudson.

Trip tickets to West Point, Cornwall, and Newburg, returning the following day, $1.

FOR YONKER'S DAILY, (INCLUDING SUNDAYS,) STEAMER "SAPPHO" leaves Pier No. 26 North River, foot of Barclay st., at 10:30 A. M. and 4:15 P. M., landing at 24th st., MANHATTANVILLE, CARMANSVILLE, and FORT WASHINGTON.

FOR RONDOUT AND KINGSTON, LANDING at Cozzens', Cornwall, Newburg, Marlborough, Milton, Highlands, (New Paltz,) Esopus.—The steam-boat THOMAS CORNELL leaves Harrison st., Pier No. 34 North River, every TUESDAY, THURSDAY, and SATURDAY at 4 P. M.

ASTORIA, HARLEM, MORRISANIA, AND HIGH BRIDGE.—New palace steam-boats leave Fulton Ferry Pier at 6:55, 7:45, 8:15, 9, 9:45, 10:45, A. M.; 12 M.; 1:15, 3:15, 4, 4:25, 5:15, 6, 6:10 P. M. See time cards for landings. Sunday boats every hour.

FOR NORWALK AND DANBURY.—THE favorite steamer NELLY WHITE leaves daily foot of Market st., East River, at 2:45, and 33d st. at 3 P. M., connecting with the Danbury Railroad. Fare reduced to 60 cents; excursion tickets, $1.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD, AND THE NORTH.—Steamers leave Peck slip for New-Haven at 3 and 11 P. M., connecting with road.

FOR BRIDGEPORT AND ALL POINTS ON Housatonic and Naugatuck Railroad.—Fare, $1. Steamers leave Catharine-slip at 11:30 A. M.

FINANCIAL.

VERMILYE
& CO.
BANKERS,
16 and 18 Nassau st., New-York.

DEALERS IN ALL ISSUES OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
FIRST-CLASS RAILROAD AND MUNICIPAL BONDS ALWAYS ON HAND FOR INVESTMENT.
BUY AND SELL ON COMMISSION
RAILWAY STOCKS, BONDS, AND GOLD.
INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.

WASH'N R. VERMILYE, DONALD MACKAY
JAS. A. TROWBRIDGE, LATHAM A. FISH

FIRST-CLASS WESTERN
CITY AND COUNTY BONDS
FOR SALE BY
GEORGE OPDYKE & CO.,
No. 25 Nassau st.

CITY OF RAHWAY, N. J.,
SEVEN PER CENT. BONDS.
Interest payable at the Chatham National Bank, where the bonds are for sale.

REAL ESTATE FIRST MORTGAGES,
(SEVEN PER CENT.,)

With payment guaranteed by the Equitable Trust Company of Semi-annual Interest and Principal in New-York City. For sale at the office of the Company, No. 52 William st. JONATHAN EDWARDS, President.

INTEREST NOTICE.

SOUTH SIDE RAILROAD OF LONG ISLAND.—The Southern Railroad Company of Long Island, purchasers under the foreclosure of the South Side Railroad, hereby give notice:

That on and after Oct. 20, 1874, the Coupons of the First Mortgage Bonds, that became due and payable at the Atlantic National Bank, Brooklyn, Sept. 1, 1874, will be paid on presentation at the Ninth National Bank of the City of New-York.

That on and after Oct. 20, 1874, the Coupons of the First Mortgage Sinking Fund Bonds of the same railroad, that became due and payable at the same place May 1, 1874, will also be paid on presentation at the Ninth National Bank of the City of New-York.

Notice is also given that on and after Nov. 1, 1874, the Coupons of the First Mortgage Sinking Fund Bonds of the South Side Railroad that became due on that day, will be paid on presentation at the Ninth National Bank of the City of New-York.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, CITY HALL,
BROOKLYN, Oct. 13, 1874.

SEALED PROPOSALS INDORSED AS SUCH, will be received at this department until Saturday, 24th inst., at 12 o'clock M., for the whole or any part of the following Seven per Cent. Brooklyn City Loans:
$300,000 Assessment and Sewerage Bonds, due three years from date, registered.
100,000 Improvement Bonds, due in 1884, coupon or registered.
100,000 Permanent Water Loan Bonds, due in 1904 and 1910, coupon or registered.
Proposals must state the price offered in addition to accrued interest from July 1.
The right is reserved to reject any bids not considered to the interest of the City.
F. A. SCHROEDER, Controller.

ST. JOSEPH AND DENVER CITY RAILROAD, Northern Pacific and other defaulted Railroad bonds bought by the old established house of
ALBERT H. NICOLAY & CO.,
Stock Brokers and Auctioneers,
No. 43 Pine st., New-York.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 59 WALL ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL and TRAVELERS' CREDITS AVAILABLE in all PARTS of the WORLD.

FIVE FIRST MORTGAGES, $7,000 EACH, DUE May, 1877, on five first-class tenements in Brooklyn. Will sell for $6,000 each, if immediate. Those having cash for profitable investment address SECURITAS, Box No. 160, *Times* office.

FIRE INSURANCE STOCKS
Bought and sold by
E. S. BAILEY, No. 65 Wall st.

FIRE INSURANCE STOCKS BOUGHT AND sold by WM. C. GILMAN, No. 46 Pine st.

DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE OF UNITED STATES EXPRESS COMPANY,
No. 82 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Oct. 20, 1874.

THE DIRECTORS OF THIS COMPANY have declared a quarterly dividend of TWO (2) DOLLARS per share, payable at the office of Wells Fargo & Co., No. 65 Broadway, New-York, on and after Nov. 2 prox.

The transfer-books will close (at the Union Trust Company of New-York) at 2 o'clock P. M., on SATURDAY, 24th inst., and reopen on WEDNESDAY, Nov. 4.
GEORGE G. FARNHAM, Treasurer.

MECHANICS' AND TRADERS' BANK,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 19, 1874.

A DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT. ON the capital stock of this bank has been declared, payable, free of Government tax, on and after the 2d day of November next. The transfer-books will be closed from 20th inst. GEORGE W. YOULE, Cashier.

DENVER AND RIO GRANDE RAILWAY COMPANY.—The interest coupons of the Seven per Cent. Gold Mortgage Bonds of the Denver and Rio Grande Railway Company maturing Nov. 1, 1874, will be paid on and after that date on presentation to
DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.,
No. 11 Nassau st., New-York.

THE NOVEMBER COUPONS OF THE REAL estate Mortgage Bonds negotiated and guaranteed by the Equitable Trust Company will be paid on and after the 2d day of November next, at the New-York office of the Company, No. 52 William st.
JONATHAN EDWARDS, President.

COUPONS DUE NOV. 1 FROM SECOND MORTgage bonds of St. Louis and Iron Mountain Railroad Company will be paid in gold on and after Nov. 2 at the agency of the St. Louis, Iron Mountain and Southern Railway Company, No. 120 Broadway.
D. W. McWILLIAMS, Treasurer.

CENTRAL COLORADO IMPROVEMENT Company.—The interest coupons of the six per cent. gold mortgage bonds of the Central Colorado Improvement Company, maturing Nov. 1, 1874, will be paid on and after that date on presentation to
DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.,
No. 11 Nassau st., New-York.

PACIFIC BANK, NEW-YORK, Oct. 20, 1874.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE THIS day declared a Quarterly Dividend of Three per Cent., payable on and after the 2d day of November.
R. BUCK, Cashier.

FURNITURE.

T. G. SELLEW,
DESKS,
OFFICE AND LIBRARY FURNITURE,
No. 103 Fulton st.,
NEW-YORK.
BANKS AND OFFICES FITTED UP.
Fine Cylinder Desks.

WEEKLY OR MONTHLY PAYMENTS for FURNITURE, CARPETS, and BEDDING, at B. M. COWPERTHWAITE & CO.'S, Nos. 155 and 157 Chatham st. An immense stock and low prices.

MISFIT CARPETS.—GOOD SECOND-HAND AND misfit carpets a specialty; all sizes, rich patterns, very cheap. 112 Fulton st., near Nassau, side entrance.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

ADVERTISEMENTS ARE RECEIVED FOR THE NEW-YORK TIMES
At the Times Up-Town Office,
No. 54½ West 32d st., junction Broadway and 6th av.,
And the Times West-Side Office,
No. 308 West 23d st., corner of 8th av.
NO EXTRA CHARGE WHATEVER.

THE LONDON HARNESS AGENCY.
No. 20 East 14th st.,
between 5th av. and University place.
London-made harness, of finest quality,
Saddles, bridles, horse clothing.
English prints of coaching, hunting, racing, &c.

HARNESS AND HORSE-BLANKETS—Largest Stock in this City.—Truck blankets, all sizes and weights; square plaid blankets for road horses; trimmed blankets from $1 70 to $50 each. We make to order fine kersey suits for trotters, with name of horse, &c. Our stock of harness is complete, warranted hand-made. A good article at the lowest possible price. E. BARTLETT,
No. 62 Warren st., corner of College place.

HORSE BLANKETS, suitable for Stable and Street uses. Also, DRESS BLANKETS, Carriage Robes, and Wagon Blankets; CLARK'S HORSE CLIPPERS, and of other celebrated manufacturers, at HARMER, HAYS & CO.
N. B. No. 72 Beekman st.
SADDLERS' GOODS, of all kinds, in full stock.

FOR SALE—A PAIR OF BLACK HORSES, 15.2 hands high; light build; gentleman's road team; stylish, kind, and true; will be sold at a sacrifice; price, $450. Apply at JAMES MOTT'S stables, No. 121 West 23d st.

FIRST-CLASS BOARD, IN GOOD WARM stables, can be furnished for six or eight horses for the Winter, at Southold, Long Island, for $12 per month. For further particulars apply to HENRY WILLIAMS, No. 51 Whitehall st., New-York.

FOR SALE—A SHIFTING-TOP PHAETON, A three-quarter clarence, and a top-wagon, with shaft and pole, at private stable, No. 18 East 39th st.; the stable to let.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

ADVERTISEMENTS ARE RECEIVED FOR THE NEW-YORK TIMES
At the Times Up-Town Office,
No. 54½ West 32d st., junction Broadway and 6th av.,
And the Times West-Side Office,
No. 308 West 23d st., corner of 8th av.
NO EXTRA CHARGE WHATEVER.

A PRIVATE FAMILY OF THE FIRST respectability, residing in 30th st., east of Madison av., will rent a large, handsomely-furnished room, (all modern improvements,) with or without breakfast, to a gentleman and wife or single gentleman; references exchanged. Address, with name, J. L. T., Box No. 141 Times Office.

RICHLY-FURNISHED ROOMS, SINGLE AND in suites, at the Grand Union Hotel, (Park,) 4th av. and 41st st. Dining-room supplied with the best the markets can furnish. Prices moderate.
G. F. & W. D. GARRISON, Managers.

NO. 684 LEXINGTON AV., BETWEEN 56TH and 57th sts.—A lady desires to let, with or without board, a few charming rooms, furnished or unfurnished, to gentlemen only; family consists of self, son, and daughter; the rooms are beautiful, in perfect order.

ON COLUMBIA HEIGHTS.—A LADY OCCUpying her own house, will let with board, desirable sunny rooms to gentleman and wife, or single gentlemen desiring the comforts of a home. Address BOARD, Box No. 5,651, New-York Post Office.

NO. 41 WEST 36TH ST.—ONE SUIT, CONsisting of four handsome rooms; hot and cold water, and ample closet room; with or without private table; also one front room, third floor. References exchanged.

BOARDERS WANTED.—$25; THIRD FLOOR, sunny front room, to gentleman and wife, with first-class board; handsome back parlor; hot and cold water; references. No. 39 West 33d st., between 5th av. and Broadway.

NO. 11 EAST 22D ST.—HANDSOME THIRD floor, well-furnished, with southern exposure, to rent en suite or separately; also, double and single rooms, suitable for gentlemen, on the fourth floor; references exchanged.

NO. 30 GREAT JONES ST., NEAR GRAND Central Hotel.—Handsomely-furnished rooms, single or en suite; house and table first class; a very desirable location for business men; terms moderate; references.

PARTIES DESIRING ROOMS, WITH OR without board, private table if desired, can obtain full particulars, location, price, &c., free. Apply to COLES & HUBBARD, agents, No. 64 West 33d st.

NO. 6 WEST 43D ST.—THREE PLEASANT rooms, where there are few boarders, together or singly, with excellent board to desirable parties; references; prices satisfactory.

TWENTY-THIRD ST., NO. 161.—AN ELEGANT second floor, with or without private table. Large front room and handsome reception room for gentlemen. Unexceptionable table. References.

NO. 14 EAST 28TH ST., BETWEEN 5TH AND Madison avs., elegantly-furnished parlor and bedrooms on first floor; also on second and third; every convenience; without board.

A LARGE WELL-FURNISHED ROOM, WITH an extension, on second floor, bath-room adjoining, to let to a gentleman, without meals; reference required. Inquire at No. 263 4th av., near 21st st.

NO. 24 EAST 47TH ST.—ELEGANT ROOMS, en suite or singly, with first-class board, near Windsor Hotel; every attention paid to permanent parties; references exchanged.

AN ELEGANT SUITE OF ROOMS, WITH OR without private table; appointments first-class; highest references given and required. Call at No. 141 West 44th st., between Broadway and 6th av.

NO. 45 WEST 29TH ST.—LARGE ROOM AND two smaller; nicely furnished; desirable location for gentlemen; few doors west of Broadway; family small and private.

ONE LARGE ROOM AND HALL ROOM, southern exposure, in first-class house, to gentlemen, where they may enjoy home comforts. No. 13 East 28th st.

NO. 3 WEST 30TH ST., FIRST HOUSE WEST of 5th av.—Magnificently-furnished apartments, en suite and single; table and appointments first class; references.

NO. 30 EAST 35TH ST.—HANDSOME PARLOR and bed-room on parlor floor, with or without private table; third story, five rooms, without private table; references.

NO. 35 EAST 22D ST.—TO LET WITH FIRST-class Board, handsome second-story Room; also two other pleasant Rooms; table boarders taken; references exchanged.

SEVENTEENTH ST., NO. 61, WEST.—HANDsomely furnished rooms, with every convenience and board of the first character, for parties who desire a refined home.

FIFTH AV., NO. 351.—PARLOR FLOOR HANDsomely furnished, with piano, private bath, and drying-room attached; with or without private table; terms moderate; small family.

NO. 36 EAST 21ST ST.—HANDSOMELY FURnished suite of rooms, liberal table, and comforts of a refined home; private table if desired; also one square room.

NO. 1,160 BROADWAY.—FOR RENT, SUITES of rooms, suitable for bachelors; heated by steam, with baths, &c. Also, basement, suited for carpet, shoe, or trunk business. Apply on premises.

FIFTH AV., NO. 295.—MRS. HALL WILL LET superior apartments en suite, with all modern conveniences, to select families, with private table only; references exchanged.

THIRTY-FOURTH ST., NO. 130 WEST, NEAR Broadway and 6th av.—Handsomely furnished suite of front rooms on second floor, with first-class board; references exchanged.

NO. 12 EAST 17TH ST., NEAR 5TH AV.—HANDsome suite of rooms on parlor floor, with private table if desired; also single rooms; references.

NO. 117 WEST 34TH ST.—AN ELEGANT SUITE of apartments, handsomely furnished, to let, with private table. References given and required.

FIFTH AV., NO. 297.—A DESIRABLE SUITE OF apartments, with private table, private bath, &c.; reference.

ELEGANT ROOMS, EN SUITE OR SINGLY, with or without board,
at No. 47 West 22d st.

NO. 250 MADISON AV.
One small suite of rooms,
with or without private table.

NO. 17 WAVERLY PLACE.—FURNISHED rooms for families and single gentlemen, with excellent board, at moderate rates.

NO. 11 WEST 30TH ST.—SUITE OF ROOMS on second floor to let, with board; references exchanged.

NO. 17 WEST 37TH ST.—A PLEASANT FURnished room, fourth floor, to let, with board, to gentlemen; best reference given and required.

NO. 71 IRVING PLACE.—HANDSOMELY furnished rooms to let, singly or en suite; carpets, furniture, bedding, &c., all new; terms moderate.

TO LET.—ELEGANTLY-FURNISHED FLOOR, ON 5th av., near 33d st., four light rooms, with private table. Apply to E. A. DAILEY, No. 588 6th av.

DESIRABLE FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET to gentlemen or gentleman and wife, without board, in a first-class house, No. 34 West 25th st.

NO. 42 EAST 21ST ST.
Suite of rooms to let with board; one room for a single gentleman.

TWO HANDSOMELY FURNISHED ROOMS to gentlemen, without board, at No. 18 East 47th st., (Windsor Hotel block;) breakfast if desired.

TO RENT, WITHOUT BOARD, A LARGE handsomely furnished room on third floor, (southern exposure.) No. 12 West 9th st.

FIFTH AV., NO. 341.—MRS. SEAVER, HAVING completed the renovation of her house, offers suites of apartments, with private table, or without board.

NO. 45 EAST 20TH ST.—ONE LARGE FRONT and hall room, connecting, second floor, (sunny side,) with board; all appointments of house first-class.

NO. 28 EAST 20TH ST.—A FINE LARGE FRONT room on second story to rent, with board, to a gentleman and wife or single gentlemen.

IN A PRIVATE FAMILY.—A SUITE OF FOUR rooms, with board; would let separately. No. 58 West 19th st. References.

A SECOND FLOOR, WITH PRIVATE TABLE; also, rooms for gentlemen without board; references. Apply at No. 38 East 20th st., near Broadway.

NO. 29 WEST 21ST ST.—AN ELEGANTLY-FURnished second floor together or separately; private table if required.

NO. 9 WEST 29TH ST.
Handsomely-furnished rooms,
with board; references.

NO. 347 5TH AV.—DESIRABLE ROOMS, WITH first-class table. Unexceptionable references given and required.

NO. 27 EAST 24TH ST.—A SMALL PRIVATE family would let a nicely furnished room; closets, &c.; with or without board; terms reasonable.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET, WITH BOARD, at No. 355 4th av.; references.

NO. 24 WEST 27TH ST.—ELEGANT SUITE of apartments; private table if required.

AMUSEMENTS.

DALY'S FIFTH AVENUE THEATRE.

MOORCROFT.

AN IMMENSE HIT!!!

RINGING LAUGHTER IN EVERY SCENE.

ELECTRICAL APPLAUSE
AT EVERY POINT.

STEINWAY HALL. THEO. THOMAS'
SYMPHONY CONCERTS and PUBLIC REHEARSALS.
In announcing the eighth season of
THEODORE THOMAS'
SERIES OF SIX
SYMPHONY CONCERTS,

the management takes pleasure in stating that in compliance with numerous requests made for several years past, Mr. Thomas has decided to give one full

PUBLIC AFTERNOON REHEARSAL

two days in advance of each concert. It is believed that this arrangement will not only meet the wishes of many lovers of art who are prevented by distance and other obstacles from attending the evening performances, but will add to the value and attractiveness of the concerts themselves in a manner which every amateur and student of music will at once appreciate.

THE FIRST SYMPHONY CONCERT WILL TAKE PLACE
SATURDAY EVENING, NOV. 7, AT 8 O'CLOCK.
THE FIRST PUBLIC REHEARSAL WILL TAKE PLACE
THURSDAY AFTERNOON, NOV. 5, AT 2:30 O'CLOCK.
PRICE OF SUBSCRIPTION TICKETS.

To Symphony Concerts, with Reserved Seat......$8 00
To Public Rehearsals, with Reserved Seat.......... 4 00

The sale of Subscription Tickets, with Reserved Seats for either the Symphony Concerts or Public Rehearsals, or for both, will commence on MONDAY MORNING, Oct. 26, at the Box Office of Steinway Hall.

SUBSCRIBERS,
desirous of having the same seats during the season, can select them at the Box Office of Steinway Hall, on and after Oct. 26. Circulars can be obtained at all the principal Music Stores and Piano Warerooms.

LYCEUM THEATRE. MISS NEILSON.
M. GRAU & CHIZZOLA..........Lessees and Managers.
Engagement for TWO WEEKS ONLY of the
Distinguished and popular artist
MISS NEILSON,
MISS NEILSON,
Who will appear
THIS (THURSDAY) EVENING, OCT. 22d,
In her great impersonation of
JULIET,
In Shakespeare's Grand Tragedy of
ROMEO AND JULIET.
ROMEO AND JULIET.
Juliet..........Miss NEILSON
Romeo..........Mr. J. H. BARNES

FRIDAY, SATURDAY, AND MONDAY EVENINGS,
Oct. 23, 24, and 26,
ROMEO AND JULIET.

MONDAY, NOV. 2, MISS EMILY SOLDENE.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY. RUY BLAS.
STRAKOSCH ITALIAN OPERA.
TO-NIGHT, (THURSDAY,) Oct. 22.
First production in Brooklyn of Marchetti's new opera,
RUY BLAS,
with new scenery from the Academy and the original magnificent cast, including
Signora POTENTINI, Miss CARY, Signors CARPI, DEL PUENTE, FIORINI, HALL, LOTTI.
Musical Director..........Signor E. MUZZIO
Admission, $2. Reserved Seats, $1 extra. Gallery, $1. For sale at Brooklyn Academy and 114 Broadway.

Y. M. C. A.
MEMBERS' LECTURE COURSE.
ASSOCIATION HALL.
The first lecture by President
M. B. ANDERSON,
of Rochester,
on "Transportation or Channels of Trade,"
FRIDAY EVENING, Oct. 23.
Course tickets for 13 lectures, $3.
Admission 50c. to single lecture.

SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS.
BIRCH, WAMBOLD, AND BACKUS,
NEW OPERA-HOUSE, BROADWAY, CORNER 29TH ST.,
"MARRIED LIFE UP-TOWN,"
AND AN ENTIRE NEW BILL THIS WEEK.
Matinée Saturday, at 2 P. M. Reserved Seats $1.

ROBINSON HALL,
16th st., between Broadway and 5th av.
KALI-DAGYNAI;
Or, Mysteries of Ancient Mythology.
THE CAN-CAN AND FEMALE MINSTRELS.

BOWERY THEATRE.
Second week and continued success of the
WARM SPRING INDIANS,
KIT CARSON,
BROKEN SWORD.

MR. TRENOR'S
FRIDAY EVENING
RECEPTIONS DANSANTE.

J. FRANK AUSTEN WILL GIVE A GRAND CONcert at Plymouth Baptist Church, 51st st., west of 9th av., to-night, assisted by Miss Carrie C. Austen, Miss Madeline Jerolimán and the favorite Elocutionist, Miss Cecelia E. Whelen, and others; tickets, 50 cents.

DANCING.

A. DODWORTH'S
PRIVATE CLASSES FOR DANCING,
No. 212 5th av., corner 26th st.

Open for the season. Morning and afternoon classes for ladies and children; evening classes for gentlemen. Send for a circular.

MR. DE GARMO,
TEACHER OF DANCING,
NO. 82 5TH AV.,
CORNER 14TH ST.

MR. AND MRS. HLASKO'S
Select classes in dancing. No. 1,464 Broadway. Commencing Saturday, Oct. 31. Send for circular.

MR. TRENOR'S ACADEMY OF DANCING,
Lyric Hall, 6th av., Reservoir square.
Friday evening receptions. Send for a circular.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of MOSES ROTHSCHILD, ISAAC KAUFFER, and REGINA BERNHEIMER, bankrupts.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court, by Moses Rothschild in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts, and other claims, provable under said act, and that the 23d day of November, 1874, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the office of Mr. Edgar Ketchum, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 129 Fulton street, in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the twentieth day of October, 1874. GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.
o22-1aw3wTh*

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of FRANCIS O'HAGAN, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—A warrant in bankruptcy has been issued by said court against the estate of Francis O'Hagan, of the County of New-York of the State of New-York, in said district, adjudged a bankrupt upon the petition of his creditors, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt, to him or to his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law. A meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts and choose one or more Assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy to be holden at No. 7 Beekman street, in the City of New-York, in said district, on the 4th day of November, A. D. 1874, at 1 o'clock P. M., at the office of James F. Dwight, Esq., one of the Registers in Bankruptcy of said court.
OLIVER FISKE, Marshal, Messenger.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON THE 19th day of October, A. D. 1874, a Warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of JOHN DE WILDE, of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 129 Fulton street, in the City of New-York, before Edgar Ketchum, Esq., Register, on the 2d day of November, A. D. 1874, at 12 o'clock M.
OLIVER FISKE,
U. S. Marshal, as Messenger, Southern District of New-York.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON THE 14th day of October, A. D. 1874, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of AUGUST BERGSTEIN and FREDERICK W. BERGSTEIN, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, who have been adjudged bankrupts on their own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupts, to them or either of them, or for their use or for the use of either of them, and the transfer of any property by them or either of them, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupts, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of their estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 345 Broadway, in the City of New-York, before John Fitch, Register, on the 13th day of November, A. D. 1874, at 2 o'clock P. M.
OLIVER FISKE,
U. S. Marshal, as Messenger, Southern District of New-York.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON THE 16th day of October, A. D. 1874, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of EDWARD HARRIS, of New-York City, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 7 Beekman street, Room 3, in the City of New-York, before Mr. James F. Dwight, Register, on the 4th day of November, A. D. 1874, at 1 o'clock P. M.
OLIVER FISKE,
U. S. Marshal, as Messenger, Southern District of New-York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JOSEPH MOONEY and ISAAC MOONEY, bankrupts.—In Bankruptcy.—Southern District of New-York, ss. At the City of New-York, the second day of October, 1874.—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate and effects of Joseph Mooney and Isaac Mooney, of the City of New-York, in the said district, who were, on the seventh day of August, A. D. 1874, adjudged bankrupts upon the petition of their creditors by the District Court of the United States for the said Southern District of New-York.
*o8-1aw3wTh JAMES T. LEAVITT, Assignee.

AMUSEMENTS.

UNION SQUARE THEATRE.
Proprietor..........Mr. SHERIDAN SHOOK
Manager..........Mr. A. M. PALMER
Begins at 8; over at 11.

FIFTH AND LAST WEEK
Of Octave Feuillet's and G. F. Rowe's wonderful play,
THE
SPHINX.

Notwithstanding the
IMMENSE AUDIENCES
nightly attracted to witness the performances of this
MARVELOUS PLAY,
the management are now compelled to withdraw it, in order to fulfill a design long since formed for the revival of a STANDARD ENGLISH PLAY before the close of Miss Clara Morris' present engagement. They have, therefore, placed in rehearsal and will produce with an immensely-powerful cast, and with all the sumptuous elegance for which this theatre is distinguished, on MONDAY EVENING, Oct. 26, Sheridan Knowles' beautiful play of

THE HUNCHBACK.

Characters by Miss CLARA MORRIS, (her first appearance as Julia,) Miss KATE CLAXTON, (her first appearance as Helen, and first appearance this season,) Mr. CHARLES R. THORNE, Jr., (his first appearance this season,) Mr. FREDERIC ROBINSON, Mr. STUART ROBSON, (his first appearance this season,) Mr. OWEN MARLOWE, Mr. T. E. MORRIS, Mr. Mr. H. IRVING, JOHN MATHEWS, Mr. W. H. WILDER, and others.
SATURDAY, OCT. 24, LAST MATINEE OF THE SPHINX.
Box-sheet for HUNCHBACK nights now open.

FRONT BOXES AND CHOICE RESERVED SEATS FOR THE OPERA IN PARQUETTE AND FRONT BALCONY; ALSO, THE BEST SEATS FOR ALL THEATRES, CAN BE SECURED SIX DAYS IN ADVANCE AT TYSON'S NEW THEATRE TICKET OFFICE, WINDSOR HOTEL.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. Mlle. ALBANI.
STRAKOSCH ITALIAN OPERA.
FRIDAY, Oct. 23, Twelfth Subscription Night.
Second appearance of the illustrious young American Prima Donna,

MLLE. EMMA ALBANI,

whose début at the Academy last evening created the most extraordinary furor ever witnessed here in Opera.
TO-MORROW EVENING (FRIDAY,) at 8, first representation this season of Donizetti's Opera,
LUCIA DI LAMMERMOOR.
Mlle. EMMA ALBANI..........as..........Lucia
Signor CARLO CARPI..........as..........Edgardo
Signor DEL PUENTE..........as..........Ashton
Signor SCOLARA..........as..........Raimondo
Miss COONEY, Signori LOTTI, MARINI.
Powerful Chorus and Grand Orchestra.
Musical Director and Conductor..........Signor E. MUZIO
, TO-NIGHT (Thursday,) Oct. 22, Brooklyn Academy, RUY BLAS.*,*
SATURDAY, Oct. 24, Fourth Grand Matinée, RUY BLAS.
MONDAY, Oct. 26, Mlle. HEILBRON for the first time in IL TROVATORE.
Boxes and seats secured at the Academy of Music; Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway, and No. 114 Broadway.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. TO-NIGHT.
THIS EVENING, AT 8 O'CLOCK,
BAYARD TAYLOR,
WILL DELIVER HIS NEW LECTURE ON
ANCIENT EGYPT.
Admission, 75 cents; with seat, $1.
For sale at the Academy of Music, Steinway Hall, Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway; ticket-office, No. 114 Broadway; Mitchell & Seixas, No. 908 Broadway, and at the hotels.

THE DIAGRAMS OF ALL THE THEATRES in New-York. The last new book, entitled
THE DIAGRAMS OF THE THEATRES OF NEW-YORK.
Containing CLEAR and ELEGANT PLANS of EVERY PLACE OF AMUSEMENT in the City, WITH EACH SEAT NUMBERED, &c. Also the running time of all CARS, STAGES, and FERRIES, DAY and NIGHT, WHERE THEY START AND WHERE THEY TERMINATE. INDORSED BY THE LEADING NEWSPAPERS IN NEW-YORK. A POCKET EDITION.
Published and for sale by
STARR MORRISSEY,
Theatre Ticket Office, Decker Bros., No. 33 Union square.
PRICE, 25 CENTS.

COLOSSEUM. BROADWAY AND 35TH ST.
TWO EXHIBITIONS DAILY AT 2:30 AND 8 P. M.
PROF. O'REARDON'S — TUMBLERONICON. | The Great Cyclorama. MIDNIGHT STORM over PARIS. New attractions in the LECTORIUM. | MRS. JARLEY'S WAX WORKS.
POPULAR PRICES OF ADMISSION.
Every matinée (excepting Saturday,) 50c.; children, 25c.
Every evening and Saturday matinée, 75c.; children, 40c.

WOOD'S MUSEUM. WOOD'S
THIS
Evening at 8: LUCILLE WESTERN. EAST LYNNE. | Afternoon at 2: JENNIE MORTON in MAB.

BRYANT'S OPERA HOUSE, 23D ST.
EVERY EVENING at 8, SATURDAY MATINEE at 2.
The world famous BRYANT'S MINSTRELS,
Dave Reed, Nelse Seymour, Bob Hart, W. H. Brockway, Hogan, Emerson, DAN BRYANT, W. Henry Rice.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBERT C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against FLOYD SMITH, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his office, No 18 Vesey st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 27th day of April next. Dated, New-York, the 20th day of October, 1874.
GRANVILLE A. MENDON, Executor.
o22-1aw6mTh*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against John F. Butterworth, late of the City of New-York, deceased to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, at No. 43 Wall st., in the City of New-York, on or before the fifteenth day of March next. Dated New-York, the eighth day of September, 1874.
AUGUSTA J. SMITH, Administratrix.
WILLIAM JAY, Administrator
s10-1aw6mT Of John F. Butterworth, deceased.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBERT C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JOHN ARMSTRONG, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at the office of William Armstrong, No. 19 Ferry street, in the City of New-York, on or before the ninth day of January next.—Dated New-York, the eighth day of July, 1874.
WILLIAM ARMSTRONG, } Executors.
CHARLES H. ISHAM, }
jy9-1aw6mTh*.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBERT C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ANNIE JUDSON CARVALLO, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his office, No. 83 Pine street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 20th day of April next.—Dated, New-York, the 14th day of October, 1874. WALTON W. EVANS,
o15-1aw6m-Th* Administrator, &c.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBERT C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against GARDINER SPRING, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at the office of Shepherd Knapp, at the Mechanics' National Bank, No. 33 Wall st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 4th day of November next.—Dated, New-York, the 28th day of April, 1874.
ap30-1aw6mTh* SHEPHERD KNAPP, } Executors.
THOMAS PAYTON, }

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBERT C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JOHN WESTERFIELD, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their office, No. 474 Sixth avenue, in the City of New-York, on or before the 16th day of January, 1875, next.—Dated New-York, the 15th day of July, 1874.
jy16-1aw6mTh* JAS. W. WESTERFIELD, } Executors.
JOHN BARBERIE, }

AUCTION SALES.

F. COLTON, Auctioneer.

ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, ROSEWOOD PIANO, AXMINSTER, MOQUETTE AND VELVET CARPETS, PAINTINGS, BRONZES, &c., &c.
ON THIS DAY, (Thursday,) Oct. 22,
At the private residence No. 5 East 46th st., adjoining the Windsor Hotel, and near 5th av., commencing at 11 o'clock, embracing very choice brocatel and damask-covered rosewood parlor furniture, rich and elegant marquetry bedroom suits, large French-plate mantel and pier mirrors, bronze and gilt chandeliers, seven-octave rosewood piano-forte, dining-room, bedroom, and basement goods, &c., &c.
Catalogues with full details on Wednesday afternoon, at the auction rooms, No. 53 East 13th st., near Broadway, and at the house early on Thursday morning.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of the CROTON FALLS MANUFACTURING COMPANY, bankrupt.—The undersigned hereby gives notice that he will sell at public auction all the machinery, tools, shafting, pullies, &c., and all other personal property belonging to the estate of said bankrupt, at the Exchange Salesrooms, No. 111 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on the 5th day of November, 1874, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon. Catalogues of the property can be seen at the offices of Walsh, Halbert & Eckerson, No. 99 Nassau street, New-York City, until the day of sale, when they can be had at the sales-rooms. BISSELL & CO., Auctioneers.
By order of the court.
WILLIAM J. HOYT, Assignee.
Dated New-York, Oct. 13, 1874.
N. B.—The machinery and tools, consisting of lathes, planer, drills, with other specialties for the manufacture of augers, with a large lot of shafting, pulleys, gearing, &c., can be seen at the factory, at Croton Falls, Westchester County, N. Y. (Harlem Railroad.)
o15-1aw3wTh*

A. MERWIN, Auctioneer.

BY BANGS, MERWIN & CO., NO. 656 BROADWAY.—FRIDAY, at 4 P. M., Sale of Law Books, including the Library of the late T. G. T. Beckley, of this City.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

The Police Department will sell at auction, Oct. 23, 1874, one scow lying at the foot of 96th st., East River. For particulars see the City Record. Copies for sale at No. 2 City Hall.

AMUSEMENTS.

WALLACK'S.
Proprietor and Manager..........Mr. LESTER WALLACK.
BRILLIANT SUCCESS OF
Mr. Lester Wallack's and Mr. Pierrepont Edwards' adaptation from Octave Feuillet's great drama,
THE ROMANCE OF A POOR YOUNG MAN,
which will be presented with its new and appropriate scenery, costumes and appointments, THIS and EVERY EVENING, and
SATURDAY MATINEE,
until further notice.
Characters by Mr. H. J. MONTAGUE, Mr. JOHN GILBERT, Mr. J. B. POLK, Mr. J. W. CARROLL, Mr. E. M. HOLLAND, Mr. G. F. BROWNE, Mr. C. E. EDWIN, Miss ADA DYAS, Mme. PONISI, Miss EFFIE GERMON, Miss IONE BURKE, Mrs. JOHN SEFTON, and Miss MABEL LEONARD.

Due notice will be given of the first appearance of
Mr. DION BOUCICAULT
in his
NEW IRISH DRAMA,
which is now in active preparation.

AMERICAN INSTITUTE,
2d and 3d avs., between 63d and 64th sts., New-York.
UNPRECEDENTED SUCCESS.
AFTERNOON AND EVENING.
Grand Concerts by Full Orchestra.
A combination of
INSTRUCTION and AMUSEMENT.
Hundreds of
WONDERFUL MACHINES AT WORK.
The Grandest Display of America's Industrial Skill ever brought together.

ADMISSION ONLY 50 CENTS. CHILDREN HALF PRICE.
OPEN FROM 9 A. M. UNTIL 10 P. M.

Owing to the rush of enormous crowds after 7 P. M., the managers suggest that those who desire to make critical examinations should visit the exhibition between the hours of 10 and 12 and 2 and 5, during which hours the vast machinery is in full motion.

BOOTH'S THEATRE.
FAREWELL APPEARANCES ON THE DRAMATIC STAGE
of the eminent Tragedienne,
MISS CHARLOTTE CUSHMAN.
The Grand Tragedy of
HENRY VIII.
Miss CHARLOTTE CUSHMAN as QUEEN KATHARINE, with the support of the distinguished Scholar and Actor,
MR. GEORGE VANDENHOFF,
(who will appear as "Cardinal Wolsey") and a complete Shakespearean organization.
, In preparation for early production, MACBETH, and GUY MANNERING, when will be afforded the additional aid of a magnificent CHORUS OF OVER 100 MIXED VOICES. MACBETH will be given on NEXT SATURDAY EVENING.
*,*Seats can always be secured in advance.

MACCABE.—STEINWAY HALL. MACCABE.
Every evening at 8. Matinée every Saturday at 2.
FREDERIC MACCABE
in his original entertainment,
BEGONE DULL CARE.
The daily and weekly press of New-York have unanimously pronounced this to be the
GREATEST SUCCESS
ever achieved by a Monologue performer.

THE HERALD OF OCT. 15 SAYS: "THE performer made a decidedly favorable impression. Pressure on our space compels us to postpone our critical notice of it." N. B.—The critical notice has not yet appeared.

THE TRIBUNE OF OCT. 15, SPEAKING OF Mr. MACCABE, says: "A sensitive, refined, and gentle person. He does with native sweetness and spontaneous grace what many others have done coarsely and clumsily. * * * In copying life he COPIED NONE OF ITS VULGARITIES!"

THE EVENING POST OF OCT. 15 SAYS: "MR. MACCABE never repeats himself, but in the character of the itinerant street singer his individuality disappeared entirely. It was a genuine dramatic assumption of real merit."

MACCABE.—A HUMOROUS SENSATION.
In his sparkling Monologue,
BEGONE DULL CARE,
a Vocal, Ventriloquial, Musical, and Sartorial Melange, in which he will display his marvelous power of Changing the Voice, Figure, and Face, with rapid changes of Picturesque Costume, new and original Songs and appropriate music and appointments.
Admission, 50 cents; Reserved Seats, 50 cents extra. Reserved Seats can be obtained at Steinway Hall; Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway; No. 114 Broadway; Schuberth's, No. 23 Union square, and at all the principal hotels.

OLYMPIC. NO. 624 BROADWAY.
VAUDEVILLE | VARIETIES OF | AMERICA.
IMMENSE BILL.
GENEVIEVE
GUS WILLIAMS, Rickey and Barney, Alice Harrison, Bath of the Innocents, Deardons, Velocipedists; Billons, Ballet, and 100 artists in song, dance, and farce.
The crême de la crême of specialty, novelty, and variety.
Every EVENING at 7:45, and WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY MATINEES at 2 o'clock.
DE BRAGANZA.

ACADEMY. 14TH ST. MATINEE.
RUY BLAS, STRAKOSCH ITALIAN OPERA.
SATURDAY, Oct. 24, FOURTH GRAND MATINEE, at 1:30; doors open at 12:30.
Only Matinée representation of the brilliantly successful new Opera, by Marchetti,
RUY BLAS.
Characters by Signora Potentini, Miss A. L. Cary, Signori Carpi, Del Puente, Fiorini, Hall, Lotti, Capra, and Marini. Powerful Chorus and Grand Orchestra.
Director..........Signor E. MUZIO
General admission, $2; reserved seats, $1 extra. For sale at the Academy: at No. 944 Broadway; Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway, and No. 114 Broadway.

PARK THEATRE.
SIXTH WEEK
of the
GREAT SUCCESS OF
JOHN T. RAYMOND.......as.......Col. Mulberry Sellers
in
MARK TWAIN'S AMERICAN DRAMA,
THE THEATRICAL TOPIC,
THERE'S MILLIONS IN IT.
Seats secured ten days in advance.
Order carriages at 10:30.
MATINEE SATURDAY AT 2 P. M.

PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY.
On and after TUESDAY, 20th inst., at 9 A. M., season tickets and reserved seats for six concerts and eighteen rehearsals will be sold at Messrs. G. Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway; C. Heuser's, No. 841 Broadway; Martens Bros'., No. 1,164 Broadway; W. A. Pond's, No. 39 Union square, and at the office of the Secretary, No. 302 5th st.
The boxes will be sold at the Academy on THURSDAY, 22d inst., at 3 P. M., by A. H. Muller, Esq., auctioneer. Entrance on 14th st. D. SCHAAD, Secretary.

NIBLO'S. C. R. THORNE, Lessee and Manager.
Reconstruction of the
DELUGE; or, PARADISE LOST.
Betty Rennelsberg, Julia Seaman, Bolssett Family, Kiralfy Sisters, Lilly McDonald, Le Jeune Bonney, Ulm sisters, the Schottee Sisters, 200 Ladies of the Ballet, and Warriors and Amazons. Matinée on Saturday.

MUSICAL.

M. M. MERRELL,
NO. 8 UNION SQUARE, (No. 165 4th av.)
A LARGE STOCK OF
PIANOS, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT,
To Rent or Sell Cheap.
SALES ON EASY MONTHLY PAYMENTS.

UPRIGHT PIANOS.
A LARGE AND SUPERIOR ASSORTMENT
FOR SALE OR RENT AT
GUVRIER & SON'S, MANUFACTURERS,
No. 27 West 13th st.,
Between 5th and 6th avs.

MISS MARIE GILBERT IS NOW RESUMING her lessons on the piano-forte, theory and composition; young and advanced pupils thoroughly trained and finished in the most approved systems of the Leipsic and Paris conservatories; classical music a specialty. Circulars, &c., received at Mr. Albert Weber's piano-forte rooms, 5th av. and 16th st.

AN IMMENSE STOCK OF PIANOS AND organs, new and second hand; best makers; extremely low prices for cash, or to let until rent money pays for them. Small monthly installments received. HORACE WATERS & SON, No. 481 Broadway.

A. BRAUTIGAM'S UPRIGHT AND SQUARE pianos are second to none. Prices moderate. Constantly on hand a large assortment of second-hand pianos from best makers. Pianos to rent. Warerooms, No. 791 Broadway.

CHURCH PIPE-ORGANS.—WILLIAM H. DAVIS & SON, No. 40 Downing st., have for sale several new organs of ten and twelve stops at low prices for cash. Also one of two Manuales, twenty-stops, two octaves of Pedales; price, $2,500.

CHICKERING, WEBER, GORDON PIANOS and Prince organs. Rent, $3 and upward. Installments taken. Eight-stop organ, $90. GORDON & SON, No. 13 East 14th st.

AN IMMENSE STOCK—STEINWAY'S AND other Pianos: upright, square, grand; also Organs. Inducements for cash. On installments and to rent. S. X. BALL & CO., No. 15 East 14th st.

DODWORTH'S BAND.—ALL MUSICAL BUSINESS attended to, with small or large bands. Office No. 751 Broadway. JOHN HARVEY, Agent, or THOMAS KINGSLAND, Business Manager, No. 422 Broome st.

FOR RENT—UPRIGHT, SQUARE, AND GRAND PIANOS of our own make; also, for sale, a number of fine second-hand pianos. WM. KNABE & CO.,
No. 112 5th av., above 16th st.

MME. SCHUBERT, FROM EUROPE, HAS REturned to New-York; teaches piano and singing to advanced pupils. Address No. 58 Irving place.

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND CHICKERING piano-forte, in good order. Address Box No. 4,253 Post Office.

LECTURES.

AMERICAN INSTITUTE.—THE POLYTECHNIC branch will meet THIS (Thursday) EVENING, at 7:30 o'clock, in hall No. 24, Cooper Union. 1. An introductory paper "On the Origin, Early History, and Influence of Music," by JAMES McCARROLL, Esq. 2. A paper "On Forests," by GEO. MAY POWELL, of the Oriental Topographical Corps. Admission free.
S. D. TILLMAN, Chairman.
[illegible], Secretary.

BROOKLYN REPUBLICANS.

CITY AND COUNTY NOMINATIONS.

FREDERICK A. SCHROEDER RENOMINATED FOR CONTROLLER—GEN. CATLIN FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY—G. H. FISHER FOR COUNTY AUDITOR.

The Kings County Republican Convention met yesterday afternoon at Sawyer's Hall, corner of Fulton and Jay streets, Brooklyn. At 3:07 o'clock Ex-Judge Coit, of the Sixth Ward, called the convention to order, and informed the delegates that he had been designated by the General Committee to preside over the convention until an organization had been effected.

Mr. James A. Brown, of the Thirteenth Ward, was nominated as temporary Secretary of the convention, and unanimously elected. Mr. Lewis C. Fincke was elected temporary assistant Secretary. Judge Coit then announced that the first business in order would be the presentation of credentials. After they had been handed in and examined, the Chairman announced that there were no contested seats. The roll was then called. After the delegates had answered to their names, Mr. Wm. Richardson, of the Twenty-second Ward, was unanimously elected permanent Chairman. The temporary Secretaries were elected permanent Secretaries. Mr. Richardson, in returning thanks for his election said that a convention had never met in Kings County upon which so much responsibility rested. He said that by circumstances over which they had no control, an opportunity was offered of electing the Commissioners of Charities. No matter how good the men nominated by the Democrats, it would be impossible for men of that political stripe to carry out the much-needed reforms in the Department of Charities. The other county officers which it would be the duty of the convention to nominate would, the speaker said, be of the highest character. Mr. Richardson closed his address by urging the delegates to place in nomination only the best men.

The Chairman announced that the first business in order would be the nomination of a District Attorney. Mr. Williams, of the Seventeenth Ward, moved that the convention proceed to take an informal ballot for District Attorney. An amendment offered by Mr. Daggett, of the Nineteenth Ward, that the delegates rise in their seats and vote *viva voce* as their names were called, was carried.

Col. Rowan, of the Tenth Ward, then nominated Gen. Philip S. Crooke for District Attorney. Gen. Crooke's name was received with loud applause. Col. Stegman, of the Nineteenth Ward, nominated Gen. Isaac S. Catlin. Gen. Catlin's name was received with cheers and applause that lasted for several minutes. In the course of a speech in which he dwelt on Gen. Catlin's fitness for the office, Col. Stegman was frequently interrupted by applause. Alderman Demas Strong, of the Thirteenth Ward, seconded the nomination of Gen. Philip S. Crooke in a long and eloquent speech, in which he spoke of that gentleman's record as a stanch Republican from the first organization of the party. Mr. Strong said, in the course of his speech, that Gen. Catlin was himself in favor of the nomination of Gen. Crooke, and believed that he was the strongest possible candidate that could be nominated. Mr. Anjevine seconded the nomination of Gen. Catlin, and when, in the course of his speech, he alluded to Gen. Catlin's war record, and spoke of the loss by Gen. Catlin of his leg during the war, the allusion was received with enthusiastic cheers. Mr. Williams, of the Seventeenth Ward, then nominated the present incumbent of the office, Mr. John Winslow. He said, in the course of his speech, that if Mr. Winslow was not nominated it would be a slur on the head of the State ticket—John A. Dix—who placed Mr. Winslow in his present position. Mr. W. H. Waring, of the Seventh Ward, seconded the nomination of Mr. Winslow.

No further nominations being made, the Secretary proceeded to call the roll, each delegate rising in his seat and declaring the candidate of his choice as his name was called. The vote resulted as follows: Gen. Catlin, 69; Mr. John Winslow, 29; Gen. Crooke, 57. The tellers recorded 155 votes, when there were but 153 delegates in the convention. The error invalidated the vote, and on motion of Mr. Daggett, a formal vote was taken, each delegate, as before, naming the candidate of his choice as his name was called. The vote resulted as follows: Crooke, 53; Catlin, 100. Gen. Catlin having received a majority of votes, was declared nominated. On motion of Mr. Demas Strong, the nomination was made unanimous, and a committee of three appointed to wait on the candidate and bring him before the convention.

Mr. Richardson then left the chair, and nominated George H. Fischer, of the Twelfth Ward, for County Auditor. A motion was made to nominate Mr. Fischer by acclamation. No other nominations being made, the motion was put and carried. Mr. Daniel Maujer, of the Fifteenth Ward, was next nominated by Mr. Strong for County Treasurer. Alderman Zindel, who was not a delegate, obtained permission to address the convention, and stated that Mr. Maujer had called on him during the day, and authorized him to decline on the part of Mr. Maujer any nomination. Mr. Mauger's name was then withdrawn, and Mr. Ludovic Bennett, of the First Ward, was nominated by acclamation. The convention next proceeded to nominate a Charity Commissioner for the Second District. Mr. Richardson left the chair and nominated Mr. Ripley Ropes. The nomination was seconded by Mr. Demas Strong, and on motion, made by acclamation amid the most enthusiastic applause. At this point Gen. Catlin was introduced to the convention, and in a brief and feeling speech returned thanks for his nomination. He said the nomination was on his part entirely unexpected. At the conclusion of Gen. Catlin's address, Mr. Williams, of the Seventh Ward, nominated George W. Harmer, of the Fifteenth Ward, for Commissioner of Charities of the Third District. Mr. Monks, of the Fourteenth Ward, nominated John H. Diercks. Mr. Strong nominated George W. Light, of the Thirteenth Ward. Mr. Henderson, of the Fifteenth Ward, seconded the nomination of Mr. Harmer. Mr. Sands, of the Twelfth Ward, seconded the nomination of Mr. Diercks. Mr. Daggett, of the Nineteenth Ward, made a speech in favor of Mr. Harmer's nomination. The roll was then called, each delegate voting as his name was called. The vote resulted as follows: Diercks, 67; Light, 0; Harmer, 85. A motion to nominate Mr. Harmer unanimously was lost, and a formal vote was taken, with the following result: Harmer, 83; Diercks, 70. Mr. Harmer's nomination was made unanimous. Mr. Johnson, of the Twelfth Ward, nominated Col. W. J. Cropsey, of New-Utrecht, for Commissioner of Charities in the Fifth District. Mr. Cropsey's nomination was, on motion, made by acclamation. Mr. Gerard Clarke was next nominated, by acclamation, for Coroner in the Eastern District. Dr. James Watt was, on motion of Mr. Perry, nominated by acclamation for Coroner of the Western District. The convention next proceeded to nominate a candidate for the office of Justice of Sessions. Mr. Henry Woolfort, of the town of New-Lots, and Mr. Edgar Bergen, of Flatlands were then placed in nomination and a ballot taken with the following result: Woolfort, 95; Bergen, 28. Mr. Woolfort's nomination was, on motion, made unanimous. On motion of Mr. Cheshire, the officers of the Convention were appointed a committee to notify the candidates of their nomination. A vote of thanks to Mr. John Winslow for the manner in which he has discharged the duties of District Attorney since his appointment by Gov. Dix, was unanimously adopted. A vote of thanks to the Chairman and officers of the Convention was then passed, and three hearty cheers given for the ticket. The Convention then adjourned subject to the call of the Chair.

THE CITY CONVENTION.

The Brooklyn City Republican Convention met at 8 o'clock last evening, at Sawyer's Hall, corner of Jay and Fulton streets. The convention was called to order by Gen. E. B. Fowler, of the Eleventh Ward. Col. Morton and Mr. Wheelock were elected temporary Secretaries. The credentials were then examined, after which the roll was called. On motion, the temporary Chairman and Secretary were made permanent Chairman and Secretary. The convention next proceeded to nominate a Controller. Mr. Daggett, of the Nineteenth Ward, moved to nominate Frederick A. Schroeder for Controller by acclamation. The motion was seconded by Ex-Supervisor Harman, and, on being put to the convention, was unanimously and enthusiastically carried. A committee of five was appointed to inform Mr. Schroeder of his nomination. Mr. A. B. Richardson then nominated Mr. George Thomas, of the Tenth Ward, for City Auditor. Mr. Thomas' name was received with loud applause. Mr. James H. Taylor, of the Sixth Ward, seconded Mr. Thomas' nomination in a short speech. Ex-Supervisor Harmon nominated Chauncey M. Felt. The nomination was seconded by Col. Morton. Mr. Felt's name was received with very great applause. Mr. Hasbrouck, of the Third Ward, seconded the nomination of Mr. Thomas. Col. Stegeman spoke strongly in favor of Mr. Felt. On motion of Mr. Daggett, an informal ballot was taken, with the following result: Felt, 61; Thomas, 79. The nomination was, on motion, made unanimous, after which the convention adjourned.

THE UNIVERSITY OF THE SOUTH.

A meeting of those interested in the University of the South was held last evening in the Church of the Transfiguration, corner of Fifth avenue and Twenty-ninth street. Right Rev. Dr. Potter, Bishop of New-York, presided. The opening address, which was historical in its character, was made by Bishop Quintard, of Tennessee. The University made a very humble beginning in 1857, but, to the astonishment of those having the matter in charge, the large sum of $500,000 was soon pledged to its support, and 10,000 acres of land on the summit of Cumberland Mountain were given to it by the State. The land is most pleasantly situated, is very convenient of access, and is underlaid by extensive coal fields. But while all promised so exceedingly well the war came and stripped the University of every dollar which had been promised it, and in fact of everything save its land. Nevertheless, after the war, in September of 1868, a beginning was made with nine students and three instructors. Now it numbers 250 students and 18 professors. It is the Church school of the Southern Dioceses, and has never received any aid of any consequence from the North. Its chief need now is a permanent endowment fund for the erection of buildings, the foundation of professorships, and like purposes.

Other addresses were made by President Barnard, of Columbia College; Bishop Wilmer, of Louisiana; Rev. Dr. James De Koven, of Racine College; Rev. Dr. John Cotton Smith, of New-York; Bishop Littlejohn, of Long Island; and Bishop Whipple, of Minnesota. At the close of the meeting Rev. C. C. Parsons, Rector of the Holy Innocents, Hoboken, presented the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Chairman be requested to appoint a committee of clergy and laity residing in or near New-York for the purpose of presenting the objects and claims of the University of the South to the consideration of the Church at large.

It was adopted, and Bishop Potter accordingly named the following gentlemen as the committee: Rev. Dr. Barnard, Rev. Dr. Houghton, Rev. Dr. Potter, Rev. Dr. J. C. Smith, Rev. Mr. T. Hodson, Rev. Mr. J. M. Gallagher, Rev. Mr. C. C. Parsons, Mr. James Pott, Mr. Samuel Tomkins, Mr. W. A. Seaver, Mr. W. B. Duncan, and Mr. J. W. Pierson.

A NEW LABOR TROUBLE.

THE BOSS COOPERS "LOCKING OUT" THEIR EMPLOYES—GREAT EXCITEMENT AMONG THE MEN.

The principal "boss" coopers of the City yesterday afternoon informed their foremen that after Saturday night any of their employes who did not renounce the Coopers' Union would obtain no further employment from them. Such a movement has long been contemplated by the "boss" coopers on the one side, and expected by the working coopers on the other, and, as both parties have been zealously preparing for such an emergency, a bitter and prolonged trades-union fight may be expected. On the side of the Coopers' Union, which is one of the strongest trades societies in the country, the leaders express nothing but a firm determination to fight their employers to the bitter end, while, on the part of the "boss" coopers, the antagonism is fully as deep and stable. The leaders in the present movement, on the part of the "boss" coopers, are Messrs. William Anderson Waydell, of No. 21 Old slip; Martin H. Duane, No. 32 Old slip; J. Shartland, of Wall and Front streets; Hugh V. Roddy, No. 78 Water street; E. T. McLoughlin, of No. 23 Old slip, and Enoch T. Peutz, of Gouverneur's lane. These men represent in themselves the controlling interest of the "boss" cooper trade. It is, however, supposed that E. T. Briggs, formerly the "king boss cooper" of this City, now retired from business, is the real, though disguised, leader of the movement. Up to the present the boss coopers have not declared the vital cause of their action. They simply state as an *ipse dixit* that their employes must abandon the union or leave their employ. Although their action is nominally directed against Coopers' Union No. 2, the effect of the affair will be to lock out all the members of the Coopers' Society, numbering over 5,000 men, whose weekly salary amounts in the aggregate to over $120,000. On the part of the working coopers it is contended that, while the "bosses" do not find any fault with the work performed by the union men or their rate of wages, ($4 per day,) they are actuated solely by a desire to break up the trades organization. In former times, before the organization of the trades-union, seven or eight boys were allowed as apprentices in a shop where but one regular cooper was employed. After the formation of the union but one apprentice was allowed to each two regular workmen. The working coopers claim that if their employers by this "lock-out" gain any advantage in reference to this or a similar point, they will next endeavor to cut down the wages and increase the hours of work. About five years ago a similar attempt at a lock-out was made by the boss coopers, under the leadership of Messrs. Waydell, Briggs, Duane, Shartland, Pentz, Roddy, and others. It failed to accomplish its object. The present movement seems to be more firmly established.

THE DANGERS OF SUBURBAN RESIDENCE.

OPERATIONS OF HIGHWAYMEN NEAR JAMAICA, LONG ISLAND—GENTLEMEN ROBBED OF THEIR WATCHES AND LADIES OF THEIR EAR-RINGS.

Two well-known residents of Flushing, George H. Lott and William Smith, visited Jamaica on Tuesday in a carriage and started to return home in the evening. When they reached the ascent of a hill on Flushing, near Hillside avenue, within the limits of Jamaica village, three men wearing masks suddenly sprang from a clump of bushes at the roadside, and one of them attempted to catch the horse by the head. The animal shied, and thus prevented, the villain seized the bridle, while another struck at Mr. Lott's head with a slung-shot or a stone tied in a handkerchief, but fortunately hit Mr. Lott on the shoulder instead. Almost in the same moment Mr. Smith drew a pistol and discharged it at the one who attempted to stop the horse, evidently with good effect, as the highwayman cried, "Oh! I'm shot!" and his companions hurried him away into the woods. Mr. Smith then put the whip to the horse, and the gentlemen arrived home without further molestation.

A similar occurrence, but with different results, and which has only just come to the knowledge of the authorities, took place on Sunday evening last. Just before sundown a gentleman and his wife, while driving on the Hoffman Boulevard, near Jamaica Village, were stopped by two highwaymen, who, with drawn pistols, demanded the gentleman's watch and money. These were handed over, when the robbers, not yet satisfied, compelled the lady to give up her ear-rings and finger-rings, the couple being then permitted to go on their way. Upon arriving at Jamaica, the gentleman related the occurrence, but made no complaint to the authorities.

This makes three attempts at highway robbery, two of which have been successful which have occurred in the same neighborhood within a few days. All are believed to have been the work of an organized gang, who have their head-quarters and hiding-place somewhere in the woods between Jamaica and Flushing. The authorities propose to send out a searching party to scour the woods in all directions.

A REMARKABLE ACCIDENT.

A most remarkable accident—remarkable for what it did not do rather than for what it did accomplish—occurred at about midnight of Tuesday in the Passaic Rolling Mills, Patterson, N. J. Some parts of the machinery became dislocated, and the fly-wheel, weighing twenty-seven tons, and (its velocity increased from 65 to 300 revolutions a minute,) flew into a dozen fragments. There were 100 men employed in the room in which the accident happened at the time, but they all miraculously escaped injury. One fragment of the wheel went through the roof of the building, crushing everything in the line of its movement, and descending, made another hole in the roof, and finally embedded itself in the earth. Another fragment was sent through the roof, and descended through the roof of the puddling mill, where it embedded itself in the floor. A number of the men had narrow escapes, but none sustained injury.

THE NATIONAL RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

The Executive Committee of the National Rifle Association held an adjourned meeting at First Division Headquarters, No. 7 West Thirteenth street, last evening, for the purpose of taking into consideration the protests in the Gatling match recently contested at Creedmoor, at the Fall meeting. The protest entered by Capt. Douglas, of the Eighty-fourth Regiment, against the score made by Drum Major Strube, of the Twenty-second Regiment "team," was admitted, and the score disallowed on the ground that he had used other ammunition than that furnished by the State. He was also censured for discreditable conduct. The score of Private Keeler, of the Seventy-ninth Regiment, was also disallowed, and the meeting adjourned until next Wednesday, at 4 P. M.

SUDDEN DEATH OF DUNCAN A PELL.

Duncan A. Pell, otherwise known as "Archie," died suddenly in Miller's auction-room, at an early hour yesterday afternoon. Deceased was on Gen. Burnside's staff during the war, and for the past eight years has resided at Staten Island, where as a Republican he took an active part in politics, having been elected Supervisor of his town, and Trustee of the village of New-Brighton. At the time of his death he was in his thirty-fourth year.

THE CONGREGATIONAL ASSOCIATION.

The Congregational Association of the State of New-York resumed its sessions at the Broadway Tabernacle yesterday morning. Resolutions were adopted indorsing the system of periodical contributions, and recommending that the same be carried out in the Congregational Churches of the State. The action of the National Council at New-Haven in reference to consolidating feeble churches of the different Evangelical denominations in small communities was also commended. In the evening the anniversary of the State Home Missionary Society was held.

VALUE OF AMERICAN CITIZENSHIP IN CUBA.

A letter from Havana, under date of October 15, says: Lorenzo Jimenez, who had been condemned to death, but claimed American citizenship, and had his sentence commuted, leaves to-day for Spain. When first brought here from Nuevitas he was made to work in the stone-quarries, with heavy chains riveted to his legs. This, however, was put a stop to as soon as Gen. Concha became aware of his situation. He ordered him to be better cared for, and relieved him from work in the quarries.

THE LONG ISLAND BAPTISTS.

THE LEE AVENUE (BROOKLYN) CHURCH DROPPED FROM THE ROLLS—THE APPLICATION FOR ADMISSION OF THE MARCY AVENUE CHURCH WITHDRAWN.

The Long Island Baptist Association resumed its session yesterday morning in the Gethsemane Baptist Church, Willoughby avenue, Brooklyn. As it was known that the case of the Lee Avenue and Marcy Avenue Baptist Churches was made the order of the day, the church was crowded to its utmost capacity when the Moderator took his seat. After the usual preliminary services, the first hour of the session was occupied in hearing the reports of the various committees. The case of the Marcy Avenue Baptist Church was then called, but it having been stated that the church was not ready to report, the subject was made the order of business for the afternoon session.

The case of the Lee Avenue Church was then taken up. A demand was made that the list of delegates be called, when it was found that 215 were present. Rev. Dr. Hiscox, Chairman of the committee, then proceeded to read the report. A stormy discussion ensued, during which great excitement prevailed. The report contained a strong affirmation of Baptist doctrines, and closed with a resolution recommending that the Lee Avenue Church be dropped from the rolls. After some debate, the report was accepted.

The report commenced with the reading of the resolution adopted last year, under which the committee had been appointed. Subsequently the committee met a committee from the Lee Avenue Church on the 11th of June, 1874. The committee of the association had presented to the Lee Avenue Church a series of interrogatories as to their position in matters of faith and doctrine. To this paper a response, prepared by the committee of the church, and adopted by the church, setting forth their position in regard to close communion, was as follows:

Referring to your letter of inquiry, we find the third article of the Constitution to be as you quote it, viz.: "Any church belonging to this body which may have essentially departed from the faith may be disowned." We have looked through the minutes of the various meetings of the association, so far as we have them, and fail to find that it has adopted any particular profession of faith touching the question of the communion.

You ask us, "Have you departed, either in faith or practice, from this condition of our fellowship?" meaning, doubtless, (as you intimate in the preceding paragraph,) the faith and practice of our Church at the time at which we joined the association. To enable you to judge for yourselves, we herewith hand you a copy of resolutions presented and unanimously adopted by the Church at a meeting held Nov. 12, 1858 (marked No. 1.)

From this you will see that, as far back as the year 1858, our Church conceded the right of private judgment on points upon which Christians might conscientiously differ, (which is all we claim now.) This resolution, you will observe, was adopted at the time our Church was organized, and before its recognition by the Council. Some of you, brethren, who were present when our Church was recognized, will remember the discussion which it elicited. Rev. Samuel Baker making it the ground for an argument opposing our recognition, in which, however, he was not sustained, the Council voting unanimously (with the exception mentioned) to recognize us.

It was consequently in full force at the time that we joined the Association, and must have been known to the brethren. We, therefore, claim that at the time that we were received into the Association we held substantially the views which are now called in question.

We further claim that we have not departed from the Baptist profession of faith as printed in the Baptist Praise Book, which was drawn up by Drs. Fuller, Levy, Fish, Armitage, Evarts, Lorimer, Manly, and others, and adopted by our churches, as well as that which forms part of the constitution of the Pastors' Conference of the State of New-York, to both of which we are entirely loyal. We know of no profession of faith adopted by any considerable number of our churches, which makes it a duty to forbid or repulse from the Lord's Supper any acknowledged disciple. Some of them, it is true, claim that those who are unbaptized have no right to partake, but do not call upon the churches to refuse them participation, thus leaving the practice, in the premises, to be decided by the churches.

The only action of our Church touching this question, aside from the resolution of 1858, is embodied in a resolution explanatory of our articles of faith passed at a church meeting, held Jan. 2, 1874. Inclosed please find a copy marked No. 2.

Our practice under this resolution does not essentially differ from other Baptist Churches. No invitation is given to the supper; it is simply announced.

Rev. J. Hyatt Smith, interrupting the reading of the paper, said that on the night of the adoption of that paper, there was the largest gathering that ever took place in that church, and the members voted rising.

The report of the committee, after reviewing the facts, declared the Lee Avenue Church to be an open communion church, and after some discussion the following resolution was adopted by a vote of 174 to 24:

Resolved, That the name of the Lee Avenue Church be dropped from the list of this association, and that correspondence by letters and messengers be discontinued until she shall be in harmony with this body in respect to the observance of the Lord's Supper.

When the vote had been taken, Rev. J. Hyatt Smith, pastor of the Lee Avenue Baptist Church, read the following protest:

MR. MODERATOR AND CHAIRMAN OF THE ASSOCIATION: Speaking in behalf and by the authority of my church, I respectfully protest against the acts of the Long Island Association, in withdrawing the hand of fellowship from the Lee Avenue Baptist Church. "We are charged with departing from the faith held by this Association." We answer: "The Long Island Association has no confession of faith."

Article 2 of the Constitution, defining the purpose of the Association, reads as follows: "The object of this Association is declared to be the cultivation of fraternal sympathy and union among the churches, and the efficient prosecution of missionary labor throughout Long Island."

We declare ourselves to be a Baptist Church, openly avowing believer's baptism; knowing no baptism but immersion, and receiving baptized believers only to church membership. We neither invite to nor expel from the Lord's Table a disciple of the Lord, but leave the question of privilege with the communicant and Him whose infinite grace gave and governs the feast.

We firmly believe and declare that your act of expulsion of our church from the Association is a gross violation of that law of gospel truth, the maintenance of which marks the proudest page in the history of the Baptist denomination. Your vote of disfellowship will in no wise vary the attitude or the action of Lee Avenue Baptist Church.

She goes forth from your body bearing upon her brow the mark of the cross; having the sign and seal of the Holy Ghost in the conversion of a multitude of souls; as the unanswerable declaration of divine approbation. "If God be for us, who can be against us?" The leaven of liberty is active in every church within the bounds of the Association, and shall continue to work "until the whole measure is leavened."

It is a day of Christian union and holy fellowship. The age of proscription and ecclesiastical tyranny has passed away, and no mandate or council or association can call it back.

The venerable Warren Association in the land of Roger Williams, the parent association in America, stands ready with "open door" to receive your disowned sister into fellowship and faith of her household. The Hudson River Association North, by her recent action in retaining in full membership the church in Albany, whose position and practice are the same as Lee Avenue, also bids us welcome.

But we prefer to wait, either for the formation of another association, or for a day not far distant, when the present Association of Long Island, repenting the haste of this hour, and better understanding the spirit of our Church, and the liberty and love everywhere prevalent in the one glorious Church of Christ, will ask us to return to our former and proper home. Meanwhile, earnestly praying for all spiritual blessings upon the several churches composing your body, we bid you an affectionate farewell.

The application for admission by the Marcy Avenue Church came up for consideration at the afternoon session, and elicited so much opposition from the association that the Pastor, Rev. Reuben Jeffery, withdrew the application.

ARRIVALS AT THE HOTELS.

Hon. George M. Robeson, Secretary of the Navy, is at the Fifth Avenue Hotel.

Hon. John V. L. Pruyn, of Albany, is at the Brevoort House.

Col. Lorenzo Sitgreaves, United States Army, is at the Clarendon Hotel.

Gen. B. F. Butler, of Massachusetts, is at the St. James Hotel.

Major Thomas J. Haines, United States Army, is at the Glenham Hotel.

Yung Wai Chung, Yeh Shu Tung, and Yung Yuen Poo, Chinese Commissioners of Education, and Paymaster J. F. Tarbell, United States Navy, are at the Windsor Hotel.

THE ELMIRA ADVERTISER.

The Elmira *Advertiser* announces that its proprietors have purchased of Calvin L. Hathaway so much of the Hathaway House property in that city as is located on Market street, with forty-five feet front on Lake street, comprising about two-thirds of the whole building. The paper says: "The daily *Advertiser* is full twenty-one years of age, and has grown to a strength when it feels quite competent to set up exclusively for itself. From very small and modest beginnings it has acquired a circulation extending over an extent of territory equaled by very few papers in the country out of the great Metropolitan cities. Except the New-York papers very few have a larger aggregate circulation. We are rightfully proud of the favor which the *Advertiser* has received at the hands of a generous public. On the first of January last, in response to what seemed a necessity, the paper was enlarged to its present size. It was, in view of the stringency of the times, an apparently hazardous venture; but it has proved, like every other advance the paper has made, a safe and even profitable investment. It now takes another advance, and becomes the owner of its own real estate, and possesses a property which is certain, with the growth of the city, to largely enhance in value. We feel like dividing with our readers the satisfaction which we have in this result. It shall certainly be our effort to make the paper even more worthy in the future than it has been in the past of the confidence and patronage of the public. The capacity of the establishment is now equal to any emergency which may arise in the increase and extension of its business."

CITY AND SUBURBAN NEWS.

NEW-YORK.

To-morrow and Saturday will be the last days for registration. Persons not registered cannot vote at the ensuing election.

Bayard Taylor lectures to-night at the Academy of Music on "Egypt."

The New-York Medico-Legal Society will meet this evening to elect officers.

Mr. William Dudley Foulke will lecture before the Liberal Club to-morrow evening on "Trial by Jury."

The Seventy-first Regiment, (old Light Guard,) in their white coats, blue pants, bear-skin hats, just imported from England, paraded yesterday afternoon.

A grand vocal and instrumental concert will be given at the Plymouth Baptist Church, Fifty-first street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues, this evening.

Patrick Higgins, keeper of a saloon at No. 110 Roosevelt street, was held for trial at the Tombs yesterday for drugging and robbing John Wilson, a sailor.

The Boston and Atlantic Clubs played a very close and exciting game of base-ball on the Union Grounds yesterday, which was won by the latter by a score of 6 to 8.

An exciting 200-yard foot-race took place on the grounds of the New-York Athletic Club, Mott Haven, yesterday, between Wm. Lawrence and J. A. Walker. Lawrence won in 24½ seconds.

A paper on "The Origin, Early History, and Influence of Music" will be read by James McCarroll before the Polytechnic Association this evening, after which George May Powell will speak on "Forests."

William Simpson, of No. 57 Centre street, was convicted, yesterday, before Judge Benedict, in the United States Circuit Court, of sending obscene matter through the United States mails. He was remanded for sentence.

A three mile boat-race took place at Fort Hamilton yesterday afternoon between James Sharp, of the Resolute Boat Club, and Richard A. Miller, of Brooklyn. Sharp won by six lengths, in 26 minutes and 40 seconds.

There will be launched on Monday next from Messrs. John Englis & Son's ship-yard, at Greenpoint, Long Island, the new steam-ship City of Vera Cruz, built for Messrs. F. Alexandre & Son, of the New-York, Havana and Mexican Steam-ship Line.

A special meeting of the Seaman's Protective Association will be held in Botanic Hall, No. 68 East Broadway, on Thursday afternoon, Oct. 22, at 3 o'clock. Addresses will be delivered by President Thoms, Henry C. De Witt, Henry King, and others.

William McGill, a bar-tender in the employ of Capt. John S. Reeves, of No. 240 Broadway, who absconded a couple of weeks ago with $300 of his employer's money, was brought to this City from Chicago yesterday, by Detectives Clapp and Leahy, of the Central Police Office.

The trial of James Levy, a Notary Public, who was indicted for perjury, committed in procuring fraudulent naturalization papers for George Zuckermantel, a native of Germany, was commenced yesterday before Judge Benedict, of the United States Circuit Court.

James Howard and Daniel Amor, the second and third officers of the American bark Cornelius Grinnell, who were arrested a few days since, charged with cruelty to a seaman, were discharged yesterday by United States Commissioner Shields, as no one appeared against them.

The writ of prohibition obtained from the Supreme Court by the counsel of Kate B. Howland against the executor, executrix, and Surrogate in the Taylor will case, came up before Judge Donohue yesterday in Chambers. The respondents to the writ filed their return thereto, and argument was postponed till next week.

The regular monthly Sociable of The Fraternals will take place this evening in the Chapel of the Church of the Strangers, Greene street, between Waverly place and Eighth street. The exercises will consist of readings, recitations, and a debate on the question, "Is the average young woman of New-York capable of making a good wife?"

The policeman Charles J. Shea, accused of robbing a rag-picker named Neubach, assisted by another policeman named Reily, was acquitted by the jury yesterday in the Court of Oyer and Terminer. Neubach failed to identify Shea as one of the parties to the robbery. Shea denied all knowledge of the robbery. Reily, the other party accused, fled, and has not been brought to trial.

The members of the Albion Society adopted, at their regular meeting on Tuesday evening, a resolution providing for the interment of members and their wives, in case of death, out of the funds of the society. It is intended to celebrate the first anniversary of the society in November with a dinner and a ball, which it is hoped will be well patronized. The society is making rapid strides in numbers and finances.

The sum of $40, sent from the office of the Solicitor of the United States Treasury, was distributed by United States Marshal Fiske, among Police Officer Daniel Webster, and two laborers, John Kelly and Patrick Boylan, who, in September last, found a set of counterfeit plates for printing fifty-cent notes, in Tenth avenue, near Forty-eighth street, and sent them to the United States Marshal's Office. The Police Officer got $20, and the laborers $10 each.

BROOKLYN.

A note of issue in the suit of Mr. Theodore Tilton against Rev. Henry Ward Beecher was filed yesterday, in the office of the Clerk of the City Court, by Messrs. Morris and Pearsall.

The Kings County Medical Society adopted a resolution on Tuesday evening urging upon the political organizations of the county the necessity of nominating for the office of Coroner only educated physicians.

Postmaster Talbot has offered a reward of $250 for the detection of the parties by whom the robbery of the street letter-box at the corner of Fulton street and DeKalb avenue was committed yesterday morning.

District Attorney Winslow announces that he will move the trial of the indictments against Mr. Theodore Tilton and Mr. Francis D. Moulton, for libeling Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, at the November term of the City Court.

A delegation of ladies from the State Charities Visiting Committee, consisting of Mrs. Culvertson, Mrs. Miller, and the Misses Robinson, visited Controller Schroeder, yesterday, in reference to the approaching nominations for Commissioners of Charities, and were unanimous in their approval of Alderman Ropes' career, and earnestly advocated him as one of the candidates for the office of Commissioner.

Yesterday morning San Felippo, who was arrested some time since on suspicion of being implicated in the murder of the counterfeiter Torino, but who was discharged and rearrested by the United States authorities on a charge of being concerned in counterfeiting United States currency stamps, was up before Commissioner Winslow for examination. Detective Folk testified to having arrested the prisoner, and also to having found the counterfeiting implements at the den No. 68 Franklin avenue. The further examination of the case was adjourned to Thursday.

NEW-JERSEY.

The celebrated Third Regiment of New-Jersey, 400 strong, was reviewed and inspected in Elizabeth yesterday by Brig. Gen. J. Madison Drake and Brig. Gen. De Hart.

A wild Texan steer escaped from the abattoir yesterday, and ran wild through the streets of Jersey City. John Jordan was knocked down and severely injured, but no further serious results are reported.

The Secretary of State of New-Jersey has addressed a letter to Mr. Robert Wilson, Secretary of the Oriental Insurance Company of Jersey City, ordering him to immediately discontinue business, on the ground that the affairs of the concern are being improperly conducted.

John Kelley, the barkeeper who some weeks ago threw a man from the stoop of his saloon, in Union street, Newark, causing injuries which resulted in death, was placed on trial in the Essex County courts yesterday upon an indictment charging him with manslaughter.

C. S. Stockton, President of the Young Men's Christian Association of Newark, has issued an appeal to the churches, urging them to contribute moneys to the aid of the association. He says that, unless the appeal be liberally answered, the association will be obliged to close its doors.

The family of William W. Shippen, President of the Hoboken Land and Improvement Company of Hoboken, have been for some months living in Seabright. On Tuesday a son of Mr. Shippen visited the family mansion at Castle Point, and discovered that it had been entered and robbed of valuables worth $2,000. Chief of Police Donovan, of Hoboken, is looking after the thieves.

MUSCULAR CHRISTIANS.

Rev. E. C. Gordon, in an essay read before the Savannah, Ga., Christian Association, said: "Christianity applauds all that is genuine on the playground, in the gymnasium, the boat-race, and the hunting field. It believes in bright eyes and a merry laugh. It approves of the arms that can strike straight out from the shoulder; of legs that can do their twenty miles a day without fatigue, as well as of hearts that know no fear, and lips that speak no guile. Muscular Christianity repudiates as a travesty on nature, and an insult to nature's God, those miserable weaklings of our drawing-rooms, born of a system that puts at defiance every law of health, and disregards every principle of beauty."

THE MILFORD BANK ROBBERY.

A FAMILY OF SEVEN PERSONS BOUND—THE CASHIER TAKEN TO THE BANK—A COOL AND AUDACIOUS AFFAIR.

From an interview with Mr. F. T. Sawyer, of Milford, and the members of his household, the Nashua (N. H.) *Telegraph* gives the following account of the robbery of the Souhegan National Bank, at Milford, Monday night:

"The desperadoes effected an entrance to Mr. Sawyer's house by turning the key in the piazza door with a pair of plyers. They then ascended to the second story, probably by the front stairway, and proceeded at once to Mr. Sawyer's bedroom. Mr. Sawyer was awakened by having a hand placed upon his throat, and a voice coolly said 'We want you, Sir.' The hand of another villain was placed upon the throat of Mrs. Sawyer at the same time, and presently she was rudely taken from her bed with her infant child and placed in a chair. She resisted with all her strength, and cried out until choked to silence. The cries of the child apparently made the men nervous, so much so that they made several threats of violence if it was not 'instantly hushed up.'

The struggle with Mr. Sawyer was progressing all the while, two of the ruffians having him upon the side of the bed, forcing handcuffs upon him, a gag made of a piece of a broom-handle, with a hole to breathe through bored in the centre, was thrust into his mouth, and a 'twister' put upon his neck. He was then allowed to put on his pantaloons (from the pocket of which one of the thieves abstracted $20) and slippers, and a coat was placed upon his shoulders. He was handled rapidly, but it did not seem to be the intention of the men to injure him.

All the gang were masked, and Mr. Sawyer thinks all were barefooted; they had dark lanterns, a full kit of tools, and apparently a thorough knowledge of the premises, the number of members (seven) of the household. During the struggle with Mr. and Mrs. Sawyer their attention was called to the screaming of the servant-girl, Mary A. Broderick, in another apartment, when two of the gang made a bold push to "quiet her." She was seized by the head and an attempt was made to smother her, but she struggled and fought like an enraged tiger, and was not conquered until they had dragged her from her bed by the hair of her head, choked her to silence, and handcuffed her hands behind her. In the mean time the two boys, Fred, aged twelve, and his brother, aged six, would not be quiet, and one of the men took one under each arm, and hustled them into a closet, and the girl in after them. The closet door was then fastened with screws, and several holes bored through it to admit the air. The work of disposing of the other inmates of the house was rapidly accomplished by other members of the gang. Mrs. Sawyer was handcuffed, and, with her infant child and oldest daughter, Bertha, placed in the closet of her sleeping-room, the desperadoes first placing chairs for them to sit in. The door was fastened with screws as in the first instance, and six holes bored to admit the air. One of the ruffians expressed concern lest there was not enough air for them, and so two additional holes were bored.

Two men were detailed to watch the inmates of the house, and the others, (Mr. Sawyer thinks there were twelve in all,) conducted Mr. Sawyer to the bank. The two men that stayed behind made themselves perfectly at home. They sauntered about the house, talked pleasantly with Mrs. Sawyer, advising her to keep quiet. They hurried Mr. Sawyer to the bank as soon as possible, crossing the suspension bridge and passing through yards and cross lots, and demanded to know where the keys were. He told them he had not got the vault keys, and when he refused to tell where they were the "twister" was given an extra turn, and he was made insensible. At the bank Mr. Sawyer was again asked where the keys were. One of the men said, "—— you, you have lied to us twice. We ain't going to lose our Summer's work. Now own up." The twister made him insensible, but upon reviving he concluded that his safety depended upon answering their questions, and so he told them they would find them in his Post Office box. He was placed in a chair and guarded while two of the men went to the Post Office, broke a light of glass, thrust a hand through, turned the catch, hoisted the window, and jumped in. After this they unbolted and opened the front door, obtained the keys and returned to the bank. Mr. Sawyer opened the vault, when they proceeded to examine its contents. One of them asked, previously, if there was $60,000 in it, and seemed quite disappointed to learn that the amount they would probably make out of the job was so small.

As near as can be estimated without the statement of all the sufferers the total loss is about $100,000, and is distributed as follows: The bank in greenbacks and bills $4,000, in Government and county bonds, held as collateral on notes discounted, $20,000. The individual losers in Government, county, and other bonds, are R. R. Howison, $13,000; William B. Towne, President of the bank, probably $10,000; Dr. J. Fleeman, $8,500; Gilbert Wadleigh, $5,000; heirs of the estate of W. R. Wallace, $4,000; Jerome Sawyer, $1,500; Mrs. Runnels, of Concord, $500, and numerous other losses in large and small amounts.

The robbers (having given Mr. Sawyer in charge of two companions whose duty it was to take him home, which they did as lively as circumstances would permit,) coolly locked the outside door of the bank building and separated. On the tramp home Mr. Sawyer noticed a watchman at one of the mills, and the ruffians, fearing some difficulty, gave the twister a turn that rendered him again insensible. He was hurried forward, however, and at his house conducted to one of the bedrooms, placed in a chair, his legs bound to the rounds, the chair fastened to the bedstead-post, and the bed fastened to the floor by cords made out of strips of sheets, and tied through the eye of stage-screws, which were screwed into the floor for that purpose. This was to prevent Mr. Sawyer from reaching the window to give an alarm. The adventurers then thanked him for the services he had rendered them and hastily departed. Mr. Sawyer thinks the whole programme was carried out in forty minutes and that it was after 3 o'clock when the job was ended.

During all this time the prisoners had done more or less screaming. Mrs. Sawyer had exerted herself beyond her natural strength to regain her liberty, had marked and thumped the door with "her bracelets" and endeavored to release herself. Bertha, imprisoned with her, was very cool. The boys and the servant girl were demonstrative, using their voices in loud cries for liberty. Master Fred finally succeeded in dislodging the casing of his coop and getting out, whereupon he cut the cords that bound his father, and with great effort took out the screws that secured the door to the closet in which his mother was captive.

An alarm was quickly given. The condition of the family at 7 o'clock this morning when the blacksmiths had succeeded in liberating them from their handcuffs was not so excitable as might have been expected. Mrs. Sawyer, who has a bad mark upon her throat where one of the ruffians choked her, was a little nervous. She displayed great coolness, however, and entertained all comers. Mr. Sawyer was suffering from excitement and nervous prostration. The children were laughing and relating their adventures to admiring friends and seemed as happy as though nothing unusual had happened.

GEN. SHALER.

HE WILL BE FORMALLY INVITED TO REORGANIZE THE CHICAGO FIRE DEPARTMENT.

At a meeting of the Board of Police and Fire Commissioners of Chicago and Mayor Colvin, a preamble and resolution were adopted in which an invitation was extended to Gen. Alexander Shaler, of New-York, to go to that city and use his experience for the benefit of the Chicago Fire Department. The board promise in the resolution to co-operate in his efforts to improve the department. The *Inter-Ocean* says that this resolution was adopted at the instigation of the National Board of Underwriters and the Citizens' Association, and in their conferences with the city authorities they have agreed to bear whatever expense may be incurred by reason of the compensation to be paid to Gen. Shaler. The appointment is not made by the city, for according to the charter he cannot even be given a position as a common fireman, because he has not been a resident for the required time. He will be simply an employe of the two associations above named, and, by the grace of the Board of Police, will give them advice as to what ought to be done. To accept or reject lies wholly at the option of the Commissioners.

CHICAGO CATTLE MARKET.

CHICAGO, Oct. 21.—Cattle—Receipts, 3,000 head; market dull and glutted; prices weak and easier; quality of receipts poor; stockers sold at $3@$3 65; butchers', $2@$3 50; common to extra Steers, $3 50@$6 50. Shipments—3,000 head. Hogs—Receipts, 21,000; supply exceeds the demand and prices are off; sales ranging at $4 75@$6 50 for inferior to extra assorted; bulk of sales being at $5 25@$5 75. Shipments—12,000. Sheep in good demand. Receipts—1,000; prices steady at $2 25@$4 25 for poor to choice.

PRINTING CLOTHS MARKET.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Oct. 21.—Printing Cloths Market quiet at unchanged prices.

[Advertisement.]

USEFUL ADVICE TO THE INTELLIGENT.—Buy your Hats at KNOX'S, No. 212 Broadway, and in the Fifth Avenue Hotel, and secure the handsomest Winter style yet introduced.

PASSENGERS SAILED.

In steam-ship Bothnia, for Liverpool.—Mr. Gray, Miss McMaster, Hagae Simmonds, Dr. Erichson, wife, and maid, Miss H. Phillips, G. B. De Forest, W. Edwards, Mrs. De Forest, Miss C. De Forest, Miss M. Callender and maid, J. Van Gaasbeeck, Mr. and Mrs. F. Chauncey, two children, and infant, J. Montaut, John Towne and wife, Miss A. Towne, Thomas Hope, J. H. Wray, Guillermo Maurena, H. E. Russell, Major Cocks, Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Sea, Wm. Stephen, C. Malloch, J. R. Martin, W. Cook, R. R. Snyder, H. James, B. F. Butler, Mrs. Bloodgood, Mrs. J. Carter Brown, Master J. N. Brown, Master H. Brown, Miss S. Brown, Miss Buckin, Miss Sheriff, R. Ferris, Miss A. Quinby, Miss Alice Quinby, W. Mail, Mrs. O. Cammann, Misses Cammann, Right Hon. A. S. Ayrton, J. Burrell Curtis and wife, Mr. Hiller, James Scott, A. R. McMaster, G. Sheriff, Col. and Mrs. George Sharswood, William Eliot, Mr. and Mrs. Broughton, Mr. Rounds, Mr. Massey, J. H. Southworth, Mr. Marie, Master Jonas Jones, James H. Walker, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Field, Donald McInness, Masters B. McInness, S. McInnes, D. McInnes, W. R. McInnes, Miss J. McInnes, Edward Perkins, John A. Doyle, A. Doyle, B. Atwell, Thomas Allen, E. M. Merrill, Mr. Day, Miss J. Whitworth, Miss H. Whitworth, B. Whitworth, Mrs. Astorn, Mr. and Mrs. John Swann, B. H. Cork, Dr. and Mrs. Ralph M. Townsend, C. H. Marshall, E. Riggs, R. De Clermont and Son, John F. McEwan, Mrs. Hugh Davids, Miss M. L. Davids, Miss J. L. Davids and child, Mr. and Mrs. R. M. McEwan, Henry Finch, Mr. Norton, Dr. S. H. Linn, wife and child, Henry Deacon and son, Mrs. Louisa Johnson, Miss Kate Johnson, Mr. Wilson, Miss Metcalf, Mr. Metcalf, S. A. Peters, Mr. Blathwayt, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas B. Bryan, J. B. Bryan, P. Smith, Jr., Miss Drummond, B. C. Jones, Rev. P. Birch, J. Pershouse, E. J. Tudor, Thomas Lewis, Mrs. M. Daniels, G. W. Dixon, J. Edgar, Charles Johnson, John B. Meer, John Hubbard, Miss Pierce, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Dodge and child, Thomas Stewart, S. P. Mandell, John Bullough, H. A. Hill, T. B. Gould, R. Pierce, Miss Rotch, M. Rotch, T. P. Pates, Miss Belle Pomeroy.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

In steam-ship City of Montreal, from Liverpool.—Mrs. Laura Farewell, Miss May C. Hyland, Mrs. Kelby, Jacob Jackson, Mrs. Jackson, Miss Platt, Mrs. G. T. Ketcham, Miss Davis, Mr. Atkinson, W. L. Clarke, Mrs. Clarke, F. M. Blodgett, John Wright, Mrs. Wright, Miss Dargon, Miss Sabin, William Fowler, Mrs. Catherine Fowler, George Tait, Mrs. Tait and four children, N. Palmer, Capt. William Lord, Dr. Alex Machattie, Miss Stratton, Mr. Sherwood, James R. Bradbury, Mrs. Bradbury, Mr. Johnson, Mrs. Johnson, Miss Johnson and Courier, E. Boulton, Mrs. Boulton, Mrs. James S. Merriam, Miss Louise Merriam, Master Walter Merriam, William F. Niedringhaus, J. J. Reid, Mrs. John Nichol, Jr., child and infant, Dr. A. J. Erwin, Mrs. Irwin, William D. Rees, Mrs. Rees, Major Allen, W. S. Cairns, Dr. McSweeney, Miss E. G. Jones.

In steam-ship South America, from Rio Janeiro, &c.—E. H. Williams and family, Miss Mary Burnham, Mrs. Harriet Salt, Franco Octora des Cintra, D. P. Wigat, Paymaster United States Navy, O. Woodruff, United States Navy, Miss Mina Wahlcreen, Charles Nelson and wife, J. W. Stryker, Capt. Platt, A. Bonelli, Ato Firpo and family, Capt. Hooper, F. Paul, G. Depoz, E. Ressalear, R. Correas.

In Steam-ship San Salvador, from Savannah.—Dr. W. H. Nash and wife, F. W. Cornwell, J. Cochrane, J. W. Read, S. Clinton, E. Schell, C. Morton, W. Gibson, J. Ward.

In steam-ship City of New-York, from Havana.—Miss Annie Antrim, Theodore Brooks, Agusto Wilson & Son, Augustino Arango, Francisco Abella.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises.....6:19 | Sun sets.....5:11 | Moon sets...2:48

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook..4:47 | Gov. Island..5:36 | Hell Gate...6:58

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK......WEDNESDAY, Oct. 21.

CLEARED:

Steam-ships Bothnia, (Br.,) Moodie, Liverpool, via Queenstown, C. G. Francklyn; Darien, (Br.,) Leighton, New-Orleans, Tapscott Brothers & Co.; Carondelet, McCreery, New-Orleans, Charles H. Mallory & Co.; Weser, (Ger.,) Willigerod, Bremen via Southampton, Oelrichs & Co.; Bristol, Wallace, Philadelphia, J. Hand; Geo. Washington, Whitehead, Portland, Me., Clark & Seaman.

Barks Rubino, (Ital.,) Venelotta, Cork or Falmouth, for orders, Slocovich & Co.; Ankathor, (Norw.,) Hemiksen, Queenstown, for orders, C. Tobias & Co.; Regulus, (Norw.,) Holle, Dunkirk, France, C. Tobias & Co.; Mercur, (Norw.,) Frivold, Bremen, Tetens & Bockmann; Eliza Barss, (Br.,) Vesey, Hamilton, Bermuda, Middleton & Co.; Victoria, (Norw.,) Johnson, London, Funch, Edye & Co.; Appia, (Norw.,) Pederson, Dublin, Ireland, C. Tobias & Co.

Brigs Annie Vail, (Br.,) Kirkham, Bridgetown, Miller & Boughton; Tasso, (Ital.,) Trappan, Brandissi, Slocovich & Co.; Virginia, Johnstone, Point-a-Pitre, Reynal & Co.; Fidelia, (Br.,) Young, Bremen, D. De Castro & Co.; Peter Roberts, (Br.,) McDonald, Halifax, N. S., C. W. Bertaux.

Schrs. Lavina Bell, Bayley, St. Johns, P. R., and a market, Van Brunt & Brother; Joseph Nickerson, Whitman, Goree, W. C. A., and a market, Yates & Porterfield; Wapella, Penny, Mobile, J. D. Hurlbut & Son.

ARRIVED.

Steam-ship Cuba, Reynolds, Vera Cruz Oct. 8, Campeche 10th, Progreso 12th, and Havana 15th, with mdse. and passengers to F. Alexandre & Sons. Had strong N. E. and N. W. winds the entire passage; off Progreso passed a bark showing a white flag, black circle, with letter W in centre.

Steam-ship Bengal, (Br.,) Douglass, Amoy Aug. 23, via Suez Canal, with teas, &c., to Peabody, Wallis & Co. Left Singapore Aug. 28, Point de Galle Sept. 5, Suez 23d, Port Said 25th, and Gibraltar Oct. 4; from Gibraltar to the Western Islands had fine weather, thence made the remainder of the passage under half speed, having damaged one of the boilers.

Steam-ship Mediator, Marsin, Fernandina Oct. 15, and Port Royal 18th, with cotton and naval stores to Herman Gelpcke. Had fine weather the entire passage. Oct. 21, 5 A. M., 2 miles N. of Barnegat light, saw a small schr. ashore; could not distinguish her name; crew were on board.

Steam-ship Atlas, (Br.,) Hamilton, Laguayra Oct. 2, Porto Cabello 3d, Curacoa 9th, Jacmel 11th, and Port-au-Prince 13th, with mdse. and three passengers to Pim, Forwood & Co.; Oct. 14, thirty miles S. of Castle Island, passed steam-ship Claribel bound S.

Steam-ship South America, Tinklepaugh, Rio Janeiro Sept. 25, Bahia 29th, Pernambuco Oct. 1, Para 6th, and St. Thomas 14th, with mdse. and passengers to United States and Brazil Steam-ship Co.

Steam-ship Vindicator, Doane, Charleston Oct. 16, with mdse. and passengers to James W. Quintard & Co.

Steam-ship City of Montreal, (Br.,) Mirehouse, Liverpool Oct. 8, via Queenstown 9th, with mdse. and passengers to J. G. Dale. Oct. 13, lat. 48 40, lon. 32 52, spoke ship Neptune, from Liverpool Sept. 16, for New-York; 14th, lat. 47 10, lon. 37 35, ship Gleuiffer, (of Glasgow,) with no maintopgallant yard aloft, bound W.; 15th, lat. 45 23, lon. 43 02, a Cunard steam-ship, bound E.; 18th, lat. 41 42, lon. 56 45, a barkentine-rigged steam-ship, do.; 19th, lat. 41 30, lon. 61 30, a bark-rigged steam-ship, do.; same time, a brig-rigged steam-ship, do.; same date, lat. 41 20, lon. 64 30, steam-ship California, hence for Glasgow.

Steam-ship City of New-York, Deaken, Havana Oct. 17, with mdse. and passengers to F. Alexandre & Sons; 21st, lat. 38, lon. 74 30, exchanged signals with steam-ships Columbus and Ashland, bound S.

Bark Agostina, Felugo, (Ital.,) Vendate, Gloucester 55 ds. in ballast to A. P. Agresta.

Bark Guchen, (Fr.,) Havard, St. Malo 35 ds. in ballast to Boyd & Hincken; anchored at Sandy Hook for orders.

Bark Lillian, (of Harrington,) Trumbull, Port Caledonia, C. B., 11 ds. with coal to Bird, Perkins & Job, vessel to Breet Son & Co.

Bark Cechino Danovarp (Ital.,) Logerano, Southampton 40 ds., in ballast, to Slocovich & Co.

Brig J. Williams, (of Windsor, N. S.,) Williams, Leghorn 53 ds., with marble and rags to order; vessel to J. F. Whitney & Co. Passed Gibraltar Sept. 14.

Brig Weser, (Ger.,) Warns, Algoa Bay 70 ds., with mdse. to order—vessel to C. Tobias & Co. Crossed the equator Sept. 26, in lon. 35.

Brig Abraham, (Dutch,) Visser, from Dublin, which arr. Sept. 19, and anchored at Sandy Hook, towed up to the City this A. M.

Brig Alice M. Putnam, (of Salem,) Rogers, St. Kitts 18 ds., with salt to Woodruff & Robinson—vessel to S. C. Loud & Co. Left in port schr. Admiral, for New-York in 7 ds.

Brig Ricardo, (Ital.,) Consigliaro, Hull 53 ds., in ballast to A. P. Agresta Oct. 17, lat. 37 23, lon. 74 41, boarded the wreck of a bark of about 800 tons burden, 150 feet length of keel, American build, painted black, with yellow streak; petroleum loaded; no person on board, and appeared to have been but a short time in that situation.

Schr. Addie Wessels, Olive, St. Andrews 27 days, with cocoa-nuts, &c., to G. Wessels. Left in port schr. William Knighton, for New-York in 2 ds.

Schr. Florence and Lillian, Smith, Jacksonville 10 ds., with lumber to Drew & Buckie—vessel to master.

Schr. W. W. Pharo, Collins, Georgetown, D. C.

Schr. Oakes Ames, Edwards, Georgetown, D. C.

Schr. A. C. Lyon, Jeffrey, Baltimore.

Schr. James Ponder, Stetson, Georgetown, S. C., 10 ds., with naval stores to Zophar Mills—vessel to E. D. Hurlbut & Co.

Schr. Helen A. Hoyt Cranmer, Baltimore.

Schr. Sunny Side, Dixon, Somerset.

Schr. Henry Lemuel, Jarvest, Providence, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Silas Wright, Hart, Norwich.

Schr. R. H. Daley, Dart, New-London.

Schr. Montana, Baker, Brookhaven.

WIND—Sunset, light, S. W., thick, and smoky.

SAILED.

Steam-ships Weser, for Bremen; Bothnia, for Liverpool; Carondelet, for New-Orleans; Zodiac, for Port Royal, &c.; George Washington, for Portland, Me. Barks Gazelle, for Barbados; Como, for Cape Town, &c.; Anna, for ——. Brig Dos Hermanos, for Vera Cruz.

BY TELEGRAPH.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 21.—Arr. steam-ships Ashland, from Philadelphia; Martha Stevens, from New-York; and Henry S. Gaw, from Philadelphia; brigs Claudine, from Rio Janeiro; Chattanooga, from Guyanilla P. R.; Bogota, from New-York; schr. E. A. Scribner, from Charleston.

Cld. steamer Fanny Cadawalder, for New-York; J. S. Shriver, for Philadelphia; schrs. H. B. Congdon, for Providence; A. B. Chapman, for New-Haven.

BOSTON, Mass., Oct. 21.—Arr. schrs. Belle, (Br.,) Smith, St. Johns, Porto Rico; Sallie E., Ludlam; J. D. Paige, Haley; S. Morris, Leaman; Jas. H. Gordon, Gandy; Isaac L. Clark, Lake; Charles E. Jackson, French; Frank Leaming, Cullen; Speedaway, Coffin; Taylor and Mathi's, Cheeseman; John Johnson, Magee; Jessie R. Diverty, Fowler; J. S. Detwiler, Grace, and Susan, Wright, from Philadelphia; Union, Savage, from Hoboken; Ida Ella, Wilbur from Hoboken; Francis Edwards, West, Hoboken; Laconia, Cameron, Rondout; Plymouth Rock, Lacey, New-York.

Cld. steamers Oriental, Hallet, for Savannah; Saxon, Baker, for Philadelphia; General Whitney, Hallett, for New-York; schrs. Emma M Adam, Marcn, for Fernandina; Walter B. Chester, Case, for Alexandria; H. N. Squire, Wixon, for Richmond, Va.

Spoken Oct. 15, in lat. 35 40, lon. 12, the bark Norena, Nichols, from Portland, for Matanzas.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Oct. 21.—Sld. steamer South Carolina, for New-York; bark Polly, for Liverpool.

Cld. bark Aurora, for Mobile.

LEWES, Del.—4 P. M., Oct. 21.—The revenue-cutter Hamilton reports the German bark Cour er, from Bremen, via Sandy Hook. Passed in last evening, the revenue-cutter Hamilton, steaming out again this afternoon.

NEW-CASTLE, Del., Oct. 21.—Passed down, steamers Geyser, Dublin, Aries, for Boston; Florida, for Providence; schrs. Sarah Cullen, for Boston; Olive Dyer, for Saco; Jessie W. Knight, for Alexandria; Addie D. Bacon, (new,) for Boston; Elwoods Burton, for do.; Mahaska, for Portland.

NEW-ORLEANS, Oct. 21.—Cld. steamers Wilmington, for Baltimore; City of Galveston, for New-York; bark Dona, for Barcelona.

Arr. at the Passes, steamers City of San Antonio, from New-York; Prince Edward, from Picton; ships Marcia C. Day, from New-York; John Patten, from Philadelphia; Adorna, from Liverpool; John Parker, from Philadelphia; bark John S. Harris, from Liverpool.

Arr. and sld. for Mobile, bark Kalos, for Warren Point.

Sld. bark Arenis and brig Juniata.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 21.—Cld. steamers Indiana, for Liverpool; Experiment, for Providence; bark Vega, Cork or Falmouth, for orders; schrs. A. G. Scull, for Galveston; Lena Breed, for Charleston; J. W. Vannerman, for Portsmouth, N. H.; F. A. Sorver, for Charleston; Lena Hunter, Julia A. Garrison, R. W. Godfrey, Trade Wind, and H. Simmons, all for Boston; Andrew Nebinger, for Weymouth; Reading Railroad, No. 35, for Norwich; R. B. Graham, for Providence; A. Bartlett, for do.

Arr. barks Chillingham, for Newcastle, (Eng.;) Eleva, for Ivigtut; schrs. Irvine, for Andover, N. S.; C. A. Coulomb, for Portland; J. W. Vannerman, for Boston; Island Belle, for Fall River; Alabama, for do.; Helen Sharpe, for Providence.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Oct. 21.—Ar. steam-ship Trent, Leggett, from St. Johns; schr. Stephen G. Hart, Hart, from Providence. Cld. schr. Charles F. Heyer, Poland, for New-York.

VINEYARD HAVEN, Oct. 20.—Arr., Brig H. H. McGilvary, from Elizabethport for Bath, and sld. schrs. Annie Bliss, Gardiner, for Baltimore; G. W. Cummings, Boston, for New-York.

Returned, brig H. Havelock, (Br.,) from Cheverie, for New-London, hence 18th inst., having been run into same night while at anchor at Tarpaulin Cove, by an unknown schr., and had bowsprit and head-gear carried away; will proceed by the first fair wind, having made temporary repairs. The schr. lost foresail.

Also returned, schrs. Addie, Murchie, Anna Barton, and The Star, (Br.)

Sld. schrs. Nellie C. Paine, Cocheco, Carrie Jones, Sea Foam, Gen. Hall, Ovetta, Starlight, Laura Emma, (Br.,) Dexter Clark, Florence Mayo, Howard Macomber, Raven, Mary E. Pearson, H. G. Bird, Jona, E. A. Stevens, Valparaiso, E. Louise, Ingraham, Mocking Bird, (Br.,) Julia Elizabeth, Fannie Butler, Cicero, General Banks, Calvin, Ida Ella, Palos, S. Rockhill, Eva Diverty, Mabel Hall, Delmont, Maggie Ellen, Abbot Lawrence, Nellie Doe, Deborah Jones, Matanzas, Adnanna, Darius Eddy, Sandy Point, Ann, and Henry Croskey.

Wind from N. W. to S. W., strong; clear.

LATEST SHIPPING NEWS BY CABLE.

LONDON, Oct. 21.—Sld. for the United States—Sparkmento, W. H. Jenkins, Margaret Evans, Tubal Cain, and Nancy Pendleton.

Arr. out on the 19th inst—Alf, Alida, Skjold, H. A. Parr, Hermann, and Jupiter.

Arr. out on the 20th inst., Columbus, Sea King, Insulan, Agnes, Colonist, and Ivanhoe.

Arr. out on the 21st inst., Ceylon, H. Sempe, Fredsel, and Stefano A.

Also arr. out, Gloria.

The bark Lindo, from London, via Deal, for Galveston, has put back to Ramsgate with loss of anchors.

The bark Rosa Olivari, from New-York, for Gloucester, was lost at sea. Her crew were saved.

LONDON, Oct. 21.—Great Western Line steam-ship Arragon, Capt. Symons, from New-York Oct. 7, arrived at Bristol to-day.

Silver-Plated Ware.

THE

MERIDEN BRITANNIA CO.,

No. 550 Broadway, New-York,

Offer a most complete assortment of

FINE NICKEL SILVER AND WHITE METAL

ELECTRO-PLATED

Table Ware.

ALSO,

A LARGE VARIETY OF ORNAMENTAL ARTICLES

SUITABLE FOR WEDDING PRESENTS

CORTICINE.

W. & J. SLOANE,

SOLE AGENTS

For the sale of the above material, are now receiving a large invoice, and offer it as the

MOST DESIRABLE SUBSTITUTE FOR

LINOLEUM, KAMPTULICON, &c.,

FOR BANKS, OFFICES, HALLS,

RESTAURANTS, &c.

It is warm, noiseless, and clean, not liable to crack or break, and has proved far superior in every respect to any similar article ever used.

It is made in plain and figured patterns, and can be tastefully laid.

NOS. 649, 651, 655 BROADWAY.

NECK RUFFLES

In great variety, very nice style for children. Also, beaded and blue steel ruffles.

EDWARD A. MORRISON,

No. 893 Broadway, near 19th and 20th sts.

VELVETS

In navy blue, and all the choice shades.

EDWARD A. MORRISON,

No. 893 Broadway, and No. 13 East 19th st.

NECK-TIES

From 25 cents up. Some very choice Paris ties.

EDWARD A. MORRISON,

No. 893 Broadway, and No. 13 East 19th st.

BROOKS BROTHERS,

BROADWAY, CORNER OF BOND ST.

Ready-Made and Custom

CLOTHING.

New Fall Styles, Fancy Checks,

English and French Suitings, &c.

ALSO

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.

SHEPARD, Le BOUTILLIER & CO.,

IMPORTERS,

NO. 10 MAIDEN LANE, NEW-YORK,

HAVE OPENED, IN CONNECTION WITH THEIR WHOLESALE HOUSE, THE STORE NO. 865 BROADWAY, BETWEEN 17TH AND 18TH STS., WHERE THEY WILL OFFER, AT RETAIL, THEIR ENTIRE STOCK OF RICH FANCY GOODS, CLOCKS, BRONZES, AND MUSICAL BOXES, AT WHOLESALE PRICES. WEDDING PRESENTS.

STARR & MARCUS,

NO. 22 JOHN ST.,

UP STAIRS,

will sell for the next sixty days, at retail, a particular line of their extensive stock of

STERLING SILVER-WARE

OF

SPECIAL MANUFACTURE,

AT MUCH

BELOW MARKET PRICES.

PRESERVE YOUR HEALTH!

Smith's Patent Perforated BUCKSKIN UNDER-GARMENTS prevent all Lung Diseases, and are a sure cure for Rheumatism.

D. C. HALL & CO., Manufacturers,

No. 44 WEST BROADWAY, New-York.

CRANDALL & CO.,

NO. 569 3D AV., NEW-YORK.

Wholesale and retail dealers in Patent Baby Carriages, Velocipedes, Propellers, Swings, Carts, Rocking Horses, Doll Carriages, Wagons, Carts, Sleighs, &c. [illegible]

GOOD NIGHT SHIRTS

HYATT'S LIFE BALSAM PURIFIES THE Blood.